### **Board of Directors' Meeting 8 December 2020**



Agenda item	200/20								
Report	Integrated Performance Report								
Executive Lead	Chief Executive Officer								
	Link to strategic pillar:		Link to CQC domain:						
	Our patients and community	V	Safe						
	Our people	<b>V</b>	Effective	$\sqrt{}$					
	Our service delivery	√	Caring	√					
	Our partners		Responsive	$\sqrt{}$					
	Our governance		Well Led						
	Report recommendations:		Link to BAF / risk:						
	For assurance	V	BAF 1,2,3,4,5,7,8 a	and 9					
	For decision / approval		Link to risk regist						
	For review / discussion	√	CRR1, CRR2, CRF	,					
	For noting		CRR4, CRR5, CRF CRR9, CRR10, CR	,					
	For information	V	CRR12, CRR13, CRR15,						
	For consent		CRR17, CRR19, C CRR22, CRR23, C	•					
Presented to:	The paper has been provided members. Relevant sections of this paper h  • Quality and Safety Assura 2020  • Finance & Performance December 2020	ave a	lso been presented to Committee on 26 No	o: vember					
Dependent upon (if applicable):	N/A								
Executive summary:	This report provides the Board of Directors with an overview of the performance of the Trust. Key performance measures are analysed over time to understand the variation taking place and the level of assurance that can be inferred from the data.  Where performance is below expected levels an exception report has been included. The report describes the key issues, actions and mitigations being taken to improve the performance.  The Board of Directors is asked to <b>NOTE</b> the content of this report.								
Appendices	N/A								

#### **Integrated Performance Report**

#### **Purpose**

This report provides the Board of Directors with an overview of the performance of the Trust. Key performance measures are analysed over time to understand the variation taking place and the level of assurance that can be inferred from the data. Where performance is below expected levels an exception report has been included. The report describes the key issues, actions and mitigations being taken to improve the performance.

This report is aligned to the Trust's functional domains and includes an overarching executive summary together with domain executive summaries for quality, workforce, Covid-19 and recovery, operational delivery, finance and transformation.

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#### **Overall Executive Summary**

Louise Barnett, Chief Executive

- During October, the Trust has been proactively responding to the impacts of the second wave of the Coronavirus pandemic. This includes the significant logistical challenges of treating our patients in different zones within the hospital, to minimise the risk of transmitting the infection to either patients or staff. Overall bed numbers have been reduced as a result of social distancing measures and at the end of October:
  - o the number of COVID positive patients in hospital beds was 42
  - o the number of COVID positive patients in ITU was 6
  - the number of closed hospital beds was 41
- The lower number of available hospital beds has significantly reduced the number of
  elective procedures undertaken and led to an increase in elective waiting lists. Our
  staff have worked tirelessly to ensure that this impact is minimised and that the
  maximum number of beds are available for patients with cancer or requiring urgent
  surgery. As a result, the Trust has performed relatively well against Cancer targets
  during October.
- The measures introduced to combat the pandemic have also had an impact on the performance and effectiveness of other operational areas in the hospital, including outpatient appointments and diagnostic services.
- The Trust has been working very hard to find alternative solutions to deliver patient care e.g. through a significant increase in the number of non-face-to-face outpatient and therapy appointments, now 36 % of all appointments. The Trust is also working closely with health system partners to optimise the use of our combined capacity, to make it available to the patients of most need.
- There has also been a continued focus on addressing key quality and maternity issues, with 87% of transactional quality compliance actions completed at the end of October 2020. Longer term quality improvement and maternity transformation plans for the next two to three years have been consolidated into the Transforming Care 'Getting to Good' programme, incorporating input from both the Improvement Team and the Improvement Alliance.
- Our staff have been under enormous pressure throughout most of this year and we
  have introduced a number of new measures to support them and improve their welfare
  during the second wave of the pandemic. However, levels of staff absence remain
  high (particularly when incorporating staff unavailable as a result of the virus) and this
  increases the requirement for agency staff which adversely impacts our financial
  position.
- In early November, we received confirmation that £6m of funding had been approved
  in principle for the Trust to develop plans for the Hospitals Transformation Programme
  (HTP) and produce an Outline Business Case. We welcomed this confirmation and we
  look forward to continuing to work with our partners, local MPs, colleagues, the
  community and our patients as we further develop our plans.



#### **Integrated Dashboard**

Common Cause

Concern (High)

SPC Variation Icons
Concern (Low) Improvement (High)

Improvement (Low)

Capable

SPC Assurance Icons Not Capable

Unreliable













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Quality - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Mortality								
HSMR	Aug 20	90.79	100.0		(مياريم		64	114
RAMI	Aug 20	92.6		100.0	0 <sub>2</sub> %0)	~ <u>~</u>	49.9	140.0
Infection								
HCAI-MSSA	Oct 20	2	2*	2	<b>0√</b> 00	~	-2	7
HCAI-MRSA	Oct 20	0	0	0	<b>(1)</b>	<b>≈</b>	0	1
HCAI-c.Difficile	Oct 20	1	3.58**	3.58	(مراكبه)	?	-1	7
HCAI-E-coli	Oct 20	2		3.75	(مراكبه)	~	-2	10
Patient harm								
Pressure Ulcers -grade 2 and above	Oct 20	10		14	$\sim$	<u></u>	1	26
VTE	Oct 20	96.4%	95.0%	95.0%	# <u>~</u>	<u>~</u>	92.7%	96.1%
Falls - per 1000 Bed Days	Oct 20	5.01		5.00	0 <sub>2</sub> %»)	<u>~</u>	2.22	6.73
Falls-total	Oct 20	101		86	000	~	43	143
Falls - with Harm per 1000 Bed Days	Oct 20	0.15			٠,٨٠٠)	<b>2</b>	0.09	0.28
Falls - Resulting in Harm Moderate or Severe	Oct 20	3		2.5	·%-)	<b>~</b>	2.44	6.35
Never Events	Oct 20	0	0	0	o,∿∞)	<u>~</u>	-0.8	1.4
Sls	Oct 20	10			<b>(1)</b>	3	-3	11
Patient Experience								
Complaints	Sep 20	47		58***	( <sub>0</sub> / <sub>0</sub> )	?	24	88
Complaints -acknowledged within agreed tim	Sep 20	100%	100%		<b>F</b>	<u>~</u>	97%	102%
Complaints -responded within agreed time	Sep 20	70%		85%	(0,00)	( <del>)</del>	49%	77%
Compliments Sep 20 8 Letters of Thanks and Appreciation								
Quality Compliance								
Br 11 c 1 c 1 d re			<b>-</b>	0000		- 1	_	

20% reduction on previous year \*\* CCG agreed target 43 for year \*\*\* 10% reduction on previous year

Deliver all transactional actions in the quality compliance action plan by December 2020

Meet the requirements of the section 29a and reduce the number of Section 31 conditions.

Perfomance process limit process limit Assurance National SaTH Lower Latest **Actual Month** Restore and Recovery - KPI Standard trajectory Performance month for month for month Activity 10096 ED activity Oct 20 8974 7650 10980 Non Elective Activity Oct 20 4503 5279 4044 5699 Outpatients activity Oct 20 50717 57946 36135 69647 Elective In-Patient and Day Case activity Oct 20 4927 6059 3552 6911



Good

Reasonable

Operational - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Elective Care								
RTT Waiting list -total size	Oct 20	27745			H		18378	22158
18 week RTT % compliance -incomplete	Oct 20	54.9%	92.0%			$\bigcirc$	72.7%	85.2%
52 week breaches	Oct 20	839	0		H	<b>(F)</b>	15	201
Cancer								
Cancer 2 week wait	Sep 20	90.9%	93.0%		( <sub>1</sub> / <sub>2</sub> )	?	81.1%	98.4%
Cancer 62 day compliance	Sep 20	80.9%	85.0%		( <sub>0</sub> / <sub>0</sub> )	?	60.1%	88.0%
Diagnostics								
Diagnostic % compliance 6 week waits	Oct 20	47.4%	99%			(F)	69.0%	92.0%
Emergency Department								
ED -4 Hour performance	Oct 20	74.8%	95.0%		( <sub>1</sub> / <sub>2</sub> )	<b>(F)</b>	67.2%	84.6%
ED -Ambulance handover > 60mins	Oct 20	230	0		H	?	-38	443
ED 4 Hour Performance - Minors	Oct 20	96.2%		95.0%	<b>₽</b>	?	91.0%	100.0%
ED 4 Hour Performance - Majors	Oct 20	54.4%		95.0%	(H.)	$\bigcirc$	31.0%	63.0%
ED time to initial assessment (mins)	Oct 20	21	15		( <u>1</u> )	3	14	30
12 hour ED trolley waits	Oct 20	13	0			?	-54	152
Total Emergency Admissions from A&E	Oct 20	2711			H		2190	2964
Hospital Occupancy	***************************************							
Bed Occupancy -G&A	Oct 20	79.3%	92.0%			?	72.0%	96.4%
Workforce - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Activity								
WTE Employed* *Contracted	Oct 20	5592		6179			5180	5450
Total temporary staff -FTE	Oct 20	860		0.750/			200	280
Staff turnover rate	Oct 20	0.76% 4.13%		0.75% 4%	(°20)	?	3.50%	5.10%
Sickness absence rate Excluding Covid Appraisal Rate (non Medical Staff)	Oct 20	4.13% 85%	90%	90%	U	9	J.JU70	J. 1070
Appraisal Rate (Medical Staff)	Oct 20	94.0%	30 /0	90.0%				
Vacancies	Oct 20	588		00.070				
Statutory and Mandatory Training	Oct 20	86%	90.0%	90.0%	(F)	( <sub>1</sub> / <sub>1</sub> / <sub>1</sub> )	82.0%	88.0%

Common Cause

Concern (High)

SPC Variation Icons Concern (Low) Improvement (High)

Improvement (Low) (T)

SPC Assurance Icons
Not Capable Capable Unreliable









Tier 1 indicators - Finance									
Indicator	Target	Units	Target	Actual	Variance	Variance	Comment	Exception	
	Surplus /						_		
I&E	(Deficit)	£M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0%	On track	No	
Pay &	_								
Non-Pay	Spend to								
Expenses	plan	£M	(37.2)	(37.2)	0.0	0%	On track	No	
	Under /								
Cumulative	(over)								
capex	spend	£M	(12.1)	(5.6)	6.5	-54%	At risk	Yes	
CIP	Savings								
delivery	to plan	£M	n/a	0.673	n/a	0%	On track	No	
Cash	Above								
balances	minimum	£M	1.7	40.2	38.5	2265%	On track	No	
7 day									
payments	No								
% volume	target	%	n/a	29%	n/a	n/a	Note info	Yes	
Elective									
Incentive									
Scheme	Reward /								
payments	(penalty)	£M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0%	At risk	Yes	
Exit Full									
Year run	No								
rate	target	£M	n/a	(67.6)	n/a	n/a	Note info	Yes	
	Spend			•					
Agency	not								
£>ceiling	>ceiling	£M	(1.19)	(2.73)	(1.54)	129%	At risk	Yes	

Operational Plan objectives	Status at end October
Restoration and Recovery	A
Strong Financial Foundations	Α
Quality / Regulatory Compliance	G
Maternity Improvement Plan	Α
Reduce Nursing Vacancies	G
Increase Staff Engagement	G
Virtual OP (reduction in face to face clinic appointments)	Α
Develop and Implement Enhanced SDEC Service	G
Develop OBC for HTP	R
Improve quality and timeliness of performance information	G
Improve Service Sustainability	Α



The table below highlights key risks and issues across all domains of performance

_	he table below highlights key risks and issues across all domains of performance.								
Key Issues within each domain	Actions	Risk Mitigations	Current Risk to delivery						
Quality Number of serious incidents relating to Covid- 19	<ul> <li>Daily Infection Prevention and Control visits</li> <li>Assurance visits from CCG/NHSEI</li> <li>Proactive / reactive staff and patient screening</li> <li>Enhanced cleaning in place</li> <li>PPE use and practices reviewed</li> <li>Daily review of cases</li> <li>Patient screening</li> <li>Good engagement and positive feedback re outbreak meetings</li> </ul>	Further mitigations aimed to reducing the risk of further outbreaks include:  • Swabbing at days 1,3,and 5 commencing  • Lateral flow testing of staff  • Mediscreens being installed between patients	CRR10 Score: 20 CRR 11 score: 16 CRR 3 Score: 16 CCR 19 score:16						
Covid-19 and recovery 2nd wave of covid 19 is reducing capacity available for recovery of elective activity	<ul> <li>Surge capacity created and trigger points for action determined</li> <li>Winter plans target increased admission avoidance</li> <li>Elective waiting list clinically prioritised</li> <li>Mobile diagnostics CT and MRI scanners on site</li> <li>Use of the independent sector and RJAH for selected elective activity and diagnostics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Staff transfers         across the system</li> <li>Increased use of         independent         sector and RJAH</li> <li>Leveraging         community         response to avoid         inappropriate         admissions</li> <li>Increased therapy         supported         discharge</li> </ul>	CRR3 Score:20 CRR 4 Score: 20 CRR 5 score:16 CRR 10 score:20						
Operational access times and volume of long waiting patients increasing in admitted, diagnostic and outpatient pathways	<ul> <li>Admitted pathway patients clinically prioritised</li> <li>Protected capacity for Cancer surgery</li> <li>Outpatient virtual activity via telephone and video taking place</li> <li>Mobile scanners on site</li> <li>Phased recovery plan being developed through operational planning process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improved flow –         Urgent and         Emergency Care         pathways and         Same Day         Emergency Care         Additional bed         capacity – Priority         Admissions Unit         Extension of         mobile diagnostic         capacity</li> </ul>	CRR4 Score: 20 CRR5 Score:16						
Operational Unscheduled Care performance is deteriorating for both 4 hour A&E, 12 hour trolley waits and	<ul> <li>Same Day emergency care         (SDEC) pathway being relaunched with newly appointed         Clinical Director leadership</li> <li>SDEC unit on the RSH site due         to open in January 2021</li> <li>Admission avoidance schemes         commence in November 2020 as         part of the Winter Plan delivery</li> </ul>	Redesign internal processes to improve time to triage and time to be seen by a clinician	CRR15 Score:16 CRR3 score:16 CRR19 score:16						



ambulance handover delays	System wide work streams established to better support patient flow		
Workforce Sickness absence associated with covid is creating risk for service continuity and increasing reliance on bank and agency staff	<ul> <li>Covid-19 lateral flow testing</li> <li>Covid-19 staff vaccination programme</li> <li>Overseas recruitment</li> <li>Expansion of SaTH bank</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enhanced bank scheme</li> <li>Increase use of Agency Staff</li> </ul>	CRR9 score:16 CRR12 score:16 CRR 27 score:16
Finance The use of agency staff is creating financial pressures	<ul> <li>Overseas recruitment in 19/20 and 20/21 (212 recruited to date)</li> <li>Develop proposals to enhance and promote SaTH bank</li> <li>Recruitment and retention strategy approved key focus on brand and reputation, retention of staff and targeted recruitment campaigns for hard to fill roles</li> </ul>		CRR1 score: 16
Transformation Timely delivery of operational plan objectives	<ul> <li>The status of 'Develop OBC for HTP' is 'red' pending confirmation of funding for the next stage of the programme from NHSE/I</li> <li>All other programmes progressing in line with plans, risks to delivery being identified and mitigated</li> <li>CQC action plan now moving to phase 2. 87% of transactional actions have been completed in phase 1 of the plan.</li> </ul>	Escalation of funding requirements for HTP – external funding is required so that external advisors can be engaged to support the ongoing development of OBC  N.B. funding support has now been confirmed in principal (Nov 2020 update)	CRR 21 score:16 CRR22 score:16 CRR23 score:20



#### **Quality Executive Summary**

Hayley Flavell, Director of Nursing and Arne Rose, Medical Director

Internal objectives for quality improvement have now been established for hospital acquired infections, falls and pressure ulcers and complaints to support the delivery of the quality improvement strategy. These have been set as follows:

Measure	2020-21 trajectories			
Falls per 1000	SaTH is performing better than the national published measure and is			
bed days	targeting continued improvement			
Falls with moderate or	April-Oct 2020 = 16 – planning for performance equal or better than			
severe harm	2019-20			
Total number of falls	2019-20 saw c5% improvement in the number of falls compared to 2018-19. With the focussed work on falls, reporting has increased, planning to accelerate improvement and deliver a 7% improvement on 2019-20 performance			
Hospital Acquired Pressure Ulcers Category 2 or above	Planning to improve on 2019-20 outturn by 10%. This would equate to a reduction of approximately 20 patients acquiring Cat 2 pressure ulcers			
Complaints – total number	Planning to reduce the number of complaints received this year by 10% compared to 2019-20			
Complaints – response time	Planning to resolve 85% of complaints within 30 days of receipt.  Complex, multi-factorial or legal complaints may take longer than 30 days to resolve			
Hospital Acquired Infections-MSSA	Planning to reduce MSSA by 20% compared to 2019-20, 30 infections were reported for the year			
Hospital Acquired Infections-MRSA	Planning for 0 (zero) infections this year			
Hospital Acquired Infections-	Planning to deliver the CCG trajectory which is set at 43 for this year.			
c.Difficile This would be an improvement of 7% compared to 2019-20				
Hospital Acquired Infections – E-coli	Planning to achieve an 8% improvement compared to 2019-20			

Key themes in relation to Quality Metrics in October 2020 include:

- Improvements in timeliness of SI investigation and completion of reports, all SIs currently within timescale for investigating
- Increasing number of SIs reported 2 were fractured neck of femur (reduction in SIs
  relating to falls compared to previous month) and 3 arose from delays to diagnosis and
  treatment in Urology. The Covid-19 outbreaks are being combined into one SUI for
  reporting purposes and are being actively managed
- There were 0 (zero) reported cases of MRSA for the 17<sup>th</sup> consecutive month, 2 cases of MSSA, 4 cases of c.Difficile and 3 E-coli cases this month. Root cause analysis is being completed for c.Difficle and E-coli cases. Learning from these will be shared.



- Falls resulting in moderate harm or above reduced in October compared to the previous month
- There were 14 validated pressure ulcers reported in October 2020, 1 of these were Category 3 ulcers, none were deemed to meet the threshold for reporting as SIs
- VTE assessment is above 95% for the third month in a row
- Mortality outcomes remain below peer and national comparators work is underway to improve the learning from individual deaths
- The mortality spike from April to June 2020 was associated with 1<sup>st</sup> wave of COVID
- There were no never events reported or S28s notices received during October 2020
- Cleanliness scores are improved and above the target
- Catering survey scores are improved for both PRH and RSH compared to the 2019-20 survey
- Focus on improving mandatory training compliance and audits underway in Maternity and Paediatrics to test staff understanding
- CQC actions have moved to phase 2 with work underway to address the transformative requirements. 87% of the transactional actions have been completed by the end of October (91% complete for Maternity and 85% complete for Children & Young People's Service).



#### **Quality Dashboard**

Quality - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Mortality							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***********
HSMR	Aug 20	90.79	100.0		(~}	£	64	114
RAMI	Aug 20	92.6		100.0	(~}~)	€)	49.9	140.0
Infection								
HCAI-MSSA	Oct 20	2	2*	2	(ng/hps)	3	-2	7
HCAI-MRSA	Oct 20	0	0	0		<u></u>	0	1
HCAI-c.Difficile	Oct 20	1	3.58**	3.58	0.5%	(F)	-1	7
HCAI-E-coli	Oct 20	2		3.75	0,%0	<u></u>	-2	10
Patient harm								
Pressure Ulcers -grade 2 and above	Oct 20	10	İ	14	0 <sub>0</sub> /50	<u></u>	1	26
VTE	Oct 20	96.4%	95.0%	95.0%	(H.)	<u></u>	92.7%	96.1%
Falls - per 1000 Bed Days	Oct 20	5.01		5.00	(مراكب	3	2.22	6.73
Falls-total	Oct 20	101		86	(a <sub>2</sub> % <sub>20</sub> )	3	43	143
Falls - with Harm per 1000 Bed Days	Oct 20	0.15			(0,%)	<u></u>	0.09	0.28
Falls - Resulting in Harm Moderate or Severe	Oct 20	3		2.5	(مراكب	3	2.44	6.35
Never Events	Oct 20	0	0	0	(a <sub>2</sub> % <sub>20</sub> )	3	-0.8	1.4
Sls	Oct 20	10				3	-3	11
Patient Experience								
Complaints	Sep 20	47	<u> </u>	58***	(~}~	<u></u>	24	88
Complaints -acknowledged within agreed tim	Sep 20	100%	100%		<b>!</b>	<u></u>	97%	102%
Complaints -responded within agreed time	Sep 20	70%		85%	(~^~)	<b>&amp;</b>	49%	77%
Compliments Sep 20 8 Letters of Thanks and Appreciation								
Quality Compliance								

Deliver all transactional actions in the quality compliance action plan by December 2020

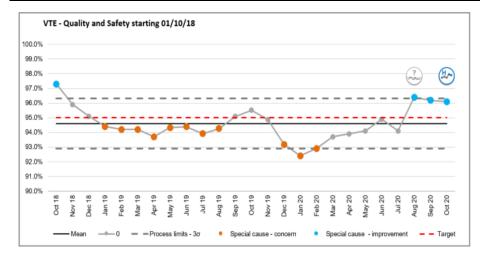
Good

Meet the requirements of the section 29a and reduce the number of Section 31 conditions.

\* 20% reduction on previous year \*\* CCG agreed target 43 for year \*\*\* 10% reduction on previous year

Reasonable

#### VTE Report



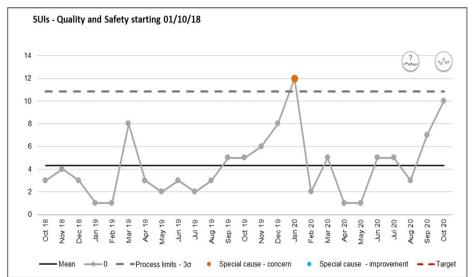
## October 2020 actual performance 96.1% Variance Type Special Cause Improvement National Trajectory 95% Trajectory achievement The lower process control

The lower process control limit is below the target, indicating that delivery is unlikely every month.

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues		Actions	Mitigations
SaTH last met this target continuously prior to January 2019. This is clinically important in	SaTH has now achieved this target for the last three months in a row.	Previously: Lack of engagement by clinicians Lack of process on admission	•	Regular review and tracking by MD directorate 'exit-stop' prior to leaving AMUs Daily email with publication of consultant data to improve	Ownership by MD team and deputy MD and Care group MDs Focus by audit team



#### Serious Incidents (SI) & Never Events Reports



# October 2020 actual performance 10 Variance Type Common Cause Variation with special cause in Jan 2020 National Trajectory No target set Trajectory achievement Significant unpredictable variation each month

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Increasing trend in SIs reported, potentially demonstrating a more open reporting culture	SIs approaching upper control limit, figures higher than same period in previous year	COVID 19 – specifically outbreaks/delayed diagnosis/COVID deaths may increase reported SIs Themes shown in the table below.	<ul> <li>Thematic reviews</li> <li>Investigation within target deadlines</li> <li>Embed learning from incidents</li> <li>For detailed actions relating to the Covid-19 outbreak SI see executive summary actions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rapid Review of near miss and incidents</li> <li>Early identification of themes</li> <li>Early implementation of actions and learning</li> </ul>

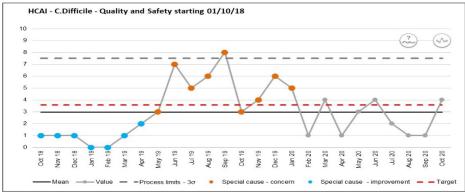
SI theme	Number occurring this month
Delayed Diagnosis Urology	3
Fall – Fractured Neck of Femur	2
Suboptimal Care deteriorating patient	1
Suboptimal Care	1
Treatment Delay ED PRH	1



Obstetric Neonatal	1
Covid-19 outbreak (wards 6/7/9/15/16 being managed as 1 SUI)	1
Total	10

**Hospital Acquired Infections** 

#### c.Difficle



#### October 2020 actual performance

4

**Variance Type Common Cause Variation** 

**Local Trajectory** 

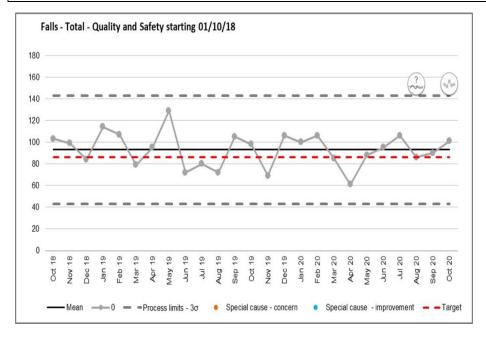
43 pa agreed with CCG = 3.58 per month

**Trajectory achievement** 

We are on course to deliver the annual target

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations	
C.Diff cases are considered attributable to the Trust if reported 48 hours after admission or within 28 days of discharge from Hospital	There was an increase in cases in October 2020. Although the 4 cases are above the target for the month, the Trust remains below the target YTD with 16 cases against a target of 25	Themes from RCAs relate to timeliness of obtaining stool samples and practices around antibiotic prescribing	All hospital acquired infections have a RCA completed by IPC and the Clinical Teams	Prompt stool sample. Prompt isolation of patients with symptoms. Ongoing work in relation to antimicrobial prescribing.	

#### Falls Exception Report



#### October 2020 actual performance

101

**Variance Type** 

Common Cause Variance **National Target** 

7% Reduction in falls from 2019/20. This equates to a reduction to a mean of 86

per month

**Trajectory/ Plan** achievement

The number of falls remains above the trajectory set, however the falls per 1000 bed days remains better than the national comparator



Background	What the Chart tells us:	Actions	Mitigations
Falls amongst inpatients are the most frequently reported safety incident in the Trust, reducing the number of patients who fall in our care is a key quality and safety priority	No significant changes, falls are starting to level off around the average	<ul> <li>Falls improvement work includes.</li> <li>Monthly audit</li> <li>Point Prevalence audit took place in October 2020 to allow identification of non-reported falls</li> <li>Falls Training to target 90% of staff (adult wards and ED) by end January</li> <li>Increased focus and support to wards to improved use of cohort bays and 'bay tagging'</li> <li>Review of Falls Prevention Plans and actions</li> <li>Daily visit by Quality Team to wards reporting a fall in last 24 hours</li> </ul>	Delivery additional mitigations described in the falls reduction plan

#### **Covid-19 and Recovery Executive Summary**

Mr Nigel Lee Chief Operating Officer

- The Trust is currently experiencing an increased level of admissions of Covid-19 positive patients a small number of whom require treatment in Critical Care. At the same time other hospitals in the region are under pressure due to the 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of Covid-19 and therefore a number of patients have been transferred into SaTH critical care units from these hospitals as part of mutual aid. This is resulting in an increase of the critical care level to 1, further increase could result in surge being required into theatre capacity. This will take up further theatre space and theatre staff, and will result in further impact on elective activity.
- The trust has already increased the Covid-19 positive ward capacity beyond the 52 beds allocated and as a consequence has surged into the day case unit on the PRH site. This unit is being used for ENT, releasing bed capacity on the site for Covid-19 patients. This does mean there is reduced capacity for routine elective patients, and much of the RSH and PRH based Priority 3 and Priority 4 activity has been reduced.
- Our plans for elective capacity have largely been delivered during October. However, this does not take us back to the pre-covid levels of activity as capacity constraints remain and we continue to provide virtual clinic capacity with telephone and video consultations and are continuing to make use of surgical capacity in the independent sector, as well as the Vanguard theatre unit at PRH.
- Diagnostic capacity for MRI and CT has been improved by the arrival of mobile units and while it is expected this will support the return to pre-covid levels of activity, it does not enable the backlog of waits to be fully addressed. Further additional capacity is planned for quarter 4 of 2020-21 and will be required into 2021-22.
- Endoscopy capacity has been particularly challenged and it has not been possible to fully implement the interventions intended due to staffing shortfalls and delay in arrival of the trans nasal endoscopes. These are now planned for January 2021.

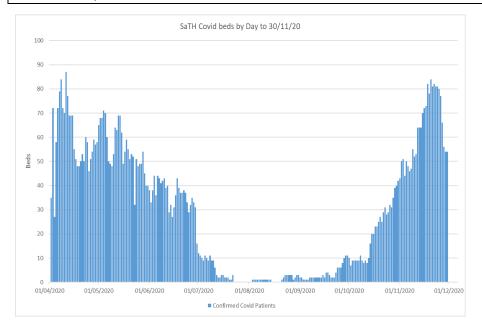


With the increase in Covid-19 it is likely that the elective recovery plan will be further
affected and prioritisation of capacity based on clinical urgency plus use of system
capacity will then be required.

#### **Covid-19 and Recovery Dashboard**

Restore and Recovery - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Activity								
ED activity	Oct 20	8974		10096	0,750	~	7650	10980
Non Elective Activity	Oct 20	4503		5279		$\sim$	4044	5699
Outpatients activity	Oct 20	50717		57946		3	36135	69647
Elective In-Patient and Day Case activity	Oct 20	4927		6059		2	3552	6911

#### Covid-19 Inpatients



31st Oct 2020 actual			
performance			
42			
Variance Type			
In the second wave of			
covid-19 we have seen			
an increase in both			
covid+ve as well as a			
number of beds			
temporarily closed due			
to covid-19			
National Target			
n/a			
Target/ Plan			
achievement			
n/a			

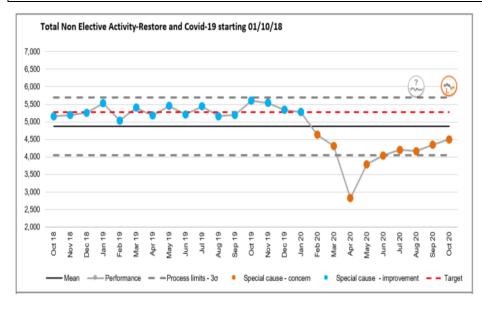
Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Covid-19 positive, and admitted patients awaiting test results (suspect) are reported daily, including those requiring Critical Care.	The chart demonstrates the daily change in number of admitted covid+ve patients	<ul> <li>Capacity is needed to meet reuqirements of :Covid-19 patients, patients awaiting test results on admission (suspect), seasonal urgent care and emergency admissions and elective activity</li> <li>Temporary bed reductions due to managing Covid-19 outbreaks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>System wide plan developed</li> <li>Daily Covid-19 reviews</li> <li>Outbreak management</li> <li>PRH DSU converted to ENT ward to releasing ward for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Surge capacity</li> <li>System capacity and staffing</li> <li>Daily Covid-19 review meetings</li> <li>Control centre reestablished</li> </ul>



Critical Care capacity covid Mutual aid is required, which patients via CCU needs segmentation 2-3 Covid network of covid+ve, suspect wards now and non-covid operating on patients within a small each site bed pool. Triggers for Mutual aid for critical additional care has been action provided to other identified Trusts during the 2<sup>nd</sup> and shared wave. with system Winter plan actions in place

Note since this reporting period the admissions for Covid-19 has continued to increase, exceeding the 52 general adult beds originally planned to support Covid-19 patients and resulting in the activation of surge capacity with 2-3 wards designated for Covid-19 patients on each site. This increase has started to reduce at the end of November.

Non-Elective Activity



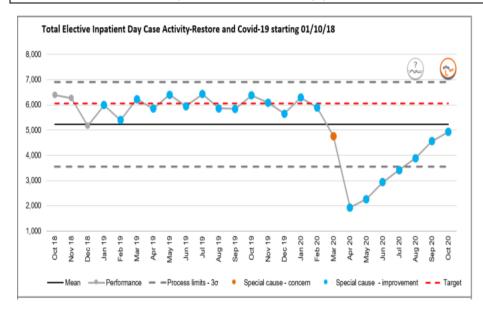
# October 2020 actual performance 4503 Variance Type The activity is recovering however remains below the pre-covid level National Target N/A Target/ Plan achievement The planned level is unlikely to be delivered reliably month on month

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Ability to respond to emergency demand in a timely fashion is important to meet the needs of patients unexpectedly taken seriously ill or involved in an accident	Historically non- elective activity has varied around 5,000- 5,500 per month. During the 1 <sup>st</sup> wave of covid non elective demand fell considerably. This activity is	Emergency department attendance has returned to close to the seasonally expected levels, while GP and other non-	Bed modelling for winter adjusted to reflect lower than previous demand from direct GP and	Continue to monitor non- Covid 19 emergency demand



alisation inci	steadily elective attendation towards the precovid levels consider lower towards.	ance admissions s Winter plan erably admission han avoidance	
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#### Elective IP & DC Activity v Phase 3 recovery plan



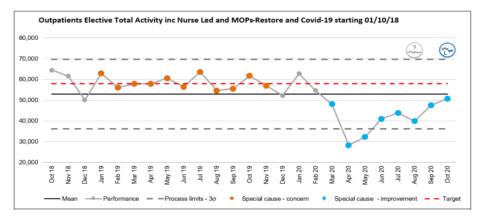
October 2020 actual performance			
DC 4,634 (78	8% of Oct		
'19)			
IP 293 (62%	6 of Oct '19)		
Variance Type			
Special Cau	se Variation		
National	SaTH		
Target	trajectory		
90%	75%DC		
	45%IP		
Target/ Plan			
achievement			
Yes (local)			
No (na	ntional)		

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Due to low risk bed and theatre availability and social distancing constraints, activity remains at	There has been a good level of compliance against the Trust's submitted plan. However, this	<ul> <li>The availability of beds is constraining the elective IP delivery.</li> <li>Plans to place inpatient Orthopaedics</li> </ul>	Full utilisation of all staffed theatre lists including IS and Vanguard, which are not impacted by internal, Trust pressures.	Maximise endoscopy and haematology capacity to ensure DC delivery continues despite PRH DSU surgical



levels. mee	at RJAH (14 per week from mid- November) Nuffield capacity impacted by short notice cancellations, in part due to Covid-19 patient testing or isolation	DSU as low risk area.  Improvement of processes around consent and preop to ensure cases that are booked are performed.	activity being likely to reduce.
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#### Outpatient Activity - Phase 3 recovery plan



# October 2020 actual performance 50717 Variance Type Improving special cause Local Target 57946 (based on Apr-19-Feb-20 average) Target/ Plan achievement Below target with recovery improvement seen month on month

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Due to social distancing constraints and estate constraints, activity remains at below 2019 levels	There has been a good level of compliance against the Trust's submitted plan. However, this does not meet the national expectation.	<ul> <li>Waiting space         has resulting in         the numbers of         patients per         clinic being         reduced</li> <li>CNA and DNA         numbers have         returned to pre-         covid levels</li> <li>Aerosol         generating         outpatient</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pilots are in place for patients to wait in cars until called into clinics</li> <li>Virtual clinics – telephone and attend anywhere underway</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Outpatient recovery group in place</li> <li>Use of independent sector to increase capacity</li> </ul>



procedures have to be re-located	•	Patient initiated follow up	
into		commencing	
environments with suitable air	•	Text reminder service to be	
changes etc.		modified	
	•	Outpatient	
		procedures	
		being clinically prioritised	

Outpatient Restoration and Recovery is based on NHSI technical guidance, below illustrates the Trust Current and projected performance. The national recovery target is 100%

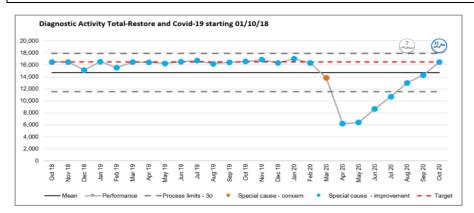
**Outpatient First Attendance - Monthly** 

outputient instru							
	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
19/20 Baseline	21,317	23,650	23,423	21,124	25,119	22,671	22,671
20/21 Actual	18,696	20,483					
20/21 Forecast		20,002	19,380	17,556	19,890	18,398	18,234
Actual / Forecast %	88%	87%	83%	83%	79%	81%	80%
vs plan	6%	2%					
memo: Plan	17,406	20,002	19,380	17,556	19,890	18,398	18,234
memo: Plan %	82%	85%	83%	83%	79%	81%	80%
memo: Phase 3 Target	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

**Outpatient Follow Up - Monthly** 

	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
19/20 Baseline	20,837	22,917	22,053	18,977	23,124	19,983	19,863
20/21 Actual	20,246	20,821					
20/21 Forecast		21,975	21,198	18,615	22,719	19,820	19,857
Actual / Forecast %	97%	91%	96%	98%	98%	99%	100%
vs plan	5%	-5%					
memo: Plan	19,209	21,975	21,198	18,615	22,719	19,820	19,857
memo: Plan %	92%	96%	96%	98%	98%	99%	100%
memo: Phase 3 Target	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

#### Diagnostics phase 3 recovery plan



October 2020 actual						
performance						
16470						
Variance Type						
Recovering to pre-covid						
variation						
Local Target						
16500 (based on Apr-19-						
Feb-20 average)						
Target/ Plan achievement						
Recovery is close to target						

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Diagnostic Activity is made of the number of	The Trust is returning to pre-Covid levels	Insufficient capacity post Covid	<ul> <li>Additional mobile imaging for MRI and CT is on site at PRH and RSH to support</li> </ul>	Risk stratification in place.



tests/procedures carried out during the month, it contains Imaging, Physiological Measurement and Endoscopy Test.	however there are variations in recovery level between tests and capacity is not sufficient to address the backlog created due to loss of activity during Covid-19 1st wave	restrictions in place particularly in Imaging and Endoscopy		return to previous activity levels. MSK CT and MRI available in RJAH MRI and Ultrasound at Nuffield being worked up. Imaging pod will be available from April 1st 21. Business cases also completed for additional mobile capacity needed in all modalities, including workforce plans. Endoscopy plan re-profiled to reflect the delays to some interventions. Trans nasal	Mobile CT/MRI scanners available from national NHSE/I contract allocation. Additional mobile capacity is required in this financial year to maintain
			•	Endoscopy plan re-profiled to reflect the delays to some	this financial year to

STP recovery compared to Midlands overall recovery performance

	<b>.</b>				
Source: Monthly Diagnostics (DM01) and Weekly Activity Return	Imaging	Endoscopy	Ot	ner	
(WAR)	Imaging total	Endoscopy total	Echocardiography	Peripheral neurophys	
STP	% of baseline	% of baseline	% of baseline	% of baseline	
Midlands	93%	83%	76%	78%	
Shropshire and Telford and Wrekin STP	95%	78%	104%	167%	

#### **Operational Executive Summary**

Mr Nigel Lee Chief Operating Officer

- The trust is delivering elective admitted activity in line with the phase 3 recovery plan, however the level of activity is not sufficient to reduce the backlog developed during covid. Cases have been clinically prioritised and capacity is being used for the patients with highest clinical need. This does mean that the routine long waiting list is growing and the volume of patients over 52 weeks has significantly increased and is forecast to continue to do so. A portion of these patients are waiting on the non-admitted pathways for outpatient or diagnostics and may subsequently require surgery once completion of diagnosis.
- A full clinical prioritisation review of the admitted waiting list has been carried out, and clinicians continue to prioritise patients based on clinical need.
- Capacity for cancer-related surgery is being protected on the RSH site and cancer
  patients prioritised within diagnostic capacity. The referral rate for patients suspected
  of having cancer has returned towards pre-covid levels and access for these patients is
  being prioritised. However the number of patients beyond 62 days suspected of having
  cancer is higher than previously due to both the capacity constraints along the
  pathway, the complexity of their pathways and the balance of risk to treatment for
  patients at this time. These patients are being prioritised and harm reviews in place for
  patients at 104 days.
- A&E activity levels have increased to near the previous pre-covid-19 levels and ambulance conveyance numbers have exceeded those seen in 2019-20. This combined with the pre-existing environmental and covid-19 segmented pathway challenges are contributing to a reduction in performance on both 4 hours, 12 hour and ambulance handovers compared to recent months. Whilst peak periods of activity are a driver, longer waits in ED are largely due to flow constraints due to pathways. Performance remains better than the same period in 2019. Work has commenced on the additional capacity for same day emergency care and ambulatory care on both

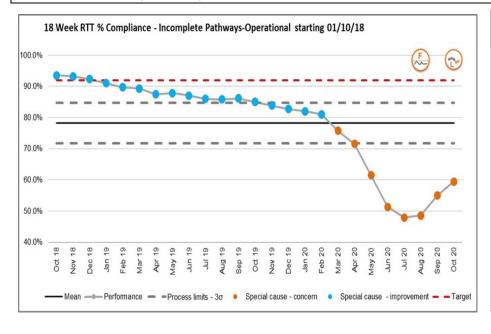


RSH and PRH sites (with initial schemes due to complete by end of December) and community admission avoidance schemes commence in November 2020.

#### **Operational Dashboard**

Operational - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Elective Care								
RTT Waiting list -total size	Oct 20	27745			<del></del>		18378	22158
18 week RTT % compliance -incomplete	Oct 20	54.9%	92.0%		( <u>~</u>	٩	72.7%	85.2%
52 week breaches	Oct 20	839	0		<b>(H</b> ~)		15	201
Cancer								
Cancer 2 week wait	Sep 20	90.9%	93.0%		(~}~)	<u></u>	81.1%	98.4%
Cancer 62 day compliance	Sep 20	80.9%	85.0%		(~}~)	<u>~</u>	60.1%	88.0%
Diagnostics								
Diagnostic % compliance 6 week waits	Oct 20	47.4%	99%		( )		69.0%	92.0%
Emergency Department								
ED -4 Hour performance	Oct 20	74.8%	95.0%		(%)	<b>&amp;</b>	67.2%	84.6%
ED -Ambulance handover > 60mins	Oct 20	230	0			<b>≟</b>	-38	443
ED 4 Hour Performance - Minors	Oct 20	96.2%		95.0%	(~}~)	₩	91.0%	100.0%
ED 4 Hour Performance - Majors	Oct 20	54.4%		95.0%	<b>(H)</b>	٩	31.0%	63.0%
ED time to initial assessment (mins)	Oct 20	21	15		<b>(1)</b>	₩	14	30
12 hour ED trolley waits	Oct 20	13	0		$\bigcirc$		-54	152
Total Emergency Admissions from A&E	Oct 20	2711					2190	2964
Hospital Occupancy								
Bed Occupancy -G&A	Oct 20	79.3%	92.0%		( <u>*</u>	<u></u>	72.0%	96.4%

18 week RTT Exception Report



### October 2020 actual performance

59.47%. 11,244 patients waiting > 18 weeks (England only.)

#### Variance Type

Special Cause deterioration

National Target 92%

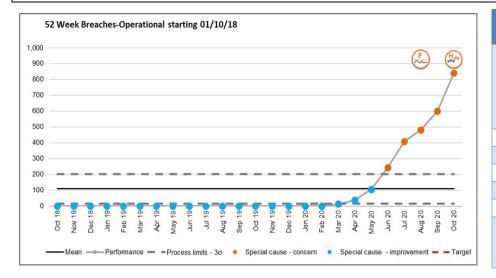
### Target/ Plan achievement

Target not achievable within present system – no assurance can be taken from the data



Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
RTT failing since January 2019 due to demand & capacity mismatch.	Situation significantly worsened since start of Pandemic & taking down of elective activity.	<ul> <li>Admitted –         <ul> <li>lack of</li> <li>theatre</li> <li>capacity and</li> <li>low risk bed</li> <li>constraints.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Non-         Admitted –             diagnostic</li> <li>delays &amp;             social</li> <li>distancing for</li> <li>Face to Face</li> <li>appointments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After urgent and cancer pathway patients are allocated to available capacity, residual to be maximised based on length of wait.</li> <li>Validation in line with national guidance.</li> <li>Use of Virtual appointments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Full validation.</li> <li>Clinical triage of referrals.</li> <li>Admitted list is risk stratified.</li> <li>Harm proformas for longest waits.</li> <li>Allocation of lists based on speciality need.</li> </ul>

#### 52 week waits exception report



### October 2020 actual performance

839 Patients > 52 Weeks (England) 189 Welsh residents over 52 weeks

Total 1,028 >52 weeks

Variance Type

Negative Special cause
National Target

O

Target/ Plan achievement

Target is not assured and performance likely to deteriorate further

Background	What the	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
	Chart tells us:			



Historically the Trust has had no 52-week breaches. Since elective work was stopped at the start of the pandemic, the number has increased significantly.

The volume of breaches is increasing at a significant rate. As we enter the winter period and the second wave of the pandemic, the number of breaches will intensify

- Insufficient capacity and a necessary focus on patients who are a clinical priority mean that routine patients will continue to wait longer. Between 150 and 200 patients, a week will trip in to the backlog each week in Nov / Dec. Forecast position shows over 4000
- Patients are delayed on both admitted and nonadmitted pathways.

patients waiting

March 2021.

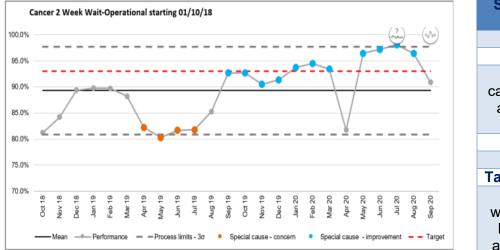
over 52 weeks by

3.2% of the
 Midland patients
 waiting over 52
 weeks are waiting
 in SaTH (end of
 Sept comparator)

- Full validation.
- Focus on nonadmitted pathways.
- Increased CT and MRI capacity should enable clearance of patients awaiting these tests.
- Allocate Independent Sector, RJAH and Vanguard capacity to longest waiters.

- Micromanageme nt of patients at 78 weeks plus.
- Risk stratification to ensure that only clinically routine pants are waiting > 52 weeks.

#### Cancer 2 week waits



## September 2020 actual performance 90%

#### Variance Type

Returned to common cause variation this month after a period of special cause variation

National Target 93%

#### Target/ Plan achievement

The national target is within the process control limits and so cannot be assured month on month

Background What the Chart Issues Actions Mitigations tells us:



This measure is a key indicator for the organisation's performance against the national Cancer **Waiting Times** guidance ensuring wherever possible that any patient referred by their GP with suspected cancer has a first appointment within 14 days

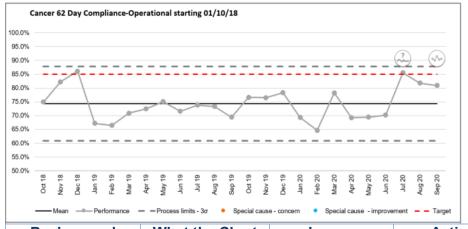
The present system is unlikely to deliver the target reliably each month. Compliance with this target has fluctuated since April 2019 attributed to poor performance (capacity) within the breast service.

Capacity issues in the Breast specialty has impacted negatively on SaTH's overall 2WW performance

Weekly review of PTL lists using Somerset Cancer Register – escalations made as per Cancer Escalation Procedure Breast Task and Finish Group meets fortnightly

- Implementation of revised 2WW Breast Referral Proforma
- COVID Risk
   Assessment
   completed with
   a view to
   introducing
   additional
   capacity in
   Radiology

#### Cancer 62 day target



October 2020 actual performance 80.9%

Variance Type

Common Cause variation

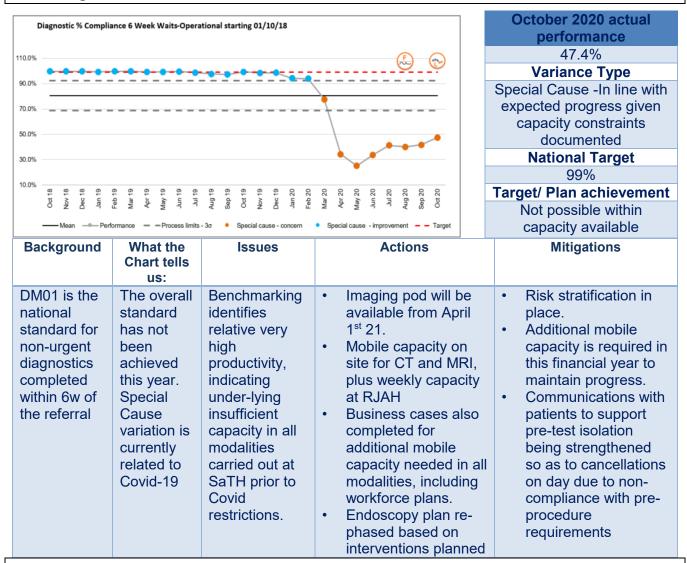
National Target 85%

Target/ Plan achievement

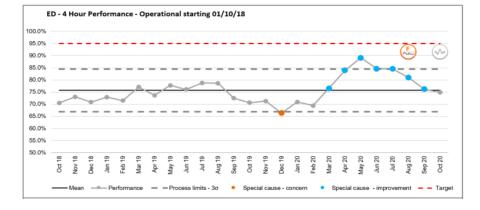
The target is close to the upper control limit and therefore cannot be reliably achieved

	——Mean →—Performance — = Process limits - 3σ • Special cause - concern • Special cause - improvement — — Target				achieved
Background	What the Chart	Issues	Actions		Mitigations
	tells us:				
This measure is a key indicator for the organisation's performance against the national Cancer Waiting Times guidance ensuring wherever possible that any patient referred by their GP with suspected cancer is treated within 62 days of referral.	The present system is unlikely to deliver the target. Compliance with this target has been achieved once since April 2019.	<ul> <li>Complex pathways in many specialities</li> <li>Capacity does not meet demand (diagnostics a significant issues even prior to COVID)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weekly review PTL list using Somer Cance Regist escalar made Cance Escalar Processor</li> <li>Breast and Fin Group meets fortnig</li> </ul>	rset er ter – ations as per er ation dure t Task inish	<ul> <li>Implementation of revised 2WW Breast Referral Proforma</li> <li>COVID Risk Assessment completed with a view to introducing additional capacity in Radiology</li> <li>Harm reviews at 104 days</li> </ul>

#### DM01 Diagnostic over 6 week waits



#### A&E 4 hour performance



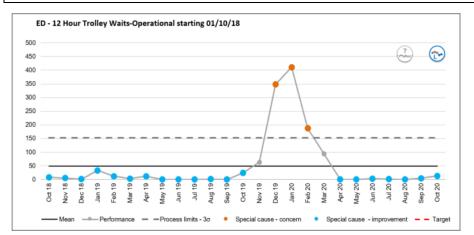
October 2020 actual performance
74.8%
Variance Type
Special Cause
National Target
95%
Target/ Plan achievement
The target is above the
upper control limit for the
present system to deliver

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The national target is for all patients to be seen treated,	ED 4 hour performance - 74.8 4.3%	Continued challenge in managing Covid-19 high	Escalation     plan for ED     Covid-19     management	Support from ECIST for internal improvement
admitted,	improvement	risk and	established	plan focussing



transferred or medium risk Capacity gap compared to upon ward discharged same month last escalated to pathways processes and within 4 hours of year, however Shortfall in regulators site arrival at the below the capacity to with management in national target meet demand emergency proposal for place impacts upon department additional flow resource to address

#### A&E 12 hour trolley waits

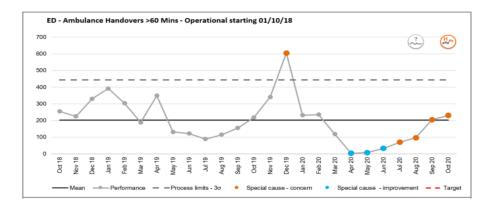


# October 2020 actual performance 13 Variance Type The SPC is adversely affected by special cause over last winter, returned to normal variation since April 2020 National Target 0 Target/ Plan achievement The target was breached this month

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Supporting patients to be directed quickly to the most suitable bed for their ongoing care should mean patients do not remain in A&E longer than clinically necessary	Breaches of the 12 hour target are relatively infrequent, however a significant number occurred last winter and a number have occurred this month	Flow to appropriate beds to meet patient needs Situation intensified during covid-19 second wave due to the need to maintain segmentation of the different patient groups Breaches are predominantly on the RSH site	<ul> <li>SDEC to open         January 2021 with         10 trolleys to         provide same day         emergency care.</li> <li>Community         admission         avoidance schemes         start Nov 2020</li> <li>Therapy at the front         door starts         November 2020</li> </ul>	Internal escalation processes

Ambulance handover> 60mins





# October 2020 actual performance 230 Variance Type Special Cause National Target 0 Target/ Plan achievement System re-design is required to deliver this target consistently.

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
Ambulance handover times are an important indicator for patient safety and to support the community response to 999 calls by release of ambulances to respond	The chart tells us that the present system requires redesign to provide reliable delivery of the target. Performance deteriorating in recent months as conveyances increase.	<ul> <li>Shortfall in department capacity to meet demand for peak times of conveyance</li> <li>Covid 19 pathway requirements has an impact upon flow within departments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Capital plan agreed to increase RSH ED majors capacity</li> <li>Think 111 implementation – alternative pathways for WMAS conveyance to be established</li> <li>SDEC implementation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provider to provider forum established with ambulance providers to maintain oversight of performance and pathways</li> <li>CCG funded HALO in place for RSH site</li> </ul>



#### **Workforce Executive Summary**

Rhia Boyode, Director of Workforce

#### International Recruitment

- Successfully recruited 212 international nurses 145 have now joined the Trust. 100% OSCE pass rate so far, with 93% passing on first attempt (91 out of 98 nurses)
- Recruitment and Retention Strategy developed and approved at Workforce Committee focus on 4 programmes of work – Recruitment Effectiveness, Recruitment Experience, Marketing and Branding and Retention
- Business case for further international nursing recruits in progress outlining a need for an additional 100 international nursing recruits

#### **Cultural Improvements**

- New Trust values launched on 7th September. Behavioural Framework workshops being rolled out during October and November
- Undertaking an evidence based review on the Organisational Cultural tool to be used across the Trust
- · Reviewing and improving leadership programmes

#### **Training**

 Statutory and mandatory training has remained at 86% this month. CV-19 staffing constraints have reduced ability of wards to release staff for training

#### Staff Absence

- COVID absence rates are rising, however we are continuing to operate within upper and lower control limits, although the roll out of wider staff testing may further increase numbers
- · 3400 staff have now had the Flu vaccine

#### Agency Usage

 Agency usage is increasing – the second wave of Covid-19 has resulted in an increase in absence levels. Winter pressures and an increase in patient numbers are contributing to demands on agency staff

Workforce - KPI	Latest month	Actual Month Performance	National Standard for month	SaTH trajectory for month	Perfomance	Assurance	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Activity								
WTE Employed* *Contracted	Oct 20	5592		6179	(H)		5180	5450
Total temporary staff -FTE	Oct 20	860			(H.)		200	280
Staff turnover rate	Oct 20	0.76%		0.75%				
Sickness absence rate Excluding Covid	Oct 20	4.13%		4%	<b>(1)</b>	?	3.50%	5.10%
Appraisal Rate (non Medical Staff)	Oct 20	85%	90%	90%				
Appraisal Rate ( Medical Staff)	Oct 20	94.0%		90.0%				
Vacancies	Oct 20	588						
Statutory and Mandatory Training	Oct 20	86%	90.0%	90.0%	<b>(</b>	( <sub>0</sub> /b <sub>0</sub> )	82.0%	88.0%

Common Cause Con

Concern (High)

SPC Variation Icons
Concern (Low) Improvement (High)

Improvement (Low)

SPC Assurance Icons
Capable Not Capable Unreliable











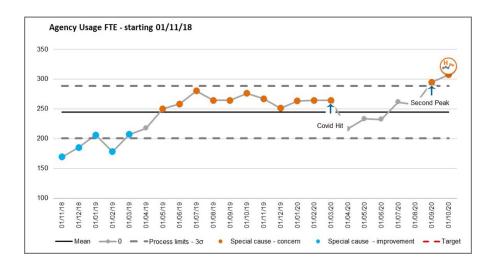


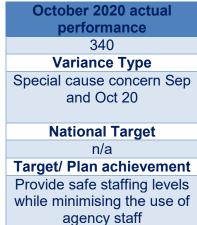




Temporary/ Agency Staffing

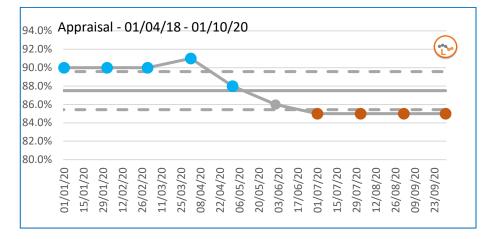






Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The measure is	Agency usage	Second Covid-	Monitoring	Escalated bank
an indicator of	remained at escalated	19 resulting in	of	rates in ITU
agency usage	levels over the winter	increased	absence	
expressed as an	2019 period. Levels	absence levels	levels	
FTE	reduced over the	Winter	Monitoring	
	Summer 2020 period in	pressures and	of staffing	
	line with reduced	increase	usage	
	sickness and covid-19	patient		
	absence levels. Current	numbers		
	usage is increasing			

#### Appraisals



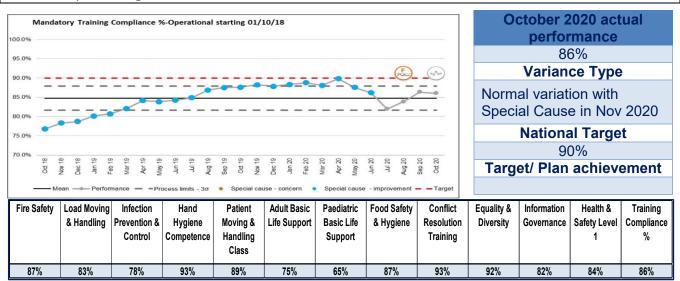
October 2020 actual performance
85%
Variance Type
Special Cause
National Target
90%
Target/ Plan
achievement
Below target level of
performance

Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The measure is a key indicator for patient safety in ensuring staff are compliant in having completed their annual appraisal.	The 90% target was achieved January to April 2020 then started to drop and has remained 5% below target for the	CV-19, staffing constraints and service improvement have reduced ability of Wards to	E-mail reminders due or outstanding are sent to all staff Focused support is being provided to the managers of any Ward that is below target A substantial review of appraisal will be undertaken once the	Appraisal form has had an interim revision to include the new Trust Values and health and well- being and flexible working discussions



last 4 months.	release staff for training.	behaviours and values work is complete to ensure alignment with overall Trust objectives	
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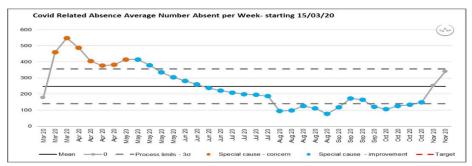
#### **Mandatory Training**



Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The measure is a key indicator for patient safety in ensuring staff are compliant with core mandated safety training.	Progress towards regaining 90% target has stalled in Nov 2020. This is a result of separating out Safeguarding training as a new discrete report in response to performance and CQC concerns. Safeguarding training compliance continues to improve month on month.	CV-19, staffing constraints and service improvement have reduced ability of Wards to release staff for training Increased Stat/Mand training requirements e.g. Hand Hygiene moving from triennial to annual Poor IT literacy impacting on elearning completion Some data validation issues	Corp Ed is working with Care Groups to identify and reduce data conflicts Corp Ed is supporting Ward/Dept. managers to prioritise and schedule training completion Corp Ed requested proxy facility to support remote e-learners effectively	E-learning and workbooks offered as alternatives to face to face training Requirements made more transparent and newsletters to staff are signposting more clearly Libraries supporting learners to access e-learning Phone support for e-learning

Covid-19 related sickness absence







Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The measure is an indicator of the average number of staff absent per week with a covid-19 related reason for absence.	Covid-19 related absence was at is highest rate at the end of March / beginning of April. Current rates are rising however continue to operate within upper and lower control limits	Covid-19 positive cases are increasing therefore anticipate an increase in staff absences	Encourage staff to follow government guidelines on isolation periods Ensure PPE adherence and encourage social distancing	Maintain social distancing Regular and timely staff testing Identification of positive cases and effective contact tracing

#### Finance Executive Summary

Mr James Drury

- The Trust has reported a deficit position of £0.667m for the month of October against a
  revised NHSEI plan of £0.666m. The STP and Trust forecast outturn are yet to be
  approved. Following Month 7 the Trust is reviewing expenditure in month, expenditure
  plans and potential risks to the end of year financial outturn to inform reporting at month 8
  and subsequent months.
- In assessing the year end forecast position of the Trust the key factors under consideration include the financial impact of COVID, flu and winter, confirming the trajectory and cost profile of recruitment initiatives, other developments relating to the Getting to Good Programme, the impact of the Elective Incentive Scheme and risk around the NHS Wales contracts.
- COVID-19 expenditure to date is £11.120m (£1.441m in month) with an associated loss of income £2.459m.
- The funding regime enables reimbursement of costs above planned levels up to September, these are £8.181m to date and £4.254m in month.
- The breakeven position in month against plan consists of:
  - A pay under-spend of £0.182m this is mainly due to slippage against approved investments
  - A non-pay over-spend of £0.094m
  - Income loss of £0.089m.
- COVID-19 capital expenditure to date is £0.773 (with total commitments of £0.891m). The Trust is awaiting approval from NHSEI on £1.1m IT related COVID-19 capital requests.
- Cash at the end of October amounted to £40.2m, including pre-payment of one month's block and top up payments received in April amounting to £32.3m.
- The Trust's payment performance against the Better Payment Practice Code has improved this month with 93.8% by number and 94.1% by value of undisputed invoices



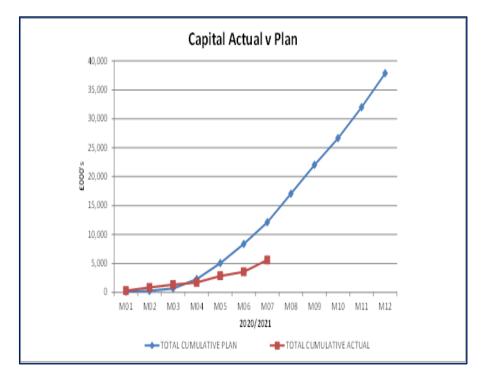
were paid within 30 days. In addition, 29% and 40% respectively of all invoices were paid within 7 days.

#### **Finance Dashboard**

Tier 1 indicators - Finance							M7	
Indicator	Target	Units	Target	Actual	Variance	Variance	Comment	Exception
I&E	Surplus / (Deficit)	£M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0%	On track	No
Pay &								
Non-Pay	Spend to							
Expenses	plan	£M	(37.2)	(37.2)	0.0	0%	On track	No
Cumulative capex	Under / (over) spend	£M	(12.1)	(5.6)	6.5	-54%	At risk	Yes
CIP	Savings to							
delivery	plan	£M	n/a	0.673	n/a	0%	On track	No
Cash	Above							
balances	minimum	£M	1.7	40.2	38.5	2265%	On track	No
7 day payments % volume	No target	%	n/a	29%	n/a	n/a	Note info	No
Elective Incentive Scheme	Reward /							
payments	(penalty)	£M	0.0	0.0	0.0	0%	At risk	Yes
Exit Full Year run			,	(0= 0)	,	,		
rate	No target	£M	n/a	(67.6)	n/a	n/a	Note info	No
Agency £>ceiling	Spend not >ceiling	£M	(1.19)	(2.73)	(1.54)	129%	At risk	Yes

Capital Expenditure





October 2020 actual performance		
£5.6		
Variand	ce Type	
Underspend		
National Target	SATH Plan	
N/A	£12.126m	
Targe	t/ Plan	
achiev	ement	
To meet the Trust's Capital Resource Limit (CRL) at year end – currently reported as £38.875m		

Backgrou	nd	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The Trust current tot Capital Resource Limit (CRL forecast currently a £37.875m This is subject to change as further allocations are confirmed	al or Pl M M al the real of the second with specific second with specifi	he Plan is based in the NHSEI lan submitted at lonth 04, with he additional llocations eceived since hen being included as per greed Business hase or in equal nonthly amounts intil the end of he financial year. This shows that beend at Month 7 was expected be £12.126m hereas actual pend is only 5.603m.	Expenditure needs to increase in second half of the year. Ordered but not expensed amounts to £10.4m. The steady increase in CRL has required the development of business cases and robust specifications. These are largely completed and therefore the priority is to move these schemes into implementation. Many of the additional schemes have delivery dates in the final quarter and therefore expenditure run rate will increase.	A revised Capital Programme is being formulated by the Project Managers and will be agreed at December's Capital Planning Group (CPG). This revision will then be the plan used going forward which will reflect the factors that have become apparent during the financial year.	CPG receives monthly updates and members are working towards scoping schemes that can be delivered inyear to cover any slippage in the agreed schemes. It is planned that Project Managers report to January 2021 CPG those schemes that will not be delivered before 31st March 2020, in order that any unused CRL is reallocated.

Elective Incentive Scheme

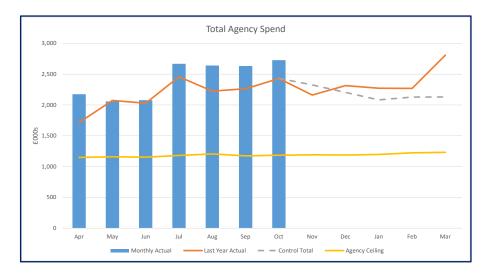




October 2020 actual performance				
Notio	Notional in month – £0.315m			
Vá	ariance Type			
	N/A			
National Target	SATH Plan			
£0	£0 Excluded from Forecast Outturn and shown as memorandum item			
Target/ Plan achievement				
£0.315m notional adverse variance				

What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
The chart shows that we are below the national target and therefore the financial risk to Trust is estimated to be £0.103m and £0.315m respectively for the months of September and October. This is not being reported as part of our finance position to date as per guidance from NHSEI.	<ul> <li>Not yet known when this will be applied to our income.         Trust to apply as deduction made to income     </li> <li>The target is at an STP level and the apportionment of any penalty has not yet been decided</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitor performance against threshold</li> <li>Maximise levels of elective activity</li> <li>Maximise use of RJAH lists and Nuffield lists</li> <li>Hold system to account for delivery of system improvement plan to address non elective demand and impact on elective activity</li> </ul>	Delivery of actions above

#### Agency Spend v NHSEI ceiling



October 2	020 actual	
perfor	mance	
£2.7	28m	
Variand	е Туре	
Overs	spend	
National	SATH Plan	
Target		
	£2.433m	
£1.185m	Control	
	Total	
Target/ Plan achievement		
£1.543m adverse variance		



Background	What the Chart tells us:	Issues	Actions	Mitigations
NHSEI sets expenditure ceilings on the total amount individual trusts can spend on agency staff across all staff groups.  There is a strong expectation that all trusts will comply with this rule, and revise their plans to ensure agency expenditure is at or below their ceiling where necessary.	Agency spend is significantly above the NHSEI ceiling and 2019/20 levels.	Due to workforce fragility the trust is consistently overspent against its Agency ceiling	<ul> <li>Direct engagement groups now set up to focus on agency spend and approval hierarchy</li> <li>Overseas recruitment in 19/20 and 20/21 (212 recruited to date)</li> <li>Re-establish workforce group to performance monitor bank, agency and locum groups</li> <li>Developing proposals to enhance and promote SaTH bank</li> <li>Recruitment and retention strategy approved key focus on brand and reputation, retention of staff and targeted recruitment campaigns for hard to fill roles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop measurable metrics and action plans to understand where we can control agency spend</li> <li>Build on increased medical bank fill rates since implementation of Locums Nest</li> <li>Deliver year one of our Recruitment and Retention strategy to increase substantive workforce and improve retention levels.</li> </ul>

#### **Transformation Executive Summary**

Chris Preston, Interim Director of Strategy and Planning

During October, further progress has been made towards the delivery of the 11 key objectives set for 2020/21. The RAG assessment of each objective is shown in the table below. The status of three of the objectives has changed since last month:

- Maternity Improvement Plan has moved from green to amber due to delays in developing the detailed transformation plans and benefit measures that are required to support delivery.
- Improve Service Sustainability status has increased from green to amber as a result
  of a requested change of scope linked to the timescales for service review and the
  methodology to be utilised. Wider organisational support requirements, including
  finance and informatics, are currently also being reviewed in preparation for delivery.
- Virtual Outpatients (reduction in face-to-face clinic appointments) has moved from green to amber following a change to scope that broadens out the definition of nonface-to-face appointments. Despite a recovery plan being in place, further detailed planning will be required across additional services impacted by the changes such as Patient Initiated Follow Up.



The development of the Outline Business Case for the Hospitals Transformation Programme continues to be rated as red, pending confirmation of the funding required to support the appointment of external advisors. Since preparing the highlight report, the funding has been confirmed in principal, which will mean that an exception report can be produced and submitted to the next SaTH Leadership Committee for approval.

The transformation programme has been expanded this month to incorporate additional areas of focus highlighted by the Improvement Team and to include areas of improvement targeted by the Improvement Alliance. The expanded Transforming Care 'Getting to Good' plan will bring all of these elements together (with the original 11 objectives) into a single delivery plan for the next two to three years. The expanded plan is included as a separate agenda item.

RAG rating key	Previous month	Current month
Below required level - Material risk(s) of non-delivery of objectives or targets, without clear plans to mitigate and/or recover	1	1
Reasonable - Material risk(s) of non-delivery of objectives or targets, but robust plans in place to mitigate and/or recover	2	5
Good - No material performance concerns	8	5

Operational Plan objectives	Status at end October
Restoration and recovery	Α
Strong Financial Foundations	Α
Quality / Regulatory Compliance	G
Maternity Improvement Plan	A
Reduce Nursing Vacancies	G
Increase Staff Engagement	G
Virtual OP (reduction in face to face clinic appointments)	A
Develop and Implement Enhanced SDEC Service	G
Develop OBC for HTP	R
Improve quality and timeliness of performance information	G
Improve Service Sustainability	Α



Key Issues	Actions	Risk Mitigations	Current risks to delivery
Restoration and Recovery	Finalise / agree capacity and other systems interventions to support restoration / recovery and winter plans • 5 key system work streams agreed • Weekly review of forecast bed requirements • Recovery plan tracked weekly and adjusted in accordance with demand and capacity changes	System surge planning review took place on 19 <sup>th</sup> November and progress against agreed actions are being closely monitored.	Medium to high as increasing Covid-19 admissions has reduced available capacity for elective activity
Strong Financial Foundations	<ul> <li>Integrated plan for 2021/2022 being developed which will include quality, activity, performance, workforce and financial plans.</li> <li>Financial assumptions that underpin this plan are being developed internally and with system partners</li> <li>Baseline position and forecast outturn position for 2020/2021 has been produced</li> <li>Prioritisation process for 21/22 investments is underway</li> </ul>	A run rate review and an exercise to recalibrate budgets for the second half of 2020/2021 has been completed. Financial outturn for 20/21 is forecast to be a £(7.8)m deficit.	Internal capacity and capability to fully understand underlying financial position and develop required scale of efficiency improvement plans
Maternity Improvement Plan	<ul> <li>Develop detailed transformation plans and benefit measures</li> <li>Additional three midwifery posts are being recruited to.</li> <li>Develop internal comms and staff wellbeing plan</li> <li>Culture diagnostic tool to be rolled out to staff</li> </ul>	A dedicated project management team (November 2020) will provide greater assurance around programme delivery and help develop the detailed transformation plan.	Capacity of key individuals is emerging as a potential challenge to the pace of delivery.
Improved Service Sustainability	Business Case for external support to assist with completion of service reviews is being developed	Clinical leadership and support for this work is in place	Business case and resources need to be confirmed in order to progress



Virtual OP (reduction in face to face clinic appointments) Scope and quantify current specialty outpatient status and barriers to adoption of non-face to face options
 Finalise the attend

anywhere strategy

Virtual Outpatients delivery group established with clinical leadership. Willingness of clinical specialties to fully embrace potential of non-face-to-face options

Data/system limitations to capture patient initiated follow up in PAS system

#### **Develop OBC for HTP**

The progression of the HTP programme has been delayed due to lack of external funds to engage the external advisors required to continue the development of the Outline Business Case. A refresh of programme timescales will be undertaken when funding has been confirmed.

Status as at end October

R

Background
The Hospital
Transformation
programme will deliver
a revised clinical model
for the Shrewsbury and
Telford system. It will
establish an emergency
care facility at
Shrewsbury and a
planned care facility at
Telford.

The Trust submitted the SOC for the Hospital Transformation programme in November 2019. The next stage in the process is to produce an OBC.

Within the SOC it was outlined that additional external funding would be required to develop the project further.

The original milestone for confirmation of the external funding for the next stage of the programme was June 2020.

#### Issues

- The Outline
   Business Case
   cannot be
   progressed
   without the
   appointment of
   technical
   external
   advisors.
- Original timescales assumed the advisors would be in place by June.
- As a result of the delay in funding approval the subsequent timelines and milestones are no longer achievable and need to be revised once funding is confirmed.

#### Actions

- Confirm external funding and external approval to progress to next stage
- Revise programme timescales once funding approved.
- Complete readiness assessment
- Review and finalise key system assumptions that will be used to develop the OBC.

#### **Mitigations**

- Continued escalation of funding within system, region and nationally (N.B. funding support has now been confirmed in principle Nov 20 update)
- Continue to enhance and improve stakeholder engagement
- Produce exception report with revised plan and timelines
- Complete readiness assessment to inform future plans

