

Board of Directors' Meeting 8 December 2020

Agenda item	201/20			
Report	Maternity Report			
Executive Lead	Director of Nursing			
	Link to strategic pillar:		Link to CQC domain:	
	Our patients and community	√	Safe	√
	Our people	√	Effective	√
	Our service delivery	√	Caring	√
	Our partners	√	Responsive	√
	Our governance	√	Well Led	√
	Report recommendations:		Link to BAF / risk:	
	For assurance	√	BAF 1204	
	For decision / approval		Link to risk register:	
	For review / discussion		1733 ,1820,1829,1830,	
	For noting		1821,1828	
	For information	√		
	For consent			
Presented to:	Maternity Governance- September and October 2020 MQOC			
Dependent upon (if applicable):				
Executive summary:	<p>This report provides an update on the maternity service with particular reference to the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maternity Transformation plan (MTP) • CNST Maternity Incentive Scheme • Midwifery staffing report • PMRT / NHSR Early Notification Scheme <p>1. Maternity Transformation programme:</p> <p>The Maternity Transformation Programme (MTP) has been developed to provide focus and direction for the service over the next 3-5 years. It is underpinned by a detailed Maternity Improvement plan (MIP) which brings together the recommendations from local and national reports and reviews. This plan is monitored monthly at the Maternity Quality Operational Committee (MQOC)</p> <p>All work streams have met and are progressing the transformation plan.</p>			

2. CNST Maternity Incentive scheme: 10 safety actions (see appendix 2)

The Maternity Incentive Scheme is also progressing with no red areas, 6 amber (A) areas and 4 green (G) areas these are:-

- Use of PMRT tool (G)
- Submitting data to the MSDS (Maternity services data set) (A)
- Demonstrate having a Transitional care Service (A)
- Demonstrate an effective medical workforce (G)
- Demonstrate an effective midwifery workforce planning (A)
- Compliance with the 5 elements of saving babies lives (SBL) (A)
- Patient feedback mechanism (G)
- Training compliance MDS at 90% (A)
- Board level Safety Champions (A)
- Reported qualifying incidents (G)

3. Midwifery staffing report

- Midwife to Birth ratio very positive 1:26 (National tool 1:28)
- Delivery Suite 80% Acuity in October 20 (required 85%).
- Red flags 13 reported in October 20 –(increase)
- Labour ward co-ordinator was supernumerary on all occasions
- All areas achieved at least 90% fill rate for midwifery staffing
- The Birthrate+ is in progress. The report is anticipated in December 2020

4. Perinatal Mortality Review Tool and NHSR Early notification system report:

The total cases that fit the criteria for review using PMRT in Sept 20:

- 1 stillbirths; no neonatal deaths, no late fetal losses, no HSIB referrals and no cases for early notification
- 100% compliance with the scheme requirements noted

The Board are asked to receive and discuss this report.

Appendices

Appendix 1: Maternity Transformation overview
Appendix 2: CNST Maternity Incentive Scheme
Appendix 3: Midwifery Staffing report
Appendix 4 : Bi Monthly PMRT / NHSR Early Notification Scheme

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 The Maternity Transformation Programme (MTP) has been developed to provide focus and direction for the service over the next 3-5 years. It is underpinned by a detailed Maternity Improvement plan (MIP) which brings together the recommendations from local and national reports and reviews. This plan is monitored monthly at Maternity Quality Operational Committee (MQOC)
- 1.2 The NHS-E has continued to set out a number of ambitions (as part of their Business Plan) within the maternity and neonatal settings to reduce deaths in babies and young children, specifically neonatal mortality and still births. Safety in maternity and neonatal services has been of national focus since 2015.
- 1.3 In 2016 the Secretary of State for Health announced a challenging ambition to halve the rates of stillbirths, neonatal and maternal deaths, and brain injuries that occur during or soon after birth by 2030. To make sure progress was made quickly, there was an interim target that there would be an expectation of a 20% reduction by 2020. The end date subsequently changed to 2025 in order to maximise the positive outcomes that the ambition would support.
- 1.4. Shortly after the announcement the National Maternity Review, Better Births was published which set the direction and vision for maternity services and the national maternity transformation programme was created. The implementation of Better Births will ensure that women have safer more personalised care with choice regarding their care. It brings together key stakeholders to deliver change. Safety is the “golden thread” which runs throughout the transformation programme.
- 1.5 This report provides an update on the maternity service with particular reference to the:
 - MTP overview
 - CNST Maternity Incentive Scheme
 - Midwifery staffing report
 - PMRT / NHSR Early Notification Scheme

2.0 A brief overview of these 4 key areas of focus

2.1 Maternity Transformation programme:

There are 5 work streams each with an executive sponsor and work stream lead these are:

- Clinical Quality and Choice
- People and culture
- Governance and Risk
- Education and partnerships
- Communication and engagement

There is a Maternity Transformation Project Lead and two project managers have been recruited to oversee the work streams and liaise with Executive sponsors and work stream leads.

2.2 CNST Maternity Incentive scheme: 10 safety actions (see appendix 2)

The reporting period of the Maternity Incentive Scheme action had been deferred and the scheme restarted on 1st October 2020

2.3 This report shows the current status which includes the ongoing impact of Covid-19 in relation to achieving the actions. Some additional amendments have been made to reporting dates with more updates expected from NHSR.

2.4 Overall status of the scheme remains unchanged overall with one action moving from red to amber which relates to midwifery staffing, specifically the supernumerary status of the coordinator and 1:1 care in labour. There has been work around the education of staff around the 1:1 care in labour, improvements on the twice daily reporting of the acuity tool and an improvement in staffing numbers on the delivery suite. There was 1 occasion on 2nd September 2020 when this did not happen (with no adverse outcome), however there have been no reported incidents were the coordinator has not been supernumerary. There was also 100% one to one care in labour during September and October 2020.

2.5 The maternity Incentive scheme is also progressing with 6 amber areas and 4 green areas these are:-

- The use of PMRT tool (G) delivered and on track
- Submitting data to the Maternity services data set MSDS (A) on track
- Demonstrate having a Transitional care Service (A) at risk
- Demonstrate an effective medical workforce (G) Delivered and on track
- Demonstrate an effective midwifery workforce planning (A) at risk
- Compliance with the 5 elements of saving babies lives (SBL) (A) on track
- Patient feedback mechanism (G) delivered and on track
- Training compliance MDS at 90% (A) at risk
- Board level Safety Champions (A) on track
- Reported qualifying incidents (G) delivered and on track

2.6 Midwifery staffing report

- Midwife to Birth ratio is positive at 1:26. The aim is an average of 1:28
- Delivery Suite fell to 80% acuity in October 2020, this fell due to the increase of high risk women and a birth increase in month. We monitor the acuity twice daily.
- Red flags continue to be reported with 13 reported in October 20 – this is an increase mostly due to delays for induction of labour being commenced. This is monitored closely with in the Birthrate acuity tool and actively managed.
- The delivery suite co-ordinator was supernumerary on all occasions
- All areas achieved at least 90% fill rate for midwifery staffing
- The Birthrate+ report that is now concluded and will provide accurate data to determine the required staffing levels for the current configuration of maternity services. Initial feedback was provided to service leads on 30th September with a report planned to come to Maternity Governance in December 20.

2.7 Perinatal Mortality review tool and NHSR Early notification system report:

The total cases that fit the criteria for review using PMRT in Sept 20:

- 1 stillbirths;
- 0 Neonatal Deaths
- 0 late fetal loss (22-23+6 weeks gestation)
- 0 cases that required referral to the NHS Early Resolutions Scheme.
- 100% compliance with the scheme requirement noted.

3.0 **Risks and actions**

- 3.1 MTP work is progressing in conjunction with the LMS - Further reports to be shared at Board of Directors
- 3.2 CNST- Continue to monitor the progress against the action plan, flag any risks
- 3.3 Staffing Report- To continue monitoring the Midwifery staffing and to report on the Birthrate + outcome once the report is completed
- 3.4 Continue to monitor the neonatal outcomes reported on the Perinatal Mortality review tool and NHSR Early notification system report.

4.0 **Conclusion**

- 4.1 The Board are asked to accept and discuss report

Director of Nursing
November 2020

Appendix 1

Transformation Programme Report



Core Aims

We want to achieve:



High quality services

We want to deliver high quality safe and effective clinical services



Learning culture

We want to build a compassionate learning culture



Build trust

We want to rebuild the confidence and trust of the community

Where are we now



Agreed Transformation Programme structure with workstream leads and Executive Sponsors



Kick off workshop in August with key internal and external stakeholders



Recruited to Project Management Team – start mid October



Workstream leads developing workstream plans – identified key high impact actions



Team Coaching/Development programme in place for delivery team



Commissioned Qualitative study with Birmingham City University

Programme Structure

Maternity Transformation Committee: Patients and Partners

THE HOW

WS1

Clinical quality
and choice

WS2

People &
Culture

WS3

Governance
and Risk

WS4

Education and
Partnerships

WS5

Comms &
Engagement

Patients, our people and Partners

Workstream Leadership



Workstream

Programme Leadership: Louise Donovan/Martyn Underwood

WS1

Clinical quality and choice

- **Exec Sponsor:** Chief Nurse (DON)
- **Workstream Lead:** Mai-See Hon (Clinical Director Obstetrics)

WS2

People & Culture

- **Exec Sponsor:** Rhia Boyode (DOW)
- **Workstream Lead:** Janine McDonnell (Care Group Director)

WS3

Governance and Risk

- **Exec Sponsor:** Director of Governance
- **Workstream Lead:** Nicola Wenlock (Director of Midwifery)

WS4

Education and Partnerships

- **Exec Sponsor:** Medical Director
- **Workstream Lead:** Will Parry Smith (Consultant Obstetrician)

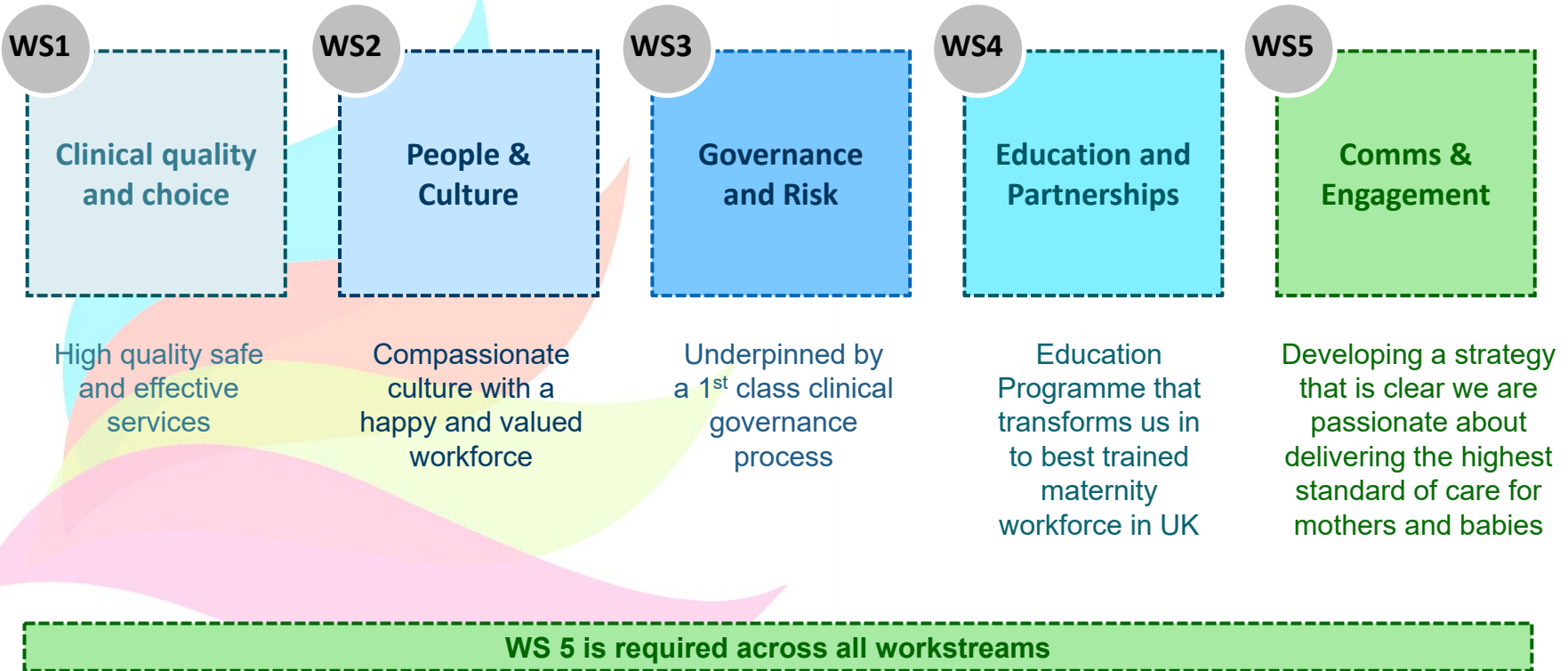
WS5

Communication & Engagement

- **Exec Sponsor:** Director of Governance
- **Workstream Lead:** Kirsty Walker (Head of Communications)

What are we trying to achieve?

There are five key workstreams to achieve success on the programme

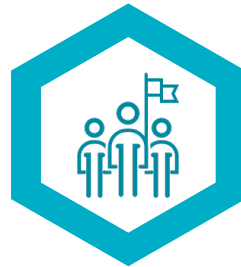


Measuring success



High quality services

Measure	Aspiration
Mortality rates: Still birth Neonatal death	Top quartile(GiRFT) No red dots MBRACE
HIE	Top quartile
Cooling babies	Top quartile
Term Neonatal admission	Top quartile
Tear rates	Top quartile
CQC Good across the board	September 2021



Learning culture

Measure	Aspiration
Speak up comfort levels	To be agreed
Leadership perception	
Recruitment and retention rates	
Sickness rates	
Complaints	
Risk	
Training	



Build trust

Measure	Aspiration
Maternity Voices Partnership metrics	To be agreed
Friends and Family Test	

Workstream Plans – High Impact Actions

Workstream

High Impact Actions/priority areas of focus

WS1

Clinical quality and choice

Overarching action: Explore Pilot a Clinical Informatics service specific to maternity

- 1) Revised AN Pathway Risk assessment, Continuity of care & Personalised care plans, One stop and specialist clinics (SBL)
- 2) Birth place choice, enhanced recovery, reduce incidence of Postpartum Haemorrhage, dedicated HDU room (EMC)
- 3) Perinatal mental health, bereavement pathway, recovery support

WS2

People & Culture

- 1) Undertaking work with 'Think on' on culture
- 2) Undertake Listening in to Action
- 3) Develop behavioural standards framework

WS3

Governance and Risk

- 1) Identify what best practice clinical governance framework looks like - consider partnership with high performing organisation
- 2) Project Plan – getting to an outstanding clinical governance framework

WS4

Education and Partnerships

- 1) Conducting gap analysis of current training programme against 'mind the gap'
- 2) Designing in partnership with baby lifeline a first class education and training programme
- 3) Exploring opportunities for partnership working with another unit to include staff rotation etc

WS5

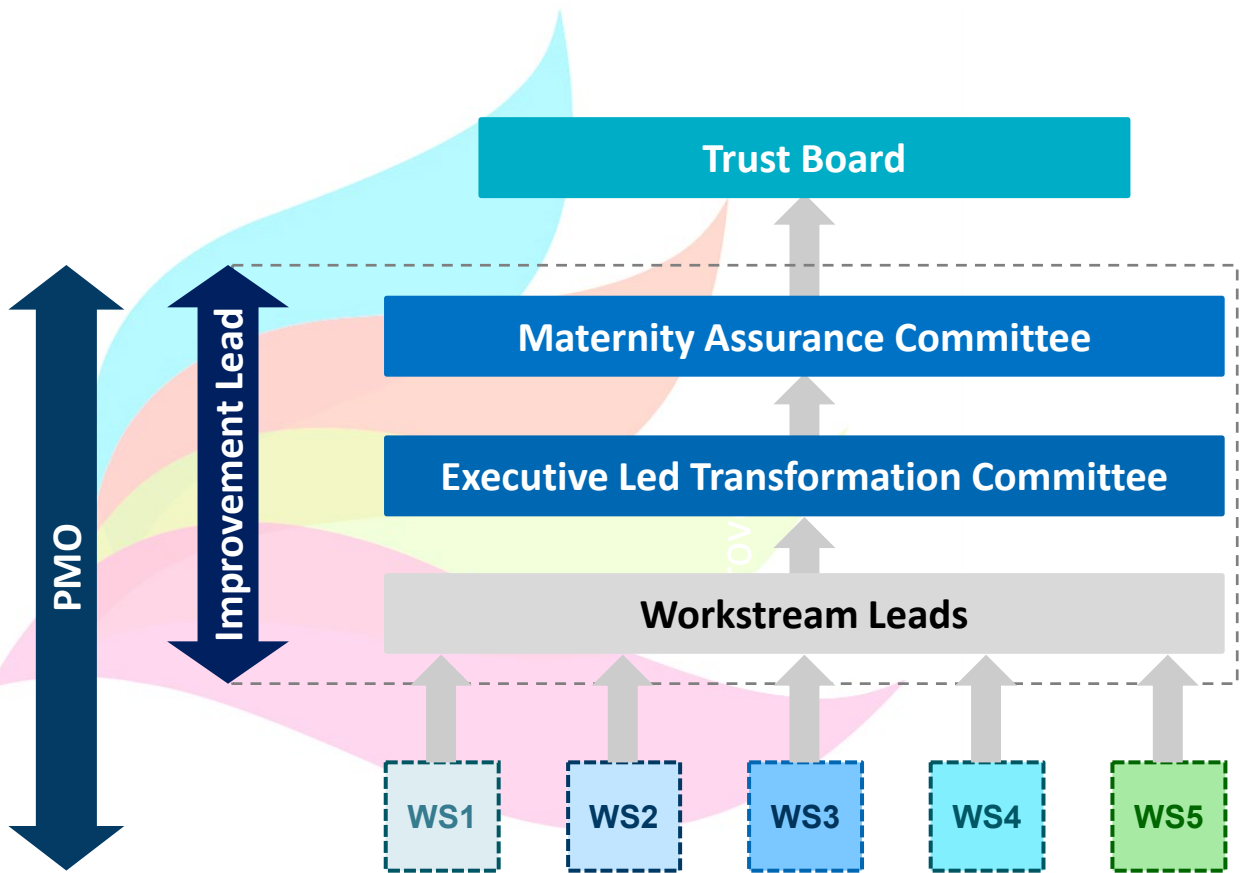
Communication & Engagement

- 1) Develop and delivery of a first class Communication and Engagement strategy with our patients and community
- 2) Support, advise and assist the delivery of a quality workforce engagement strategy



Programme Governance

Roles and Responsibilities will be clearly defined on this programme:



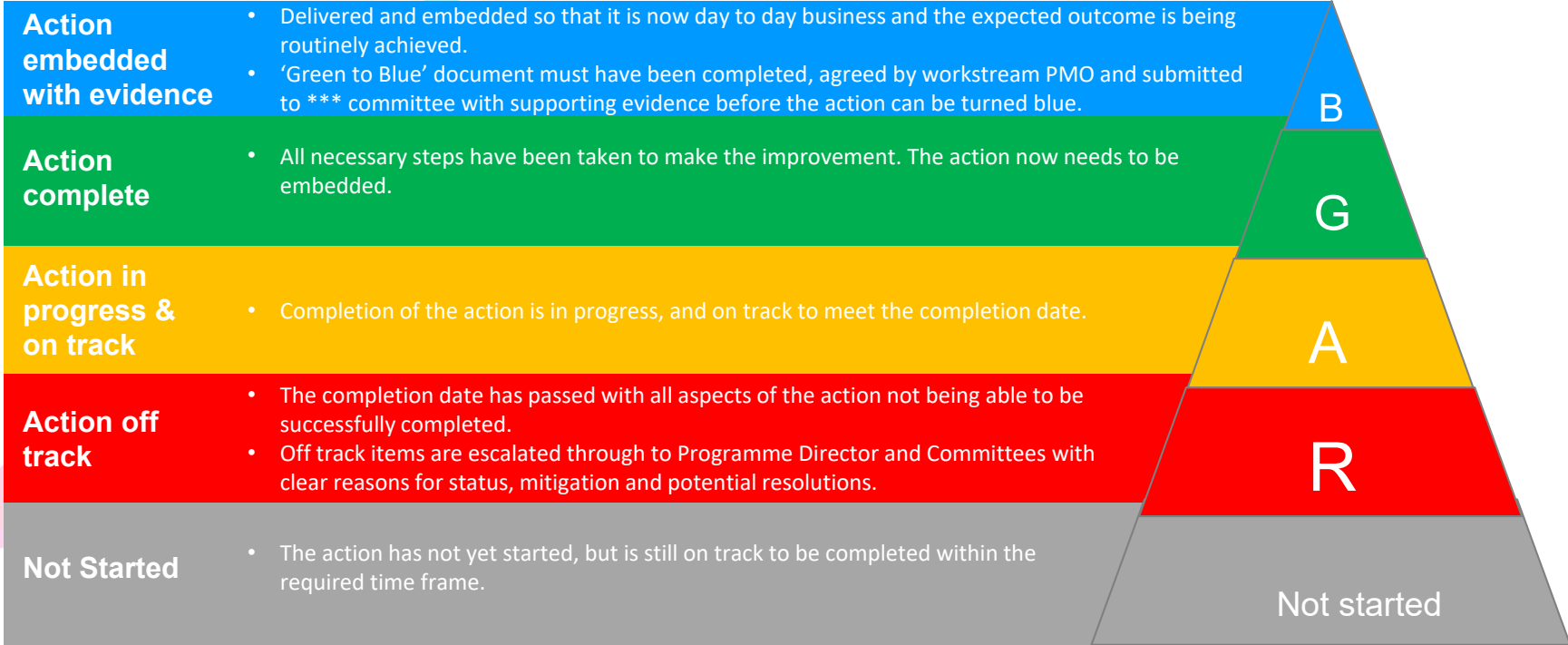
- **Executive Lead** is accountable for delivery of each workstream.
- The programme will be overseen by a **Maternity Transformation Board**, consisting of the workstream leads, PMO, Clinical Leads and chaired by the Chief Nurse.
- **PMO** will provide assurance of delivery through reporting, tracking of milestones and the assembling of evidence that the change is embedded.
- The **Trust Board** will receive assurance via Maternity Assurance Subcommittee.
- External assurance and challenge will be provided by the **External Advisory Group**.
- **Improvement Lead** sits outside of care group to provide independent assurance and will attend executive and sub-board committee





Assurance Process – BRAG Ratings

RAG+B Ratings will allow us to communicate project health at any point in time:



**CNST Maternity Incentive Scheme- NHS Resolution
– Year 3 progress and action plan as at November 2020
(Appendix 2 – Maternity Update to Board of Directors, 8 December 2020)**

Executive Lead: Hayley Flavell
Author: Anthea Gregory-Page

1. Introduction

This paper provides an update to the Board in relation the compliance with the third year of the Clinical Negligence Scheme for Trusts (CNST) Incentive Scheme for Maternity Safety Actions since the previous update in August 2020. The scheme offers a financial rebate of up to 10% of the maternity premium for Trusts that are able to demonstrate progress against a list of ten safety actions

2. Background

- 2.1 NHSR published an update to the original version of the Incentive scheme on 4th February 2020. There were some changes to the document and the action plan has been amended to reflect those changes.
- 2.2 The maternity service has assessed itself against the current incentive scheme and considers that there are 4 areas for focus if the scheme is to be achieved successfully and in full.
- 2.3 NHSR has published the Maternity Incentive Scheme for the third year running. This scheme for 2020/21 builds on previous years to evidence both sustainability and on-going quality improvements. The safety actions described if implemented a reconsidered to be a contributory factor to achieving the national ambition of reducing stillbirths, neonatal deaths, perinatal morbidity and maternal deaths by 50 % by 2025.

3. Current situation

- 3.1 The reporting period of the Maternity Incentive Scheme action was deferred and the scheme restarted on 1st October 2020
- 3.2 Therefore, this report shows the current status which includes the ongoing impact of Covid-19 in relation to achieving the actions. Some additional amendments have been made to reporting dates with more updates expected from NHSR.
- 3.3 Overall status of the scheme remains unchanged overall with one action moving from red to amber which relates to midwifery staffing, specifically the supernumerary status of the coordinator and 1:1 care in labour. There has been work around the education of staff around the 1:1 care in labour, improvements on the twice daily reporting of the acuity tool and an improvement in staffing numbers on the delivery suite. There was 1 occasion in 2nd September 20 when this did not happen (with no adverse outcome), however this has not occurred since. There was also 100% one to one care in labour during September and October 2020.

Action	Maternity Safety Action	Previous status	Current Position	Action required to mitigate and resolve issue	Deadline	Lead
1	Are you using the National Perinatal Mortality Review Tool to review and report perinatal deaths to the required standard?			This is currently on track and will be monitored monthly	March 2021	Director of Midwifery
2	Are you submitting data to the Maternity Services Data Set to the required standard?			Badgernet Maternity has been purchased and implementation is being planned. A digital IT Midwife has been appointed in November 2020 to lead on this from a maternity perspective.	March 2021	Director of Digital Transformation/ Director of Midwifery/ Clinical Director
3	Can you demonstrate that you have transitional care services to support the Avoiding Term Admissions Into Neonatal units Programme?			The KPO team continues to support the service with a quality improvement project. The guidance is being reviewed. A workforce plan to include TC staffing will be developed when BR+ is reported. The deadline was amended to reflect the status and required time to be able to complete the work satisfactorily.	Dec 2020	Director of Midwifery
4	Can you demonstrate an effective system of medical workforce planning to the required standard?			This is currently on track and will be monitored monthly NNU staffing complies with BAPM standard	March 2021	Clinical Director

Action	Maternity Safety Action	Previous status	Current Position	Action required to mitigate and resolve issue	Deadline	Lead
5	Can you demonstrate an effective system of midwifery workforce planning to the required standard?			<p>Work continues on the compliance of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The supernumerary status of the delivery suite coordinator • 1:1 care for all women <p>We have not been able to demonstrate consecutive 3 month period. Memo sent to staff around education about – definition of 1:1 care.</p> <p>The escalation policy has been updated and ratified</p> <p>The Birth place Plus assessment is now complete and we are awaiting the final report.</p> <p>Birth rate acuity tools are now running on</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Delivery suite • Postnatal • Antenatal <p>Reporting twice daily Training for the MLU manager is underway.</p>	Mar 2021	Director of Midwifery
6	Can you demonstrate compliance with all five elements of the Saving Babies' Lives care bundle?			<p>Band 7 Midwife lead post successfully recruited to.</p> <p>New EPR system procured which will enhance the ease of data collection.</p>	March 2021	Clinical Director

Action	Maternity Safety Action	Previous status	Current Position	Action required to mitigate and resolve issue	Deadline	Lead
7	Can you demonstrate that you have a patient feedback mechanism for maternity services and that you regularly act on feedback?			The service is compliant with the recommendations. A patient experience report is presented at maternity Governance monthly.	Sept 2020	Director of Midwifery
8	Can you evidence that 90% of each maternity unit staff group have attended an 'in-house' multi-professional maternity emergencies training session within the last training year?			Risk to compliance due to additional requirements for training and the need to ensure all staff groups have been trained. The suspension of training in response to the pandemic has also impacted upon this overall. MDT training has recommenced (August). There remains a risk to achievement due to the number of staff requiring training. A priority schedule is being developed.	March 2021	Director of Midwifery / Clinical Director
9	Can you demonstrate that the trust safety champions (obstetrician and midwife) are meeting bi-monthly with Board level champions to escalate locally identified issues?			Meeting have been held bi-monthly with the safety champions and a monthly walkabout and feedback sessions for staff with the Board level Safety Champion (BLSC) 20.11.20 The safety feedback dashboard needs to be developed. Continuity of carer target has changed due to the pandemic from 51% in March 21 to 35% in March 2021 Two Continuity teams have been successfully	December 2020	Board level safety champion/ Director of Midwifery

Action	Maternity Safety Action	Previous status	Current Position	Action required to mitigate and resolve issue	Deadline	Lead
				rolled out with a further two to commence Dec/Jan 21		
10	Have you reported 100% of qualifying 2019/20 incidents under NHS Resolution's Early Notification scheme?			This action has been delivered – it must be recognised that the time frame may change. This is an ongoing report	March 2021	Director of Midwifery

4. Recommendations

4.1 The board members are asked to accept and discuss the report.

**Midwifery Staffing report – October 2020
(Appendix 3 – Maternity Update to Board of Directors, 8 December 2020)**

Executive Lead – Hayley Flavell

Author – Anthea Gregory-Page Deputy Head of Midwifery

1. Introduction

- 1.1 The maternity service currently operates a hub and spoke model of care.
- 1.2 The Obstetric unit is situated at PRH, containing the following units:- Antenatal, Triage, Day Assessment, Delivery Suite, Postnatal, Outpatients and scan. There are also Consultant outpatients based at the Mytton Oak House RSH.
- 1.3 The Midwife led Unit at PRH is now situated alongside the Consultant Obstetric Unit and was opened for antenatal and postnatal clinics on 9th April and intrapartum care on 27th April.
- 1.4 The Freestanding Midwifery led unit at RSH continues to be closed to births whilst essential building work takes place. The antenatal, postnatal community visits and outpatient activity including scans operate from this site.
- 1.5 In addition there are 3 freestanding midwifery led units; Oswestry, Bridgnorth and Ludlow. Births are currently suspended in all of these units pending a public consultation as to the future of midwifery led services in these units. All of the units provide antenatal and postnatal care.
- 1.6 The service also provides community midwifery care via teams of community midwives linked to each of the MLUs and two further community outposts at Whitchurch and Market Drayton.
- 1.7 The current model of care is both a traditional model (team working to provide antenatal and postnatal care with core midwives providing inpatient care) and a Continuity of Carer model (better births)
- 1.8 The activity within maternity services is dynamic and can change rapidly. It is therefore essential that there is adequate staffing in all areas to provide safe high quality care by staff who have the requisite skills and knowledge. Regular and ongoing monitoring of the activity and staffing is vital to identify trends and causes for concern, which must be supported by a robust policy for escalation in times of high demand or low staffing numbers.

2. Background

- 2.1 NICE published the report Safe midwifery staffing for maternity settings in 2015, updated in 2019. This guideline aims to improve maternity care by giving advice on monitoring staffing levels and actions to take if there are not enough midwives to meet the needs of women and babies in the service. The guidance was produced in response to previous reports such as the Kirkup report (2015)

2.2 Safety action number 5 of the Maternity Incentive Scheme asks

Can you demonstrate an effective system of midwifery workforce planning to the required standard?

2.3 The required standard for this is detailed below:

- A systematic, evidence-based process to calculate midwifery staffing establishment is complete.
- The midwifery coordinator in charge of labour ward must have supernumerary status; (defined as having no caseload of their own during their shift) to ensure there is an oversight of all birth activity within the service
- All women in active labour receive one-to-one midwifery care
- Submit a bi-annual midwifery staffing oversight report that covers staffing/safety issues to the Board.

2.4 The required standard for this is detailed below:

- A systematic, evidence-based process to calculate midwifery staffing establishment is complete.
- The midwifery coordinator in charge of labour ward must have supernumerary status; (defined as having no caseload of their own during their shift) to ensure there is an oversight of all birth activity within the service
- All women in active labour receive one-to-one midwifery care
- Submit a bi-annual midwifery staffing oversight report that covers staffing/safety issues to the Board.

3. Current situation

3.1 The bi-annual report submitted will comprise evidence to support a, b and c progress or achievement.

3.2 A clear breakdown of BirthRate+ or equivalent calculations to demonstrate how the required establishment has been calculated.

- A full Birthrate+ assessment was completed by the service in April 2017.
- Services which do not have the recommended number of midwives as detailed in a Birthrate+ assessment have an increased risk of a high number of midwifery staffing red flags and times when the DS coordinator cannot be supernumerary.
- Agreement was reached in April 2019 to recruit to the recommended level of midwives as detailed in the report.
- A repeat Birthrate+ assessment commenced 27th April 2020 using retrospective data analysis.
- Initial feedback to service leads is planned on November 2020 with a full workforce plan being completed by January 2021

3.4 Details of planned versus actual midwifery staffing levels. To include evidence of mitigation/escalation for managing a shortfall in staffing.

- Each month the planned versus actual staffing levels are submitted to the national database using the information provided from the Allocate rostering system.
- The template for the areas was corrected in February 20.
- The Covid-19 pandemic had an impact on midwifery and WSA staffing and the MLU and home birth service was suspended for approximately one month during April 20 to support the delivery of care in all other areas.
- The service continues to monitor and report the impact of covid-19 on midwifery staffing nationally.
- The template on DS has been increased but not changed in the system hence the reason for the apparent over establishment of midwives. However, this increase is supported by the positive acuity data and reduction in red flags.
- All areas achieved at least 90% expected fill rate for midwifery staff. The escalation policy is implemented should any area require more midwifery staffing based on patient numbers and acuity/complexity.
- A full workforce plan is expected in January 21 following the completion of the Birthrate+ audit.

Table 3- Fill rates for Delivery Suite and Wrekin midwifery Led unit- %monthly comparison

	Fill Rates DS RM		Fill rates DS WSA		Fill Rates Wrekin RM		Fill rates Wrekin WSA	
	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night
Jan 20	120.9	113.1	94.9	96.8	104.6	88.4	106.5	92.2
Feb	108.5	99.5	83.0	93.2	85.9	91.6	89	51.1
Mar	86.85	76.32	84.02	84.72	NA	NA	NA	NA
Apr	125.17	113.95	97.45	87.13	76.39	55.14	52.92	26.67
May	120	122.7	88.9	96.4	98.8	97.3	53.9	0
June	118.3	116.4	99.2	99.4	94.6	99.6	64.9	45
July	130	119	103	101	93	90	79	42
August	123	109	121	99	98	74	105	48
Sept	125	120	105	97.4	99	86	65	45
October	125	107	125	98	90	71	94	45

March figures in grey demonstrate Wrekin Unit partially closed due to moving to new unit

Table 4 - Fill rates for antenatal ward and postnatal ward - % - monthly comparison

	Fill Rates AN ward RM		Fill rates AN ward WSA		Fill Rates PN ward RM		Fill rates PN ward WSA	
	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night	Day	Night
Jan 20	104.7	149.	92.1	178.	140.	112.0	113.9	98.1
Feb	77.4	100.3	92.1	91.5	99	98.6	95.7	96.6
Mar	83.33	81.13	96.24	88.80	89.74	91.94	94.33	95.12
Apr	98.8	100.14	82.5	85.56	111.83	97.29	93.96	97.78
May	103.3	98.5	80.9	80.9	102.1	98.7	92	94.6
June	108.2	101.5	101.9	96.7	No Data			
July	84	100	105	92	106	100	97	98
August	94	119	98	98	101	99	97	101
Sept	96	96	117	96	94	94	101	96
October	92	118	100	99	90	99	92	99

3.5 An action plan to address the findings from the full audit or table-top exercise of Birth Rate+ or equivalent undertaken, where deficits in staffing levels have been identified.

- A workforce plan will be developed following the receipt of the final Birthrate report

3.6 Maternity services should detail progress against the action plan to demonstrate an increase in staffing levels and any mitigation to cover any shortfalls.

- There is an escalation policy for staff to use in the event of staffing short falls

3.7 The midwife: birth ratio.

- The monthly midwife to birth ratio is currently calculated using the number of Whole time equivalent midwives employed and the total number of births in month. This is the contracted or established Midwife to birth ratio.
- A more accurate midwife to birth ratio is given when using the actual worked ratio which is in use across the West Midlands network for the calculation of monthly midwife to birth ratio. This takes into account those midwives who are not available for work due to sickness or maternity leave whilst adding in the WTE bank shifts completed in each month. This “worked” calculation will show greater fluctuations in the ratio but provides a realistic measure of the number of available midwives measured against actual births each month. This was a recommendation of the RCOG report 2017.

- The reporting of the contracted ratio is a useful measure to assess the recruitment and retention of midwives to the service although will show small fluctuations due to this as well as changes in birth numbers each month.
- The Midwife to Birth ration was 1:26 in October 20 (establishment). The worked ratios have been calculated and these are being validated.

3.8 The percentage of specialist midwives employed and mitigation to cover any inconsistencies. Birth Rate+ accounts for 8-10% of the establishment, which are not included in clinical numbers. This includes those in management positions and specialist midwives.

The service has a wide range of specialist midwifery posts as detailed below:

- IT Digital lead- Appointment to post in process
- Bereavement – a second post has been recruited to
- Infant feeding
- Risk / governance
- Education
- CPE/F
- Improving women's health (Mental Health & Substance misuse)
- Safeguarding
- Antenatal and Newborn Screening
- Guidelines
- Professional Midwifery Advocate
- Public Health Midwife
- Diabetes Specialist Midwife

3.9 Evidence from an acuity tool (may be locally developed), local audit, and/or local dashboard figures demonstrating 100% compliance with supernumerary labour ward co-ordinator status and the provision of one-to-one care in active labour. Must include plan for mitigation/escalation to cover any shortfalls

- The maternity service implemented the use of the Birthrate intrapartum acuity tool in 2017. This was initially using an excel based programme. From September 2018 the service introduced the web based App. The data is inputted into the system every 4 hours by the Delivery Suite coordinator and measures the acuity and the number of midwives on shift to determine an acuity score. Birthrate defines acuity as “the volume of need for midwifery care at any one time based upon the number of women in labour and their degree of dependency”
- A positive acuity scores means that the midwifery staffing is adequate for the level of acuity of the women being cared for on DS at that time. A negative acuity score means that there may not be an adequate number of midwives to provide safe care to all women on the DS at the time. In addition the tool collects data such as red flags which are defined as a “**warning sign that something may be wrong with midwifery staffing**” (NICE 2015). SaTH has adopted the red flags detailed in the NICE report. There were **13 red flags** reported in October 2020 mostly due to delays in Induction of labour.

- The Royal College of Midwives in discussion with Heads of Midwifery has suggested that a target of 85% staffing meeting acuity should be set but that this can be reviewed and set locally depending upon the type of maternity service. In addition there should be a compliance with data recording of at least 85% in order to have confidence in the results.

The acuity target was achieved in October 20 at 80%. This was due to the activity around an increase in acuity of women and an increased birth rate in month.

- Compliance with completion of the acuity tool has also improved for the scheduled times of reporting (3am 7am, 11am 3pm, 7pm and 11pm) with a confidence rating of >87.1% being achieved. As a result the data is more reliable. The report now only includes the scheduled data inputs and no longer includes the unscheduled data input. A review of the unscheduled data inputs is in progress as this will provide valuable information about the department outside of the scheduled input times and will offer information regarding the initiation of the escalation policy. Further improvement is anticipated following meetings with the DS Co-ordinators. These meetings have now commenced. The Escalation policy has been reviewed and updated and will be ratified in August following review in the July guideline meeting.
- **1:1 care** is defined as “care provided for the woman throughout labour exclusively by a midwife solely dedicated to her care (not necessarily the same midwife for the whole of labour)” (NICE 2015). During October 20 there were **no episodes where 1:1 care was not provided**
- **Supernumerary status** of the coordinator is defined as the coordinator not having a caseload. The acuity tool has time built in for the coordinator to be supernumerary when it is recorded. The data identified that the coordinator was **supernumerary on all occasions in October 2020**. These are being reviewed in order to ascertain the circumstances that led to this and what actions were taken at the time

3.10 Number of red flag incidents (associated with midwifery staffing) reported in a consecutive six month time period within the last 12 months, how they are collected, where/how they are reported/monitored and any actions arising (Please note: it is for the trust to define what red flags they monitor. Examples of red flag incidents are provided in the technical guidance).

- There were **13 red flags** recorded during this period. Of these 11 red flags were raised because of a delay in awaiting ARM/ Augmentation. There is a process in place to ensure safe monitoring of these patients. There were no adverse outcomes from these delays and 2 red flags were attributed to lack of delivery suite beds, however the recording of this is under review as does not reflect a Midwifery staffing issue. The West Midlands Heads of Midwifery Advisory Group is reviewing the current red flags as part of a wider West Midlands work stream in order that all units are reporting on a minimum agreed dataset of red flags in order to offer consistency and ease of benchmarking.

4. Recommendations

4.1 The board members are asked to accept and discuss the report.

Perinatal Mortality Review Tool (PMRT) Bi-Monthly report (Appendix 4 – Maternity Update to Board of Directors, 8 December 2020)

Executive Lead: Hayley Flavell, Director of Nursing
Author: Anthea Gregory-Page, Deputy Head of Midwifery

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Now in its third year, the maternity incentive scheme supports the delivery of safer maternity care through an incentive element to trusts contributions to the CNST
- 1.2 This report will focus on 2 of the 10 safety actions agreed with the national maternity safety champions in partnership with the Collaborative Advisory Group (CAG).
 - **Safety Action 1:** Are you using the perinatal mortality review tool to review perinatal deaths to the required standard?
 - **Safety action 10:** Have you reported 100% of qualifying 2019/20 incidents under NHS Resolution's Early Notification scheme

2.0 Current situation

- 2.1 A review using the Perinatal Mortality Review Tool (PMRT) of 95% of all deaths of babies, suitable for review using the PMRT, from Friday 20 December 2019 will have been started within four months of each death. This includes deaths after home births where care was provided by our trust staff and the baby died.
- 2.2 At least 50% of all deaths of babies (suitable for review using the PMRT) who were born and died in our trust, including home births, from Friday 20 December 2019 will have been reviewed using the PMRT, by a multidisciplinary review team. Each review will have been completed to the point that at least a PMRT draft report has been generated by the tool, within four months of each death.
- 2.3 For 95% of all deaths of babies who were born and died in our trust from Friday 20 December 2019, the parents were told that a review of their baby's death will take place, and that the parents' perspectives and any concerns they have about their care and that of their baby have been sought. This includes any home births where care was provided by our trust staff and the baby died.
- 2.4 BI Monthly reports are submitted to Trust Board as part of the overarching maternity paper.

2.5 Quarterly reports have been submitted to the trust Board that include details of all deaths reviewed and consequent action plans. The quarterly reports should be discussed with the trust maternity safety champion.

2.6 Acute maternity trusts are required to notify NHS Resolution within 30 days of all babies born at term (≥ 37 completed weeks of gestation), following labour, that have had a potentially severe brain injury diagnosed in the first seven days of life, based on the following criteria:

- Have been diagnosed with grade III hypoxic ischaemic encephalopathy (HIE); OR
- Were actively therapeutically cooled; OR
- Had decreased central tone AND were comatose AND had seizures of any kind.

3.0 **Assessment of cases for September 2020**

Stillbirths- There was 1 still birth reported in this month and the PMRT tool was commenced. The family was written to and a formal review with an external Consultant was held on the 8th October 2020. The criteria were met for all three categories and the service met 100% compliance.

Neonatal deaths -There were no neonatal deaths in month and the service met the 100% compliance for reporting.

Late fetal losses –There were no late fetal losses recorded in month and the service met 100% compliance

NHS Early Resolution’s Early Notification – There were no cases for September 20 equalling 100% compliance

HSIB referrals – There were no HSIB referrals in month equalling 100% compliance.

Bi-monthly reports – The September 20 report have been presented at Maternity Governance during October 2020 and will be part of the Bi monthly reporting in the overarching Maternity Paper for presentation at the Trust Board on the 8th December 2020.

4.0 **Recommendations**

4.1 The board members are asked to accept and discuss the report.