

CONSENT FORM

for

UROLOGICAL SURGERY

(Designed in compliance with  consent form 1)

PATIENT AGREEMENT TO INVESTIGATION OR TREATMENT

Patient Details or pre-printed label

Patient's NHS Number or Hospital number	
Patient's surname/family name	
Patient's first names	
Date of birth	
Sex	
Responsible health professional	
Job Title	
Special requirements <i>e.g. other language/other communication method</i>	

Patient identifier/label

Name of proposed procedure (Include brief explanation if medical term not clear)	ANAESTHETIC
HYDROCELE REPAIR SIDE..... THIS IS THE REMOVAL OR REPAIR OF FLUID SAC SURROUNDING TESTICLE	- GENERAL/REGIONAL - LOCAL - SEDATION

Statement of health professional (To be filled in by health professional with appropriate knowledge of proposed procedure, as specified in consent policy) I have explained the procedure to the patient. In particular, I have explained:

The intended benefits

TO TREAT SCROTAL SWELLING CAUSED BY FLUID COLLECTION

Serious or frequently occurring risks including any extra procedures, which may become necessary during the procedure. I have also discussed what the procedure is likely to involve, the benefits and risks of any available alternative treatments (including no treatment) and any particular concerns of this patient. Please tick the box once explained to patient

OCCASIONAL

- RECURRENCE OF FLUID COLLECTION CAN OCCUR
- BLOOD COLLECTION AROUND TESTES WHICH RESOLVES SLOWLY OR REQUIRES SURGICAL REMOVAL
- POSSIBLE INFECTION OF INCISION OR TESTIS REQUIRING FURTHER TREATMENT

RARE

- LOSS OF TESTIS
- RISKS OF ANAESTHESIA

ALTERNATIVE THERAPY: OBSERVATION, REMOVAL OF FLUID WITH A NEEDLE, VARIOUS OTHER SURGICAL APPROACHES

A blood transfusion may be necessary during procedure and patient agrees **YES or NO (Ring)**

Signature of Health Professional	Job Title
Printed Name	Date

The following leaflet/tape has been provided Patient information leaflet Version 1.0

Contact details (if patient wishes to discuss options later) _____

Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which I believe s/he can understand.

Signature of interpreter: _____ Print name: _____ Date: _____

Copy (i.e. page 3) accepted by patient: yes/no (please ring)

Patient identifier/label

Statement of patient

Please read this form carefully. If your treatment has been planned in advance, you should already have your own copy of page 2, which describes the benefits and risks of the proposed treatment. If not, you will be offered a copy now. If you have any further questions, do ask – we are here to help you. You have the right to change your mind at any time, including after you have signed this form.

- I agree**
- to the procedure or course of treatment described on this form.
 - to a blood transfusion if necessary
 - that any tissue that is normally removed in this procedure could be stored and used for medical research (after the pathologist has examined it) rather than simply discarded. PLEASE TICK IF YOU AGREE
- I understand**
- that you cannot give me a guarantee that a particular person will perform the procedure. The person will, however, have appropriate experience.
 - that I will have the opportunity to discuss the details of anaesthesia with an anaesthetist before the procedure, unless the urgency of my situation prevents this. (This only applies to patients having general or regional anaesthesia.)
 - that any procedure in addition to those described on this form will only be carried out if it is necessary to save my life or to prevent serious harm to my health.
 - about additional procedures which may become necessary during my treatment. I have listed below any procedures which **I do not wish to be carried out** without further discussion.

Signature of Patient:		Print please:	Date:
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A witness should sign below if the patient is unable to sign but has indicated his or her consent. Young people/children may also like a parent to sign here. (See DOH guidelines).

Signed _____
 Date _____
 Name (PRINT) _____

Confirmation of consent (to be completed by a health professional when the patient is admitted for the procedure, if the patient has signed the form in advance). On behalf of the team treating the patient, I have confirmed with the patient that s/he has no further questions and wishes the procedure to go ahead.

Signature of Health Professional	Job Title
Printed Name	Date

Important notes: (tick if applicable)

- . See also advance directive/living will (eg Jehovah's Witness form)
- . Patient has withdrawn consent (ask patient to sign/date here)

Hydrocele removal



Urology Department

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Tel: 01743 261000

What is the evidence base for this information?

This publication includes advice from consensus panels, the British Association of Urological Surgeons, the Department of Health and evidence-based sources. It is, therefore, a reflection of best urological practice in the UK. It is intended to supplement any advice you may already have been given by your consultant, specialist nurses, GP or other healthcare professionals. Alternative treatments are outlined below and can be discussed in more detail with your Urologist or Specialist Nurse.

What does the procedure involve?

This is the removal or repair of a fluid sac (hydrocele sac) surrounding the testicle to prevent further accumulation of fluid.

What are the alternatives to this procedure?

Observation and removal of the fluid with a needle are other alternatives.

What should I expect before the procedure?

You will usually be admitted on the same day as your surgery. You will normally receive an appointment for pre-assessment to assess your general fitness, to screen for the carriage of MRSA and to perform some baseline investigations.

You will be asked not to eat or drink for 6 hours before surgery and, immediately before the operation, you may be given a pre-medication by the anaesthetist which will make you dry-mouthed and pleasantly sleepy.

Please be sure to inform your surgeon in advance of your surgery if you have any of the following:

- an artificial heart valve
- a coronary artery stent
- a heart pacemaker or defibrillator
- an artificial joint
- an artificial blood vessel graft
- a neurosurgical shunt
- any other implanted foreign body
- a regular prescription for Warfarin, Aspirin or Clopidogrel (Plavix®)

- 
- a previous or current MRSA infection

At some stage during the admission process, you will be asked to sign the second part of the consent form giving permission for your operation to take place, showing you understand what is to be done and confirming that you wish to proceed. Make sure that you are given the opportunity to discuss any concerns and to ask any questions you may still have before signing the form.

What happens during the procedure?

Either a full general anaesthetic (where you will be asleep throughout the procedure) or a spinal anaesthetic (where you are awake but unable to feel anything from the waist down) will be used. All methods minimise pain; your anaesthetist will explain the pros and cons of each type of anaesthetic to you.

The surgeon will make a small incision in the scrotum and remove the hydrocoele from the scrotum.

What happens immediately after the procedure?

In general terms, you should expect to be told how the procedure went and you should:

- ask if what was planned to be done was achieved
- let the medical staff know if you are in any discomfort
- ask what you can and cannot do
- feel free to ask any questions or discuss any concerns with the ward staff and members of the surgical team
- ensure that you are clear about what has been done and what is the next move

You may experience discomfort for a few days after the procedure but painkillers will be given to you to take home. Absorbable stitches are normally used which do not require removal.

This procedure is performed as a day case.

Are there any side-effects?

Most procedures have a potential for side-effects. You should be reassured that, although all these complications are well-recognised, the majority of patients do not suffer any problems after a urological procedure.

Common (greater than 1 in 10)

- Swelling of the scrotum lasting several days
- Seepage of yellowish fluid from the wound several days after surgery

Occasional (between 1 in 10 and 1 in 50)

- Blood collection around testes which resolves slowly or requires surgical removal.
- Possible infection of the incision or the testis requiring further treatment with antibiotics or surgical drainage

Rare (less than 1 in 50)


- Recurrence of fluid collection
- Chronic pain in the testicle or scrotum

What should I expect when I get home?

By the time of your discharge from hospital, you should:

- be given advice about your recovery at home
- ask when to resume normal activities such as work, exercise, driving, housework and sexual intimacy
- ask for a contact number if you have any concerns once you return home
- ask when your follow-up will be and who will do this (the hospital or your GP)
- ensure that you know when you will be told the results of any tests done on tissues or organs which have been removed

When you leave hospital, you will be given a “draft” discharge summary of your admission. This holds important information about your inpatient stay and your operation. If you need to call your GP for any reason or to attend another hospital, please take this summary with you to allow the doctors to see details of your treatment. This is particularly important if you need to consult another doctor within a few days of your discharge.



The wound should be kept clean and dry for 24 hours. Thereafter, If a dressing is in place, this can be removed following a short bath or shower. Until the area, heals, do not have lengthy baths or showers since this will encourage the stitches to dissolve too quickly and may cause infection.

It is advisable to wear supportive underpants or a scrotal support until the swelling and discomfort have settled.

You are advised to take 10-14 days off work and should avoid any strenuous exercise or heavy lifting to allow wound healing. Sexual intercourse is best avoided for 10 days or until local discomfort has settled.

What else should I look out for?

If you develop a temperature, increased redness, throbbing or drainage at the site of the operation, please contact your GP.

Are there any other important points?

Some lumpiness above or behind the testicle is common following the procedure and is often permanent.

Outpatient follow-up is not always necessary and your surgeon will discuss arrangements for this as appropriate

Driving after surgery

It is your responsibility to ensure that you are fit to drive following your surgery. You do not normally need to notify the DVLA unless you have a medical condition that will last for longer than 3 months after your surgery and may affect your ability to drive. You should, however, check with your insurance company before returning to driving. Your doctors will be happy to provide you with advice on request.

Contact details for more information

Please do not hesitate to contact us for any additional information on 01743 261126.

Other Sources of Information

National Contact Address for

- **NHS Direct**

A nurse-led advice service run by the NHS for patients with questions about diagnosis and treatment of common conditions.

Telephone: 0845 4647

Website: www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk

- **Equip**

A West Midlands NHS website which signposts patients to quality health information and provides local information about support groups and contacts.

Website: www.equip.nhs.uk

- **Patient UK**

Provides leaflets on health and disease translated into 11 other languages as well as links to national support/self help groups and a directory of UK health websites.

Website: www.patient.co.uk

Further information is available from;

- **Patient Advise and Liaison Service (PALS)**

PALS will act on your behalf when handling patient and family concerns, they can also help you get support from other local or national agencies. PALS, is a confidential service.

Royal Shrewsbury Hospital, Tel: 0800 783 0057 or 01743 261691

Princess Royal Hospital, Tel: 01952 282888

Your Information

Information about you and your healthcare is held by the NHS. You can find out more about the information we hold and how it is used in the leaflet called: **Your Information**, which is available from PALS (contact details above).



Disclaimer

This leaflet is provided for your information only. It must not be used as a substitute for professional medical care by a qualified doctor or other health care professional. Always check with your doctor if you have any concerns about your condition or treatment. This leaflet aims to direct you to quality websites: these are correct and active at the time of production. The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust is not responsible or liable, directly or indirectly, for ANY form of damages whatsoever resulting from the use (or misuse) of information contained in this leaflet or found on web pages linked to by this leaflet.

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