Shrewsbury & Telford Hospital NHS Trust

Head of Internal Audit Opinion 2014/15

29 May 2015
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### Distribution List

**For Action**
- Accountable Officer

**For Information**
- Audit Committee

**Auditors**
- Gus Miah – Partner
- Martin Owen – Senior Manager
- Jessica Seymour – Manager

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This report has been prepared on the basis of the limitations set out at Appendix B.

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Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust - Head of Internal Audit Opinion 2014/15
1. Introduction

**Purpose of report**
Based on the work that Deloitte Internal Audit has undertaken in 2014/15, this report provides the Head of Internal Audit Opinion on the effectiveness of the system of internal control for Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust for the year ended 31 March 2015.

**Roles and responsibilities**
The whole Board is collectively accountable for maintaining a sound system of internal control and is responsible for putting in place arrangements for gaining assurance about the effectiveness of that overall system.

The Annual Governance Statement (AGS) is an annual statement by the Accountable Officer, on behalf of the Board, setting out:

- how the individual responsibilities of the Accountable Officer are discharged with regard to maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the Trust’s policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding public funds;
- the purpose of the system of internal control as evidenced by a description of the risk management and review processes, including the Assurance Framework process; and
- the conduct and results of the review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control, including any disclosures of significant control failures together with assurances that actions are or will be taken where appropriate to address issues arising.

The organisation’s Assurance Framework should bring together all of the evidence required to support the AGS requirements.

In accordance with NHS Internal Audit Standards, the Head of Internal Audit (HoIA) is required to provide an annual opinion, based upon and limited to the work performed, on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the organisation’s risk management, control and governance processes (i.e. the organisation’s system of internal control). This is achieved through a risk-based plan of work, agreed with management and approved by the Audit Committee, which should provide a reasonable level of assurance, subject to the inherent limitations described below.

The opinion does not imply that Internal Audit has reviewed all risks and assurances relating to the organisation. The opinion is substantially derived from the conduct of risk-based plans generated from a robust and organisation-led Assurance Framework. As such, it is one component that the Board takes into account in making its AGS.
2. The Head of Internal Audit Opinion

Purpose of HoIA opinion

The purpose of my Annual HoIA Opinion is to contribute to the assurances available to the Accountable Officer and the Board which underpin the Board’s own assessment of the effectiveness of the organisation’s system of internal control. This Opinion will, in turn, assist the Board in the completion of its AGS.

My opinion is set out as follows:

• Overall Opinion;
• Basis for the Opinion; and
• Commentary.

Overall Opinion – Core Internal Audit

During 2014/15, we issued nine core internal audit reports and two performance reports.

We issued substantial assurance ratings for six core internal audit reports. We issued moderate assurance ratings for two core internal audit reports:

• budgetary control; and
• data quality.

We issued one limited assurance rating for the Workforce Budget Controls internal audit report.

We draw your attention to the fact that we have raised four high priority recommendation in respect of the core internal audits which all relate to the Workforce Budget Controls internal audit:

• It was recommended that budget holders should have visibility of the costs of specific bank/agency shifts at the time of booking. The Trust has responded by introducing an indicative cost sheet for budget holders.
• It was recommended that a Confirm and Challenge process be introduced to ensure that E-Rostering is used effectively across the Trust. The Trust has responded by arranging a meeting involving Heads of Nursing, Corporate Nursing and Workforce to understand the barriers to fully automated E-Rostering.
• It was recommended that meaningful budget data should be added to E-Rostering to enable budget holders to make meaningful financial decisions. The Trust has responded by reviewing the feasibility and impact of this recommendation.
• It was recommended that the Trust take action to reduce reliance on bank and agency. The Trust has responded by taking steps to address this.

Whilst the Trust has continued to develop and strengthen its control framework during 2014/15, there remains scope for improvement and the Trust should continue to strengthen controls in the areas of weakness identified by our work during 2014/15 as a priority. In delivering our 2015/16 Annual Internal Audit Plan, we will continue to work with the Trust as it seeks to develop and improve its risk, governance and internal control framework.
2. The Head of Internal Audit Opinion (continued)

**Overall Opinion – Performance Reviews**

As part of our annual internal audit plans, we also deliver a number of advisory and performance reviews. We carried out two performance reviews during 2014/15. The Discharge Management review included one high priority recommendation in relation to consultant engagement in the discharge management process:

- There have been a number of workshops and drop-in sessions regarding discharge processes however some senior staff that we spoke with were unaware of this and no medical staff have attended. In our Board round observations, one Board round started 40 minutes late awaiting the consultant whilst another started 10 minutes late awaiting the junior doctor. Medical staff should be engaged with the discharge management process.

Management has accepted the above recommendation and signed up to formal action plans to address the significant control weaknesses in this area.
2. The Head of Internal Audit Opinion (continued)

Overall Opinion

Whilst control weaknesses have been identified in some areas, we recognise that the senior management team is responding appropriately to these findings and is implementing action plans to address them.

My overall opinion for core internal audit in the year ended 31 March 2015 is that:

Significant assurance can be given as there is a generally sound system of internal control, designed to meet the organisation’s objectives, and that controls are generally being applied consistently. However, weaknesses in the design and / or consistent application of controls put the achievement of particular objectives at risk.

Basis for the opinion

The basis for forming my opinion is as follows:

- An assessment of the design and operation of the underpinning Assurance Framework and supporting processes; and
- An assessment of the range of individual opinions arising from risk-based audit assignments contained within core internal audit risk-based plans that have been reported throughout the year. This assessment has taken account of the relative materiality of these areas and management’s progress in respect of addressing control weaknesses.
3. Commentary

The commentary below provides the context for my opinion and together with the opinion should be read in its entirety.

The Design and Operation of the Assurance Framework and Associated Processes

**Board Assurance Framework Internal Audit**

The review consisted of an evaluation of the processes by which the Board obtains assurance on the effective management of significant risks relevant to the organisation’s principal objectives.

Based on the work undertaken, we are satisfied that an Assurance Framework has been established which is designed and operating to meet the requirements of the 2014/15 AGS and provides reasonable assurance that there is an effective system of internal control to manage the principal risks identified by the Trust.

Our overall assessment of governance arrangements resulted in a ‘Substantial’ assurance grading. We identified no high or medium recommendations. We raised four low priority recommendations as follows:

- One high rated risk was identified which was overdue for review. It was recommended that high rated risks that are late for review should be reviewed as soon as possible with the review documented in the system by the risk-owner or assurance team.

- 4risk classifies risks with a serious and long term impact on reputation as Catastrophic whereas the Risk Handbook says Critical. It was recommended that the definitions should be aligned.

- Two high risks were identified with no control measures in place. It is recommended that the Operational Risk Group should review high rated risks with no control measures to assess whether mitigating actions are possible, and either implement and evidence control measures or note in the system that no control measures are possible rather than leaving the field blank.

**Conclusion**

It is my opinion that we can provide Substantial Assurance that the Assurance Framework is sufficient to meet the requirements of the 2014/15 AGS and provide a reasonable assurance that there is an adequate and effective system of internal control to manage the significant risks identified by the Trust.
3. Commentary (continued)

The Range of Individual Opinions Arising from Risk-Based Audit Assignments, contained within risk-based plans that have been reported throughout the year

Planning

The Assurance Framework provides a high level governance framework to ensure that the key risk areas likely to impact the organisation’s business objectives are controlled properly. We therefore use the Assurance Framework to drive our annual planning. As part of the Risk Assessment that feeds into our planning, we use information contained in business plans, committee minutes, risk registers and the assurance framework, as well as interviewing directors and managers to aid our understanding of organisational processes. No limitation of scope or coverage was placed upon our internal audit work.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assurance Gradings</th>
<th>No. Reports</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substantial</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nil</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>9</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Results of Internal Audit Work

My opinion also takes into account the range of individual opinions arising from our core internal audit work. Our core internal audit plan for 2014/15 was designed to provide you with independent assurance over systems of control across a range of financial and operational areas. Our core internal audit plan is risk based and has provided coverage of core internal audit work around key financial and operational controls.

As presented to the Audit Committee, our reports contain an overall opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system reviewed, limited to the agreed scope. In addition, we provide a ranking for all recommendations made to provide an understanding of those issues that are of significant importance. We have taken these opinions from individual reports, together with our knowledge of the Trust in forming our overall annual Head of Internal Audit Opinion.

We have issued nine formal core internal audit reports across the year designed to improve the system of internal control. Substantial assurance was provided in relation to six reports and moderate assurance in relation to two reports. Limited assurance was provided in relation to one report.

The definitions relating to each level of assurance are set out at Appendix A.
3. Commentary (continued)

The Range of Individual Opinions Arising from Risk-Based Audit Assignments, contained within risk-based plans that have been reported throughout the year (continued)

Results of Internal Audit Work (continued)

As part of our internal audit programme, we also conducted a series of advisory assignments that were tailored to key areas of risk relating to Trust initiatives. These assignments were selected based on areas of risk identified from discussions with management.

We found that good progress had been made to ensure that structured frameworks were in place in these areas, including Financial Planning and Discharge Management processes. One performance review identified high priority recommendations for improvements to the frameworks in place for some areas. These recommendations were identified in areas that management had already identified as high risk, demonstrating that management’s risk assessment was in line with our identification of areas of weakness.

During the year good progress has been made in reviewing and following up outstanding internal audit recommendations and a significant number of recommendations from previous years have now been confirmed as completed. This focus on the implementation of recommendations needs to continue to ensure the Audit Committee is receiving adequate assurance that control weaknesses are being addressed.

Core Internal Audits – Overall Assurance

We have issued nine formal core internal audit reports across the year designed to improve the system of internal control. In the current year we issued reports on:
- Assurance framework / risk management;
- Budgetary control;
- Cash management;
- Debtors and income;
- Creditors and payments;
- Payroll;
- Computer based controls;
- Workforce budget controls; and
- Data quality.

We provide individual assurance opinions for each core internal audit assignment. Substantial opinions were given in six instances. Moderate opinions were given in two instances and one limited opinion was given in relation to workforce budget controls.

Performance Internal Audits – Overall Assurance

We completed performance reviews which included:
- Financial Planning; and
- Discharge Management.

As a result of carrying out our 2014/15 Performance Internal Audit reviews, high priority recommendations were identified in relation to Discharge Management.

Whilst we have identified high priority recommendations in some areas we have not identified fundamental control weakness relating to governance, risk management or internal controls that impacts upon our overall HoIA opinion of significant assurance.
3. Commentary (continued)

Restriction of use and limitations

We wish to draw to your attention that this report may only be used in accordance with our contract and may not be made available to third parties, except as may be required by law.

Management should be aware that our internal audit work was performed according to Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) which are different from internal audits performed in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. Similarly, the assurance classifications provided in our internal audit report are not comparable with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE 3000) issued by the International Audit and Assurance Standards Board.

Our internal audit testing was performed on a sample basis and focussed on the key controls mitigating risks. Internal audit testing is designed to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of key controls in operation at the time of an audit. Definitions of the assurance classifications and recommendation classifications used are provided in Appendix A.

Acknowledgement

We would like to take this opportunity to formally record our thanks for the continued co-operation and support we have received from management and staff of the Trust during the year.
# Appendix A: Definitions of Assurance Levels

## Definition of Assurance Levels

We have five categories by which we classify internal audit assurance over the systems we examine - Full, Substantial, Moderate, Limited or Nil assurance which are defined as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assurance Level</th>
<th>Evaluation and Testing Conclusion</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Full</strong></td>
<td>The controls tested are being consistently applied. There is a sound system of internal control designed to achieve the system objectives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Substantial</strong></td>
<td>There is evidence that the level of non-compliance with some of the controls may put some of the system objectives at risk. While there is a basically sound system of internal control, there are weaknesses, which put some of the system objectives at risk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Moderate</strong></td>
<td>The level of non-compliance puts some system objectives at risk. There is a basically sound system of internal control for other system objectives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Limited</strong></td>
<td>The level of non-compliance puts the system objectives at risk. Weaknesses in the system of internal controls are such as to put the system objectives at risk.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nil</strong></td>
<td>Significant non-compliance with basic controls leaves the system open to error or abuse. Control is generally weak leaving the system open to significant error or abuse.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The assurance gradings provided here are not comparable with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE 3000) issued by the International Audit and Assurance Standards Board and as such the grading of ‘Full Assurance’ does not imply that there are no risks to the stated control objectives.

## Grading of Recommendations

In order to assist management in using our reports, we categorise our recommendations according to their level of priority:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grading</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>High</strong></td>
<td>Recommendations which are fundamental to the system and upon which the organisation should take immediate action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Medium</strong></td>
<td>Recommendations which, although not fundamental to the system, provide scope for improvements to be made.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Low</strong></td>
<td>Recommendations concerning issues which are considered to be of a minor nature, but which nevertheless need to be addressed.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Appendix C: Statement of responsibility

We take responsibility for this report which is prepared on the basis of the limitations set out below. The matters raised in this report are only those which came to our attention during the course of our internal audit work and are not necessarily a comprehensive statement of all the weaknesses that exist or all improvements that might be made. Recommendations for improvements should be assessed by you for their full impact before they are implemented. The performance of internal audit work is not and should not be taken as a substitute for management’s responsibilities for the application of sound management practices. We emphasise that the responsibility for a sound system of internal controls and the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities rests with management and work performed by internal audit should not be relied upon to identify all strengths and weaknesses in internal controls, nor relied upon to identify all circumstances of fraud or irregularity. Auditors, in conducting their work, are required to have regards to the possibility of fraud or irregularities. Even sound systems of internal control can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance and may not be proof against collusive fraud. Internal audit procedures are designed to focus on areas as identified by management as being of greatest risk and significance and as such we rely on management to provide us full access to their accounting records and transactions for the purposes of our audit work and to ensure the authenticity of these documents. Effective and timely implementation of our recommendations by management is important for the maintenance of a reliable internal control system.

Deloitte LLP
Birmingham
29 May 2015

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