

Board of Directors' Meeting 14 March 2024

Agenda item		050/24								
Report Title		Board Assurance Framewor	rk – [Draft Quarter 3, 2023/24						
Executive Lead	b	Director of Governance – Ann	a Mil	anec						
Report Author		Interim Corporate Governance	e Cor	nsultant – Deborah Bryce						
CQC Domain:		Link to Strategic Goal:		Link to BAF / risk:						
Safe		Our patients and community	$\sqrt{}$	All BAF risks						
Effective	√	Our people	√	All BAT Hoto						
Caring	√	Our service delivery		Trust Risk Register id:						
Responsive		Our governance								
Well Led		Our partners								
Consultation Communication		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee – 30 January 2024. Quality & Safety Assurance Committee – 31 January 2024. Audit & Risk Assurance Committee – 19 February 2024.								
Executive summary:		owners and their relevant sen It is proposed in quarter 3 to it BAF risk 9 from 16 to 20, which	er 3 c ior te ncrea ch bri	of 2023/24 by the executive risk						
Recommendations to the Board:		organisation and if the risk soc b) Consider if there is evidence risks and if actions are being p c) Agree that BAF risk 12 has	The Board is asked to: a) Consider if the BAF content reflects the strategic risks within the organisation and if the risk scores are appropriate? b) Consider if there is evidence of successful management of the risks and if actions are being progressed in a timely manner? c) Agree that BAF risk 12 has joint executive leads from quarter 3. d) Approve the quarter 3 BAF, 2023/24.							
Appendices:		Appendix 1: Board Assurance Framework (draft) - Quarter 3								

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 The Board Assurance Framework (BAF) outlines the risks to achievement of the organisation's strategic objectives.
- 1.2 Work to review and refresh the BAF content for quarter 3 was undertaken during mid-December 2023 to mid-January 2024.
- 1.3 The Board's attention is drawn to all BAF risks.

2.0 Significant changes to the BAF in quarter 3 2023/24

- 2.1 The BAF content has been thoroughly refreshed for quarter 3. The draft BAF can be found within **Appendix 1.** New narrative since the previous quarter's BAF is shown in blue text.
- 2.2 It is proposed in quarter 3 to increase the current total risk score of BAF risk 9 (The Trust is unable to recover services post-Covid to meet the needs of the community / service users) from 4X4=16 to 4X5=20. This is because insourcing has been stood down following the NHSE 'reset' letter, and, therefore, zero 65 week waiters at the end of March 2024 will not be met.
- 2.3 It is proposed in quarter 3 to <u>reduce</u> the current total risk score of <u>BAF risk 3</u> (*If the trust does not ensure staff are appropriately skilled, supported and valued this will impact on our ability to recruit/retain staff and deliver the required quality of care*) from 4X4=16 to 4X3=12. This is due to the progress being made in a number of areas.
- 2.4 It is also proposed to <u>reduce</u> the current total risk score of <u>BAF risk 11</u> (The current configuration and layout of acute services in Shrewsbury and Telford will not support future population needs and will present an increasing risk to the quality and continuity of services) from 4X4=16 to 4X3=12. As the Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) have now developed further detailed plans and have mitigated more of the risks previously identified.
- 2.5 A number of actions have been completed and closed in quarter 3, as indicated within the BAF.
- 2.6 A new gap in control has been added to BAF risk 12 (*There is a risk of non-delivery of integrated pathways, led by the ICS and ICP*), to reflect recent discussions at Quality & Safety Assurance Committee regarding SaTH's involvement in integrated clinical pathways.
- 2.7 Upon reviewing BAF risk 12 jointly this quarter with the Chief Operating Officer (current executive risk owner) and the Director of Strategy & Partnerships, it was suggested that the risk may benefit from joint executive ownership in future. QSAC considered and agreed this at their meeting on 31 January 2024, with the BAF subsequently updated to reflect this.
- 2.8 A few additional actions have also been added throughout the BAF in quarter 3.

3.0 Risks, actions and the Organisation's Top risks

- 3.1 The detail of each BAF risk and proposed actions aligned with gaps in control and assurance can be seen within the draft BAF (Appendix 1).
- 3.2 Based on the draft <u>current</u> total risk scores for the quarter 3 BAF in 2023/24, and a total of 14 risks, there are three top risks with a risk score of 20; five risks with a current total risk score of 16; two with a score of 15 and four with a score of 12, as indicated within the BAF summary page.
- 3.3 The three top risks, with a current total risk score of 20, are shown below. Since quarter 2, BAF risk 9 has been included within the top risks following an increase in current total risk score during this quarter.

The three top scoring BAF risks based on current draft total risk scores at quarter 3:

No.	Risk title	Overseeing Committee	Current proposed risk score at quarter 3, 2023-24	Change since quarter 2 2023-24
BAF 5	The Trust does not operate within its available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action.	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x5 = 20	No change ↔
BAF 9 (became a top risk in Q3)	The Trust is unable to recover services post-Covid to meet the needs of the community / service users.	Finance & Performance and Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	Increase in current total risk score in Q3 from 16 to 20.
BAF 10	The Trust is unable to meet the required national urgent and emergency standards.	Finance & Performance and Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	No change ↔

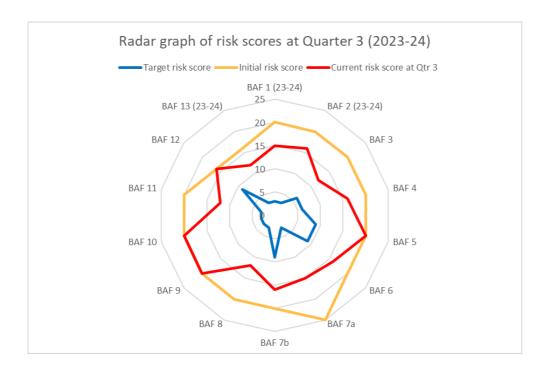
- 3.4 Being aware of the proposed top scoring risks (based on the current risk score) should assist the Board to consider:
 - If these risks reflect the perceived current top risks within the organisation.
 - The priority of focus given to the risks and assurances received.
 - The comparative scoring of all risks.

The BAF summary page indicates the scores for each risk, which also includes other extreme risks scored above 15.

4.0 Visual representation of risk scores

- 4.1 The radar graph within the BAF (below) provides a visual representation of risk scores, including target risk score. It is intended that this will assist the Board to:
 - identify the gap between the risk target score and current risk score.

- help identify where the initial and current risk scores are the same (where the line on the graph overlaps), i.e., risks 5, 9, 10 and 12, and to consider if the controls are adequate for these risks or if further action and assurance is required.
- assist to continue to reflect on the target risk scores and whether these remain appropriate and achievable, along with the risk tolerance.



5.0 Recommendations

The Board is asked to:

- a) Consider if the BAF content reflects the strategic risks within the organisation and if the risk scores are appropriate?
- b) Consider if there is evidence of successful management of the risks and if actions are being progressed in a timely manner?
- c) **Agree** that BAF risk 12 has joint executive leads from quarter 3.
- d) **Approve** the quarter 3 BAF, 2023/24.



Appendix 1

Board Assurance Framework (BAF) 2023/24 - draft quarter 3 (October - December 2023)

(Updated December 2023/January 2024 - Version 1.2)



Risk scoring framework

	Likelihood													
	1	2	3	4	5									
Impact / consequence	Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost certain									
5 Severe	5	10	15	20	25									
4 Major	4	8	12	16	20									
3 Moderate	3	6	9	12	15									
2 Minor	2	4	6	8	10									
1 Negligible	1	2	3	4	5									

For grading risk, the scores obtained from the risk matrix are assigned grades as follows*:

1 to 3	LOW risk
4 to 6	MODERATE risk
8 to 12	HIGH risk
15 - 25	EXTREME risk

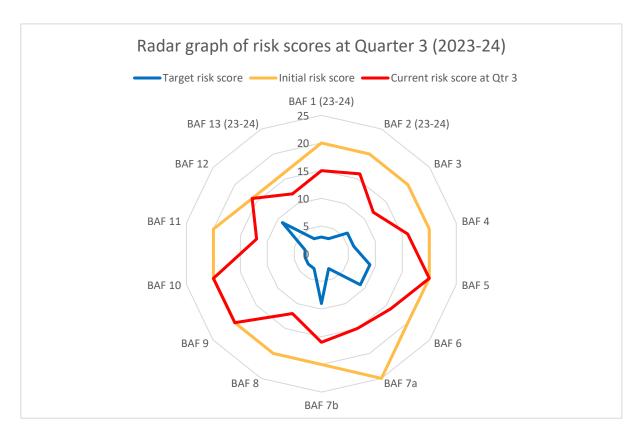


											Current total risk score:	
	Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary at 3 (October to December)	Alignment to strategic goal(s)	Initial (inherent) risk score	Target risk score	Lead Executive	Lead Committee		Quarter 4 (2022-23)		Quarter 2 (2023-24)	Quarter 3	Change in current risk score between Q2 and Q3, plus any further comments
BAF 1 (23/24)	If the Trust is unable to maintain quality of care standards and clinical safety, outcomes will not be acceptable	We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	5x4 = 20	3	Medical Director /Director of Nursing	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	N/A	N/A	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	← No change.
BAF 2 (23/24)	The Trust is unable to consistently embed a safety culture with evidence of continuous quality improvement and patient experience.	Our high performing and continuously improving teams constantly strive to improve the services that we deliver.	5x4 = 20	3	Dir of Nursing/ Medical Director	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	↔ No change
BAF 3	If the trust does not ensure staff are appropriately skilled, supported and valued this will impact on our ability to recruit/retain staff and deliver the required quality of care.	Our staff are highly skilled, motivated, engaged and live our values'. SaTH is recognised as a great place to work.	5x4 = 20	6	Director of People & OD	People & OD Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x3=12	♥ Reduction in current total risk score due to progress being made in a number of areas.
BAF 4	A shortage of workforce capacity and capability leads to deterioration of staff experience, morale, and well-being.	Our staff are highly skilled, motivated, engaged and 'live our values'. SaTH is recognised as a great place to work.	5x4 = 20	6	Director of People & OD	People & OD Assurance Committee	5x4 = 20	5x4 = 20	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	↔ No change.
BAF 5	The Trust does not operate within its available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action	Our services are extremely efficient, effective, sustainable and deliver value for money.	4x5 = 20	9	Director of Finance	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	←→ No change
BAF 6	Some parts of the Trust's buildings, infrastructure and environment may not be fit for purpose.	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	4x5 = 20	9	Director of Finance	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	← No change
BAF 7a	Failure to maintain effective cyber defences impacts on the delivery of patient care, security of data and Trust reputation.	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	5x5 = 25	3	Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Audit and Risk Assurance Committee	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	←→ No change
BAF 7b	The inability to implement modern digital systems impacts upon the delivery of patient care	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	4x5 = 20	9	Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	↔ No change.

Board Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary

											Current total risk score:	
	Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary at <u>3</u> (October to December)	Alignment to strategic goal(s)	Initial (inherent) risk score	Target risk score	Lead Executive	Lead Committee		Quarter 4 (2022-23)		Quarter 2 (2023-24)	Quarter 3	Change in current risk score between Q2 and Q3, plus any further comments
BAF 8	The Trust cannot fully and consistently meet statutory and / or regulatory healthcare standards.	We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x5 = 20	3	Director of Nursing	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	↔ No change.
BAF 9	The Trust is unable to recover services post-Covid to meet the needs of the community / service users	We work closely with our patients and communities to develop new models of care that will transform our services. We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x5 = 20	3	Chief Operating Officer	Finance & Performance & Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x5 = 20	↑ Increase in current total risk score in Q3 from 16 to 20 as insourcing has been stood down following the NHSE 'reset' letter, and, therefore, zero 65 week waiters at the end of March 2024 will not be met.
BAF 10	ne Trust is unable to meet the required national urgent and	We are a learning organisation that sets ambitious goals and targets, operates in an open and transparent way and delivers what is planned.	4x5 = 20	3	Chief Operating Officer	Finance & Performance & Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	← No change
BAF 11	The current configuration and layout of acute services in Shrewsbury and Telford will not support future population needs and will present an increasing risk to the quality and continuity of services.	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	5x4 = 20	3	Director of Hospital Transformation Programme	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee and HTP Sub- Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x3 = 12	♥ Reduction in current total risk score at Q3 as HTP have now developed further detailed plans and more of the risks have been mitigated than previously.
BAF 12	There is a risk of non-delivery of integrated pathways, led by the ICS and ICP.	We have understanding relationships with our partners, working together to deliver best practice integrated care for our communities	4x4 = 16	9	Chief Operating Officer and Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee		4x4 = 16	4x3 = 12	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	←→ No change
BAF 13 (23/24)	The Trust is unable to ensure that robust corporate governance arrangements are in place resulting in poor processes, procedures and assurance	We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x4 = 16	3	Director of Governance	Audit and Risk Assurance Committee	N/A	N/A	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	

Visual representation of risk scores



Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		oard nmittee					
BAF 1 (23/24): Medical	Our patients and community								
If the Trust is unable to maintain quality of care standards and clinical safety, outcomes will be unacceptable. Director/ Director of Nursing	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.	s	ality & afety surance					
Risk opened: risk content refreshed 1 April 2023 (previous risk within 2021/22) Hayley Flavel	Service Delivery		Con	nmittee					
Risk Description I L Total initial risl	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance	I L Total	current	Gap(s) in control and gap(s) in	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	ı L	Target
score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))		(provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)		core act (I) x hood (L))	assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)				total risk score
Causes: Inconsistencies in care Inconsistencies and lack of clarity in governance arrangements Lack of fosucres Lack of fairty of standards and frameworks especially where practice may be different across sites Incomplete training and competencies Operational pressures Wordforce gaps (Including vacancies); Inability to recruit and retain the right numbers and skill mix of clinical staff Clarity of and lack of consistency in the use of policies and procedures Unable to off-load ambulances in a timely way because of lack of patient flow through the organisation Industrial action Lack of clarity of data and triangulation of data Lack of capacity to plan service improvement work Organisational culture Consequence: Harm to patients Delays in time-critical care Inadequate care Poor patient experience and increased complaints Increased length of stay Poor management of deteriorating patients Reduced staff morale and recruitment and retention Inconsistencies in governance arrangements Further CQC prosecutions and enforcements if standards and frameworks are not in place. Ambulance rapid handover could result in a greater volume of patients in ED than can be received and cared for Reputational damage, financial loss and lack of condifience in the organisation Increase in use of temporary and agency staff resulting in lack of continuity and financial pressures	Getting To Good (G2G) workstreams: Levelling up Clinical Standards and Fundamentals in Care. Targeted transformation programmes Quality Strategy: Quality Priorities; Corporate Strategy; People Strategy; Digital Strategy; workforce planning Clinical audit programme Clinical audit programme Clarical audit programme Learning from Deaths Group review Deteriorating Patient Group Falls prevention strategy Safeguarding Policy (Including Mental Health and Learning Disabilities) IPC Policy Palliative and End of Life framework Staff training I dentification and management of concerns about capability of healthcare professionals NIQAM /rapid review meetings /RALIG both in place (NIQAM reviews all pressure ulcers and Si's. Rapid review of all moderate and above incidents) Quality governance framework within Divisions Exemplar programme (ward accreditation) Monthly Nursing Metrics Daily incident communications (Datix) Pressure ulcer panels Nutrition and Hydration Group Nursing Documentation Group in place Trust Complaints Process and an independent complaints panel Freedom to Speak Up Guardian and ambassador arrangements in place Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carer Experience Panel. Board Assurance Visits Weekly clinical leaders forum Newsletters shared Quality Matrons Patient Safety Specialist in post SaTH Improvement methodology courses SaTH improvement Hub Clinical Lead for Improvement in place CCC action plan owned by Divisions External representation at our quality meetings at QCC, RALIG and Safeguarding Fortnighty catch ups and quarterly engagement meetings with CQC MIAA follow-up reports Patient Safety Specialist in post Patient and Garer Experience Panel (PACE) - Trust wide and speciality groups Experience panel (PACE) - Trust wide and speciality groups Experience panel (PACE) - Trust wide and speciality groups	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Non-Executive led assurance committees: - Quality & Safety Assurance Committee and Ockenden Report Assurance Committee, reporting to Board (2nd) - Mortality metrics reported to Board and Learning from Deaths Group considered by Board quarterly (2nd) - Quality metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly)(2nd) - COC Report, published November 2021 provides assurance that improvements are being made across the Trust and CQC maternity survey - February 2021 (3rd) - CQC Mock inspections (2nd) - SATH Oversight and Assurance Group (3rd) - Safrito Wersight and Assurance Group (3rd) - Safrito Wersight and Assurance Group (3rd) - Safrito Survey results to Board and quarterly pulse survey results to QSAC and public Board (2nd) - Safrito Survey results to Board and quarterly pulse survey results considered at People & OD Committee (2nd) - Safrito Survey results to Board and quarterly pulse survey results considered at People & OD Committee (2nd) - Secutive chaired assurance committees; Quality Operational Committee; (PC, Safeguarding; Nursing, Midwifery, AHP and Fadilities Workforce; Maternity Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); NIQAM (nursing incidents quality assurance meeting); RAIC (review and learning from incidents); Emergency Care Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); NIQAM (nursing incidents); Emergency Care Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Experience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Experience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Experience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Texperience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Texperience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Assurance Committee (17AC); Patient and Carer Texperience Panel; Paediatric Transformation Paediatric Transformation Paediatric Transformation Paediatric Tr	5 3	15	Gaps in control: 1. National shortages in specific workforce, e.g. doctors within critical care, care of the elderly, emergency medicine, and significant gaps in nursing, including paediatric and neonatal, and nurse associates. 2. Increased number of patients with no criteria to reside, impacting on patient flow and pressures in the Emergency Department. 3. Prolonged timescale of electronic systems replacing dated and paper based systems. 4. Implementation of national Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) and development and roll-out of Patient Safety Strategy. 5. Standardisation of education for clinical ward leaders to ensure standardised approach across the organisation. 6. Lack of Policies and Procedures Group to sign-off clinical policies, plus no overarching Documentation Group. 7. ASSURADE Gramwork to oversee smaller clinical regulator requirements (e.g., HTA, HFEA, UKAS and MHRA) Gaps in assurance: 8. Information/KPI's to indicate quality strategy is being delivered.	which encompasses the key elements of the National Patient Safety Strategy. Executive Lead Director of Nursing. In addition to support the strategy: 4c. Recruit two Patient Safety Partners by April 2024; and 4d Embed levels: 1 and 2 of the National Patient Safety syllabus in the wider SaTH training offer, by March 2024. 5. Introduce a programme of development for clinical leaders (including nursing, midwives and AHP's) by Q4. 6. Policy Framework including Policy for Policies' to be reviewed. Executive Lead: Director of Governance, by December 2023. 7. Development of the framework and agreed governance routes. Executive Lead: Executive Medical Director, by December 2023. 8. Develop quality strategy dashboard by August 2023. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing 9. Ensure better oversight/reporting of serious incident actions progress: discuss and agree serious incident reporting with the Divisional leadership team: the tracked actions also	2b. Work ongoing (see BAF risk 11) 3. Digital roadmap being followed with plans for new patient administration system (PAS), as per agreed implementation plan. See action 3 update within BAF risk 7b. 4a. Work is ongoing internally and across the system. PSIRF Plan and Policy to Board October 2023. PSIRF launched on 1 December 2023 and work ongoing to ensure full sustainability. Further work continues on NHS Patient Safety Strategy. Action 4a completed and closed Q3. 5. The programme is currently being scoped so that a draft programme can be developed and approved prior to the Q4 deadline. 6. Associate Medical Director appointed (Q4 2022-23) whose portfolio will include reviewing governance of clinical guidelines. Policy framework option agreed by executives in December 2023 (see BAF risk 13). 7. The first of these meetings were held on 2nd October 2023 and the discussions will be used to form the basis of further quarterly meetings. A further meeting is scheduled in January 2024. 8. The Quality and Safety dashboard has now been developed (Q2) and has gone live with data up to August 2023. This will be monitored and reported through QSAC. Propose to close action in Q3. Action remains open. The Integrated Performance Report that was submitted to the Quality Operational Committee (QCQ) on the 19 December 2023 and GSAC on 27 December 2023 contained some of the quality metrics that are detailed in the Quality Strategy. Bi-weekly meetings are being held with the Performance and Bit seam and work is progressing well to add the remaining Quality Strategy metrics into Power Bi. This will enable the final Quality Strategy dashboard to be produced and included in the Integrated Performance Report as Appendices, to be presented at QOC on the 16 January 2024.		3

Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 2 (23/24): The Trust is unable to Director of	Our patients and community									
consistently embed a safety culture with evidence of continuous quality improvement and patient experience. Nursing/ Medical Director	Service Delivery	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk content fully revised Q2, 2023/24 (previous risk within 2021/22) Hayley Flavell/ John Jones	Our partners									
Risk Description I L Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1 1	to	rget tal risk ore
Cause: Inconsistent leadership to support a high quality compassionate care environment Inconsistent embedding of learning when colleagues speak up Inconsistent approach to ensure acceptable values and behaviours that create psychologically safe team working Inconsistent organisational support to embed a continuous learning and improvement environment Leaders inconsistently demonstrating basic good practice in respect of 1 to 1 meetings, health and wellbeing check ins and talent management conversations with colleagues. Lack of prioritisation of learning and development for colleagues. Consequence: Increased harm Poor patient experience Increased complaints Reputational damage Lack of confidence in the organisation Further CQC prosecutions and enforcements Our people are not routinely raising concerns/speaking up on patient safety and anything else that may affect great patient care Our people do not work as a team and a safety culture is not embedded within the organisation Poor communication and unable to learn from incidents Lack of measure of safety culture within the organisation	Embedding NHS Impact within Getting To Good (G2G) workstreams Freedom to Speak Up Guardian and ambassador arrangements FTSU Vision and Strategy in place New national FTSU 2022 policy update in place FTSU On-line training is mandatory at SaTH since June 2022. (At quarter 3: FTSU workers at 88.3%, FTSU managers at 74.4% and senior leaders 47.6%). Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carer Experience Panel. Board Assurance visits Patient Safety Specialist in post SaTH Improvement methodology courses SaTH Improvement Hub Trust Strategy 2022-2027 (includes continuous improvement culture) Leadership programmes in place, including Galvanise programme for colleagues from ethnic minorities Continuous improvement programme Staff Survey covers some key safety culture elements (being undertaken Oct to Nov 2023 FSIRF Plan and Policy (for 1 December 2023 implementation) Civility and Respect workshops in place in the Trust that are available for clinical and non-clinical teams (1,000 plus people have taken part in these workshops, at October 2023) Head of Culture in place with Civility and Respect remit Neutral evaluations take place within teams in certain areas Internal cultural reviews taking place via OC Team, with subsequent cultural interventions put in place, where required, e.g. team workshops and signposting to leadership courses.	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Reports to Quality & Safety Assurance Committee held monthly, reporting into Board (2nd) ORAC - Ockenden Report Assurance Committee (2nd) ARAC - Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (2nd) - bi-annual FTSU reports Culture dashboard (annually based on Staff Survey) and quarterly cultural report, reported to Operational People Group (1st) Updated FTSU Policy approved at June 2023 Board (2nd) Quarterly FTSU updates to Board (Oct 2023) (2nd) Patient Safety Incident Response Framework and policy to October Board (2nd) Internal audit of FTSU arrangements (inhouse) Sept 2022-May 2023 (2nd) Update to Operational People Group on retention, featured Improvement Hub progress (Nov 2023) (2nd)	4 4	16	of NHS Impact: Building a shared purpose and vision Investing in people and culture Developing leadership behaviours Building improvement capability and capacity Embedding improvement into management systems and processes Z. Embedding the new approach to patient safety 3. Evidence of continuous quality improvement culture 4. Colleagues feeling safe and supported to raise patient safety concerns (FTSU and raising risks and incidents), and that they will be acted upon and learning embedded.	Actions aligned to gaps: 1a. Develop and agree the Getting to Good Plan for each of the NHS Impact five continuous improvement components, including executive lead, by November-2023 February 2024. Executive lead: various/TBC-Director of People & OD. 1b. Co-ordinated programme to respond to NHS Impact, monitored through Getting to Good Programme (during 2033/24 and 2024/25). NHS impact Self Assessment to be completed by 31 October 2023. Executive lead: Director of People & OD and Director of Strategy & Planning. 1c. Embedding the Just Culture Framework and linking to workforce policies and procedures, during 2024-2026. Executive lead: Director of Nursing. 2a. Implement Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) by November 2023. Executive lead: Director of Nursing 2b. Continuous dissemination of learning from incidents 2c Develop a three year Patient Safety Strategy by April 2024. Executive lead: Director of Nursing 3a. Deliver Improvement Conference in May 2024. 3b. Review Staff Survey Results in January/February 2024 with Divisional action plans put into place by April 2024. Executive lead: Director of People & OD. 4a. Board to undertake FTSU self-reflection by November 2023 and then develop FTSU Trust priorities by end January 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Governance 4b. Board to consider their role in creating/modelling a speak up/psychologically safe culture at SaTH, along with associated actions at the 1 November 2023 Board FTSU self reflection session. Executive Lead: Director of Governance, along with Non-Executive Director FTSU lead. 5. Appoint Clinical Lead for Improvement by 31 March 2024. Executive lead: Director of Governance, along with Non-Executive Director FTSU lead.	Strategy development. RALIG and IROG meetings have enhanced focus via PSIRF introduction. 3a 3b. Staff Survey went live Oct-Nov 2023. 45% response rate received to Staff Survey.			3

Reterence and risk title	ead Link to Strategic Pillar cutive	Risk appetite	C	Board Committee						
BAF 3: If the trust does not ensure staff are appropriately	Our People								I	
recruit/retain stan and on the	ctor of le & OD Our patients and community	SATH has a MODERATE risk appetite to explore innovative solutions to future staffing requirements, our ability to retain staff and to ensure that we are an employer of choice.		eople & OD Assurance Committee						
	Boyode RB) Service Delivery									
Risk Description I L Total in risk sco (Impact Likeliho	ore	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	ris (Ir	sk score	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1 1	to	arget otal risk core
Cause: Failure to recruit and retain the right number of people at the right level, with the right skill mix. Retirement remains as a leading reason for staff turnover Staff fatigue burnout. Stress, anxiety, and depression remains a top reason for long term sickness Some staff who are homeworkers reporting isolation in mental health Lack of certainty around future ways of working and work environments Shortage of key professionals and occupations in specific roles Lack of succession planning to mitigate risks when key staff leave and encourage staff retention Dissatisfaction with pay and reward Work environment concerns in relation to belonging and staff experience relating to behaviours Consequence: Staff dissatisfaction with the level of engagement, involvements and communication with team leaders and senior leadership leading to low morale Poor levels of engagement and morale which are correlated with lower patient satisfaction and outcomes High use of agency staff. High levels of sickness and turnover. Disruption to services. Industrial action Poor patient experience and outcomes. Adverse publicity and/or reputational damage. May lead to the financial unsustainability of some services.	Retention plan supporting it. • Regular meetings between the bank and rostering leads and operational leads to review performance and improvements. • Annual Staff Survey, pulse survey, workforce transformation (CB/ICS programmes such as HCSW	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Reports to People & OD Assurance Committee (PODAC) and Operational People and Educational Group (OPG) (2nd) • Daily and weekly reports on workforce metrics, temporary staff usage, and agency spend considered (1st). • Annual Staff survey considered by Board along with updates (2nd) • People Strategy approved by Board 2020 (2nd) • Equality, Diversity & Inclusion Strategy approved by Board 2020 (2nd) • Recruitment & Retention Strategy approved Strategy approved for Strategy approved by Board 2020 (2nd) • Recruitment & Retention Strategy progress approved/received by the Board 2020 (2nd) • Quarterly Staff Pulse Surveys	4 3	12	new ways of working/smarter working for corporate teams – scoping impact of risks. 4. Managing Working Time Directive breaches and management of rosters for medical staff. 5. Workforce strategy to be refreshed for clinical, corporate, and medical professions. 6. Reward and recognition schemes. 7. Talent management plan. 8. A plan to support staff to work in new ways, post pandemic, in accordance with the NHS People Plan. 9. Measurable objectives on equality, diversity and inclusion for Chair, CEO and Board members.	4. Implementation of the people services improvement plan by August 2023 which includes full review of all medical rosters ensuring compliance (by March 2024). 5. Review of SaTH People Plan Strategy with updated actions by December 2023, aligned to the organisation strategy and NHS Long Term Workforce Plan. 6. Embed and deliver annual reward and recognition practices across the Trust by March 2024. 7. Embed Talent Management Approach - by March 2025. 8a. New development programmes in place for 2023/24 which continues the expansion of new roles and apprentices across the Trust, aligned to the NHS Long Term Workforce Plan by March 2024. 8b. To review the NHS People Plan health and wellbeing strategy, to support, review and ensure development of staff people plan by July 2024.	PODAC in February 2024, along with progress against 2023 action plan.	3	2	6

Reference and risk title	E	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 4: A shortage of workforce		Director of	Our People	SATH has a MODERATE								
capacity and capability leads to deterioration of staff experience, morale, and well-being.		People and OD	Our patients and community	risk appetite to explore innovative solutions to future staffing requirements, our ability to retain staff and to ensure that we are an		People & OD Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Rł	hia Boyode	Service Delivery	employer of choice.								
Risk Description I L	risk (Im	tal initial k score npact (I) x celihood (L))		Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	l L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	ı	L	Target total risk score
Cause: • Engagement in quality improvement initiatives due to competing demands on the team. • Redeployment of staff to support opperational activity, reducing the opportunity of staff to be involved in improvement activity or take part in training. • Failure to address inequalities across all protected characteristic groups of staff in terms of promotion, career progression and over representation of staff from minority ethnic groups in formal HR processes. • Leadership styles that do not reflect the Trust values and behaviours framework • Colleagues ont accessing appropriate learning and development, including statutory and mandatory training Consequence: • The trust's reputation will be compromised impacting on recruitment and retention • Failure to embed and model the values and behaviours of the trust consistently and create confidence in speaking up culture and processes. • Leadership roles not reflecting diverse nature of community and any specific leaded and continuity and any specific needs and cultural issues which may impact on staff, patient experience and outcomes • Turnover and sickness absence will remain above target • Potential incidents if staff are not up to date with mandatory training • Staff will not raise concerns reducing the opportunity to improve quality and staff and patient experience, and with attendant risks around staff motivation, morale and productivity. • Increasing agency costs if we are unable to recruit fully	4	20	Civility Saves Lives programme roll out SaTH education offer via education prospectus SaTH 1 to 4 and STEP Leadership Programmes Affina team journey interventions		4 4	16	starters before they decide to leave is in place 2. Ongoing improvements to ensure that learning and changes in practice are fully embedded - incidents, complaints, serious incidents and claims 3. New ways of working 4. Lack of systematic approach to talent management and succession 5. Embedding of trust values consistently at every level and within all key systems and processes 6. EDI champions and local EDI	Refresh and deliver EDI action plan and review against key workforce data to include review of newly published NHS EDI Improvement Plan, by March 2025, with report to Board at least annually in October.	working practices to allow impact assessment to inform future incentives to improve space utilisation. Working party group has been established and flagship programmes as part of the staff survey, and retention group. National Homeworking Policy has now been released and we have reviewed against SaTH policy which has been updated and approved at Operational People Group (OPG) and JNCC in November 2023. 33. Workforce transformation governance framework (HTP) in place July 2023. Q3: Now completed workforce plan for HTP ready for submission, including roles required and recruitment approaches to deliver required workforce.	t		6

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee					
BAF 5: The Trust does			Our service delivery	SATH has a HIGH risk appetite and is eager to						\prod	
available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action.		Director of Finance	Our governance	pursue options which will benefit the efficiency and effectiveness of services whilst ensuring that we minimise the possibility of		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22		Helen Troalen	Our Partners	financial loss and comply with statutory requirements.							
Risk Description	I L	Total initial	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance	I L	Total current	Gap(s) in control and gap(s) in	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1 1	L Target
		risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))		(provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)		risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)				total risk score
<u>Cause:</u>			Annual financial plan - revenue and	Reported to Board,			Gaps in control:	Actions aligned to gaps:			
Overspend against operational budgets driven by operational pressures Under-delivery of CIP Capital constraints Historic under-investment driving increased capital requirement			capital plan. Planning on a system wide basis with openness and transparency across the system. Internal performance management system - budget holder to Board. Monthly financial reporting system - nominal roll, budget statements,	committees and elsewhere: • Monthly Trust-wide finance reports to Board of Directors, FPAC and Financial Governance Group (2nd) • Sustainability and Efficiency (CIP) report to Innovation &			Divisions have lack of capacity to engage in their basic budget holder responsibilities, to participate in effective sustainability and efficiency planning.	Continue to engage divisions in a multi-year cost improvement efficiency pipeline to close the gap - by July 2023 (and by November 2023 for 2024-25 financial plan). Executive lead: Director of Finance. Ib. Independent review of budget lines by Q2 2023-24 and divisional response to actions by Q3 2024-25. Executive Lead: Director of Finance.	1a. Meetings scheduled and considering support for Divisions to identify and deliver further efficiencies - July 2023 action complete. Additional support in place for all divisions to support additional identification and delivery of efficiencies (Q2). 1b. Budget lines review undertaken and actions shared with divisions in Q2 2023-24. Work is underway to respond to these actions.		
A failure to maintain financial sustainability due to non-planned cost pressures Lack of available appropriate substantive workforce Continuing to operate in a system with a commissioner deficit			divisional committee, Operational Performance Oversight Group (OPOG), Performance Review Meetings (PRM). • Efficiency and Sustainability Group • Executive led financial governance group - meets weekly to consider controls on committing expenditure • Annual revenue plan for 2023/24 that	Investment Committee and Senior Leadership Committee- Operational (2nd). Annual financial plan, planning progress shared with Board for sign off (2nd) Divisional Performance Review Meetings (PRM),			Adherence to cost control policies and processes under times of extreme operational pressure.	2a. Controls implemented in line with conditions set out within the plan approval letter from NHSE by July 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance. 2b. Review of entry points for substantive and temporary nurses and medics to ensure sufficient processes and procedures are in place, by September 2023. Executive lead: Director of HR & OD. 2c. External audit completed for 22/23 with six recommendations and associated action plan which will continue during 2023-24.	2a. Work underway. Reviewed controls outlined within the NHSE letter and implemented additional controls where necessary - action closed. 2b. Meetings in place to pro-actively sign-off doctor and nursing agency, plus vacancy control panels for all vacancies are in place. Action closed Q3. 2c. In progress. Two external audit recommendations have been closed and the remainder are progressing as per the work plan.		
Consequence: •Short-term recovery inhibits service quality improvement. •Dwindling cash reserves. •External action being taken against the Trust (in segment 4 of System Oversight			was developed with specialty input and within which activity, workforce and finance triangulate (1st) Reviewing junior doctors rotas to ensure compliance	Cascade, Executive messages into the organisation (2nd). Monthly performance reviews with divisions (1st). Routine monthly reporting including variance to plan and run rate analysis (1st).			3. Financial acumen both within the finance department and across the organisation.	3a. Continue delivery of financial training across the organisation with dedicated training for Clinical Directors to be addressed - by end Q3 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance. 3b. Level 2 Future Focused Finance accreditation received May 2023, now working towards Level 3 accreditation by Summer 2025. Executive lead: Director of Finance.	3a. There is now a plan to combine this training with other clinical director training in Q4. 3b. Unable to apply for Level 3 until 24 months after achievement of Level 2.		
Framework) Continue imposition of regulatory controls leading to the loss of local control. Damage to the Trust's reputation and the Trust's	4 !	5 20		(MIAA): core financial controls and sustainability and efficiency processes (3rd) • Report to region (NHS Midlands) each month and position shared with local	4 5	5 21	Inefficient reporting routines hampered by an outdated finance system and a misalignment between the finance system and the HR system.	Internal User Group identifying gaps in Oracle system performance to develop a workplan to be shared with ShropComm (system hosted by ShropComm) by October 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance.	Work underway. Group in place and working through agreed workplan. Action closed Q3.		
continuing abilities to function • Inhibits ICS' ability to commission growth in services				Integrated Care Board (2nd). • External audit of annual accounts (3rd) • Workforce plan reported to			into account quality and safety risk alongside financial risk on a daily basis	Sa. Use of the Safe Care model for nursing and compliant junior doctor rotas by December 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance/Director of Nursing/Director of People & OD/ Medical Director. 5b. Develop a ward/speciality level recruitment trajectory for both	Nork remains underway for data collection for Safe Care model to take place and final junior doctors rotas are under review. Action closed Q3, trajectories in place		
				Operational People Group (1st) • Five Year Financial Plan presented to FPAC January 2023 (2nd)			leading to budget holders prioritising the quality and safety risk and incurring unbudgeted cost in relation to both medical and nursing staff.	medics and nursing, taking into account both domestic and international recruitment by December 2023. Executive Lead: Director of People & OD.			
				Weekly Executive Meeting dashboard: beds, WTE and finances (2nd) CIP follow-up review by			6. Understanding how SaTH 5 year plan feeds into health system financial plan.	6. Require system-led action to do this work. Executive lead: Director of Finance	ICS have developed business case for additional support to develop this. Work is now underway: business case has been approved and work has been commissioned.		
				MIAA - October 2023 (3rd) Detailed 'bridge' running from 23-24 through to 23-24 forecast out-turn identifying key drivers of the adverse variance - reported to FPAC in November 2023 and then Board December 2023 (2nd).			Gaps in assurance: 7. Evidence of effective budget surgeries (monthly meetings to review budgets).	7a. Re-review of budget surgery agendas and actions log by November-2023 January 2024. Executive lead: Director of Finance. 7b. Robust methodology for benchmarking of budgets by December-2023 January 2024 against widely available peer data to inform future budget setting and the efficiency pipeline. Executive lead: Director of Finance.	7a. and 7b. Work underway. Finance project steering groups have been set up with seven workstreams, one of which is concentrating on budget setting.		

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 6: Some parts of		Our service delivery									
the Trust's buildings, infrastructure and environment may not be fit for purpose	Director of Finance	Our governance	SaTH is open to the HIGH risk appetite required to transform its digital services systems and infrastructure to support better outcomes and experience for our patients		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Helen Troalen		and the public.								
Risk Description I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st. 2nd. 3rd lines)	L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1 1	Targe total score	risk
Cause: Older buildings built with now outdated regulatory requirements Restricted physical environment, unable to meet current capacity requirements Backlog maintenance issues backlog maintenance programme elongated by the Covid-19 pandemic. Fire safety risks Over heating in some patient risk. The Trust has identified reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete (RAAC) within specific areas within PRH and surveys continue across the Estate. Consequence: Poorer patient outcomes and patient safety issues Regulatory or legal action taken against the Trust Adverse publicity and reputational damage Poor working conditions affecting staff health, experience and engagement increased sickness absence and recruitment		Board-approved fully funded Capital Programme including backlog maintenance plan and medical equipment budget in place eliminating all high risk backlog on a yearly basis. Capacity & demand led major capital investment plan Estates Plan 2021-2026 in place. Updated Estates risk assessments and planned preventative maintenance of engineering infrastructure Business continuity plan addresses overheating/heat wave and Estates actions to address overheating Staff survey measures staff levels of engagement and morale (in relation to working environment) Minor and major works protocols and management plans in place for known risks e.g. asbestos and RAAC.	defence -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Capital plan developed and overseen by Capital Planning Group (CPG), chaired by Director of Finance (2nd) • Regular Estates report to Board (2nd) • Annual update backlog six facet survey that informs the capital plan (1st) • Regular updates of fire action plans at Fire Safety Group (1st) • Fire Safety Improvement Action Plan Oversight Group (2nd) • Fire Safety Training Task & Finish Group (providing oversight) (2nd)	4 4		Gaps in control: 1. Energy infrastructure at its limit on the site	July 2023. Executive lead for SaTH: Director of Finance. 1b. Energy Security & Decarbonisation Programme to be progressed throughout 2023-2028. 2. Review/refresh Estates risk register and reestablish Estates Compliance & H&S Group - by August 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance 3. Non-access will be addressed at trust Silver Control meeting by Head of Operational Estates and escalated to the COO at CPG ongoing.	1a. Plans in place to improve the energy supply and to improve it in stages to supply the Trust plans up to then, and then including, Hospital Transformation Programme. High Level Energy Security Strategy submitted to Board. Action complete Q2. 1b. Signed up to increase in electricity supply in Sept 2023. First step to increase the electricity supply comes on stream on 22 December 2023. 2. Group re-established. Work complete. Action complete Q2. 3. Initial action complete and remains ongoing and is a continuing project. Escalation continues to Capital Planning Group where access to areas is not available, e.g. to address air handling units and passive fire protection works. Also raised at Infection Prevention Control Assurance Group. 4. The whole of capital projects is now integrated with Estates as one team as of 10 July 2023. Director of Estates role interviews held on 19 December 2023.			9

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 7a: Failure to maintain effective cyber		Director of	Our Service Delivery									
defences impacts on the delivery of patient care, security of data and Trust reputation.		Strategy & Partnerships	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the		Audit and Risk						
Risk 7a was partly included within BAF risk 7 in 2021/22 and was subsequently split out into risk 7a and 7b from 2022-23.		Nigel Lee		achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Assurance Committee						
Risk Description	I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	1 1	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	ı .	te	arget otal risk core
Cause: Lack of resource Lack of capacity and capability Continually changing threat landscape - technology and political unrest Increasing prevalence of threats globally Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal care, for example could lead to interruptions to vital IT applications which in turn could			Cyber Security Manager in place Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) in place Trust actively contributing to cyber security management at Integrated Care System (ICS) level Business continuity plans in place Cyber security tools in place to support access management, security compliance, single sign-on Security compliance in place to monitor security patch compliance and compliance with Data Security & Protection Toolkit (DSPT) - DSPT is due to evolve further with a greater focus on cyber which will increase a lot of the controls in place Information Governance (IG) strategy, policy and framework	(annual - June 2023 - Substantial level of assurance provided in			Gaps in control: 1. Some devices and systems will remain non-compliant with risk mitigation plans	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Risk mitigation plans in place - ongoing review. Long-term resolution plans required for non-compliant systems within Divisions by 31 October 2023. Executive lead: Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships	1. Continuing to work with divisions to implement mitigations and support business case development to replace systems, where required. Progress is tracked by NHS Digital and reported back on a monthly basis. At Q4 22/23: non-compliant exception report remains in place with regular meetings with divisional representatives to manage remediation. NHS England have had sight of exception report with revised completion date of plan by 31/10/23 for remaining non-compliant systems. A timetable to full compliance will follow - work remains ongoing. Regular report remains ongoing to corporate Information Governance Group. Update report on cyber position provided to Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC) Q3 (December).			
result in sub-optimal patient care. • May lead to inability to provide essential services for patients, work together with partners, and / or cease service provision • Potential financial penalties - e.g. ICO fines • Potential regulatory action - Network & Information System Regulations (note: this area is	5 !	5 25	Password and digital policies in place, with continual review Network accounts checked and disabled after 90 days of inactivity if not used CareCert updates reviewed for high severity alerts Incident review processes and learning Utilising NHS Digital provided services, including vulnerability management system, penetration testing, advanced threat protection and Bitsight (cyber security rating service)	against the 10 National Data Guardian standards) (3rd) • Weekly Digital Services senior leadership team meetings where	5	3 1	Skilled resource and availability within ICS outside of core hours.	2a. SaTH to review cyber requirements to align with the ICS Digital Strategy, once approved. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships, by end October 2023. 2b. Continue our work as a health system partner during 23-24 and 24/25 as part of the work programme for the ICS Digital Delivery Group.	2a. ICS Digital Strategy in place. Cyber capacity and capability will require development as part of the work programme of the ICS Digital Delivery Group. Action complete Q3.			3
 subject to further expansion) Reputational damage and negative impact on public confidence Temporary or permanent loss of 			Registered with National Cyber Security Centre for alerts and intelligence: Webcheck and Early Warning System Regular cyber security communications for end users	June/July 2021 Active directory review report - NHS Digital/MTI (3rd) - report to Digital Services (Cyber report due to be reported			Cyber Security strategy to be developed. Gaps in assurance: Gaps in assurance:	Develop Trust-level Cyber Security Strategy to support overarching Digital Strategy by 31 March 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships	3. Content and format of strategy under development.			
data Reinforces the need for dedicated resource and continued review of the capacity and capability required.			Cyber element of Information Governance training in place as part of statutory and mandatory training for staff	from SaTH Information Governance Group to ICB Digital Group from October 2023) • Cyber update report to 6 December 2023 Audit & Risk Assurance Committee meeting (2nd) • Internal audit (MIAA) of the Trust's DSPT self assessment- Substantial assurance (3rd) • Internal audit against the 10 National Data Guardian Standards - Moderate assurance (3rd)			Medical device assurance report.	Develop medical device security report by 34- December 2023 31 March 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Content and format of report under development. Update encompassed within ARAC cyber report 6 December 2023.			

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 7b: The inability to implement modern digital systems impacts upon the delivery of		Director of Strategy &	Our Service Delivery	SaTH is open to the HIGH risk appetite required to transform		Finance &						
patient care		Partnerships	Our Governance	its digital services systems and infrastructure to support		Performance				_		
Risk 7b was partly included within BAF risk 7 in 2021/22 and was subsequently split out into risk 7a and 7b from 2022-23.		Nigel Lee		better outcomes and experience for our patients and the public.		Assurance Committee						
Risk Description I	L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	I	L	Target total risk score
Cause: Lack of core project team resource - appropriate skillsets and experience and national shortage of digital technical personnel Lack of capacity and capability within Trust Large scale business change programme alongside other competing business change programmes Network replacement Patient Administration System replacement (move from SemaHelix to CareFlow PAS) along with a suite of software modules as part of a multi-phase, multi-year electronic patient record implementation). Prescribing and Medicines Administration (EPMA - electronic prescribing and medicines administration) system required - funding secured provisionally for 2024/25. Order Communication system is past the end of its useful life Second phase of maternity system required - neonatal system upgrade - funding sought for increase in scope Risk to availability of supplier capacity due to number of trusts introducing patient administration systems Continuing national funding Consequence: Could lead to interruptions to vital IT applications which in turn could result in sub-optimal patient care. Poor data quality - Order Communications System May lead to inability to provide essential services for patients, work together with partners, and / or cease service provision Potential financial penalities - misreporting Inability to report Potential regulatory action Reputational damage and negative impact on public confidence Potential negative impact on staff morale Inability to operate in an integrated health and care system, e.g. shared care records	4	5 20	Digital Transformation governance structure in place - EPR Operational Readiness Group which feeds into Programme Board. EPR Programme Steering Committee which reports into Senior Leadership Committee, reporting into Trust Board Business continuity plans in place and to be implemented for new systems Managed service for hosting of patient administration system Working closely with procurement to secure recruitment into vacant posts Standardised network infrastructure platform Exploring lessons learned from elsewhere Functional Design and Process Design Groups in place - meetings involving trust staff (for EPR Programme) Digital Programme Team in place with plans to expand and enhance this for 24/25 Chief Clinical Information Officer/Clinical Safety Officer in place along with Clinical Safety Committee (safety of software and reducing hazards for patient safety) Chief Nursing Information Officer in place Director of Digital Transformation/Lead in place - at SaTH New Chief-Clinical Information Officer-Head of Digital Innovation & Transformation in place within the ICS in place within ICS EPR Design Authority Group meet frequently to review the design and sign off to ensure fit for purpose Capital funding awarded and business case developed for order communications and EPMA Additional process improvement support identified following Bluespier theatre system implementation. Two additional digital nursing positions appointed during Q3 to arrive in Q4	defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Weekly reports against milestone progress from projects to EPR Programme Manager, along with monthly summary (1st) • Monthly programme reports to Programme Board which feed into Steering Committee (2nd) • Monthly update into Senior Leadership Committee (2nd) • Digital updates to Trust Board (2nd) • Report quarterly to NHS Digital and NHS Digital Programme Manager and Regional Digital Lead for Transformation sits on the Steering Group and receives monthly update (3rd) • Report to STW ICS Digital Delivery Committee with system updates to the ICB Strategy Committee (2nd) • Getting To Good (G2G) digital transformation workstream milestones reported • Daily Standup meetings (1st) • Planned external assurance review by NHSE Digital System Support in January 2024 (3rd)	4	4 10	for implementations	to appoint into vacant digital positions as they arise during 2023-24. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships 2. EPR-Operational Readiness Group to be established by July 2022. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships (action complete Q4) 3. Detailed testing, training and process development plans created for each division and function, initially by June 2023, with ongoing regular review. Staff being planned for user acceptance testing (phase 2) and training plan (by end Sept 2023) to support the overall implementation plan. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships 4a. Appoint a project team and develop Project Initiation Document for EPMA and Order Comms project. Project expected to commence quarter 4 2023/24. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships. 4b. Neonatal business case funding to be	1. Digital positions continue to be appointed to, but we continue to have high turnover rates which reflects the current market position. 2. In the current phase of the programme, weestablished four operational readiness groups (one for each clinical division), taking the place of the single group. Action closed (Q2 2023/24). 3. Detailed plans for user acceptance testing phase 1 (June 2023) were completed. Training plan at departmental and individual staff member level have been produced. Final process maps in development - to be incorporated in user acceptance testing phase 2 (September). Q3: Third and final focused user acceptance testing schedule planned for end of January 2024. 4a. EPMA and Order Communications funding secured 22/23 (EPMA is part-funded). 4b. Currently with the Women & Childrens division to secure funding to cover the increased scope of the neonatal system. Q3: Digital Capital Planning S Group has been established November 2023 to oversee all digital capital funding and planning.	n n		9

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee					
BAF 8: The Trust cannot fully and consistently meet statutory and / or regulatory healthcare standards.		Director of Nursing	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22		Hayley Flavell									
Risk Description Cause: Poor processes, systems and culture Operational challenges and pressures Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal quality of care Additional regulatory action Damage to reputation and negative impact on public confidence May lead to cultural issues, poor morale, and difficulties in recruitment Financial penalties At the end of Q3 2023/24 the Trust has five Section 31 conditions in place	4 !	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Getting To Good (G2G) workstream: Quality & Regulatory Compliance Quality & Regulatory Compliance Quality Strategy 2021-2024 Quality priorities Quality & Safety Assurance Committee and Quality Operational Committee and Quality Operational Committee and Quality Governance framework Quality governance framework Complaints process Risk Management Policy and processes Freedom to Speak Up arrangements Exemplar programme (ward accreditation) Monthly quality metrics CQC action plan owned by Divisions Mock CQC inspections internally with input from external stakeholders Palliative and End of Life Steering Group Quality Matrons Quality Matrons Quality Spot checks internal audit review Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carer Experience Panel. Patient Safety Specialist in post Board Assurance visits Core Service CQC Self-Assessments and CQC quarterly engagement events with core services CQC inspection in Q3 2023-24 - report awaited but initial feedback positive (3rd) Current regional Insight visit for first Ockenden Report which focused on immediate and essential actions.	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: * Reports received monthly at Quality Operational Committee (2nd) Quality & Safety Assurance Committee (QSAC) reports received (bi-monthly) and monthly via AAAA to Board (2nd) • Quality, safety and performance metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) • Regular reporting to QSAC, Quality Operational Committee and other divisional, specialist groups and committees (1st) • Compliance monitoring with CQC actions - QSAC (2nd) • RALIG and NIQAM meetings (1st) • Patient & Carer Experience Group (1st) • Mortality Group (1st) • Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) Assurance Committee (2nd) • Operational meetings for IPC, safeguarding, workforce and maternity (1st) • Bi-weekly informal meetings with CQC - chaired by Director of Nursing (2nd) • Quarterly engagement meetings with CQC (3rd) • CQC action plan owned by Divisions and confirm and challenge in place (1st) • CQC self-assessment mock visit and executive level table-top sign off for core services (2nd) • System Oversight Group - chaired by the Region and CQC, Healthwatch, NMC, GMC and HEE/NHSE attend attend (3rd) • External audit were satisfied in their Value For Money opinion that no significant weaknesses remain in 2021/22 relating to maternity services and 22/23 (3rd). • NHSE IPC inspection review undertaken March 2023 and rated 'green' (3rd)	4 :	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control and gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required) Gaps in control: 1. Lack of whole system support for healthcare services (e.g. children and young peoples mental health and Urgent and Emergency Care - UEC). 2. Lack of capacity/capability to develop the building of the IT (InPhase) structure on time for CQC self-assessment tool. No longer perceived to be a gap at Q2 Gaps in assurance: 3. Information/KPI's to indicate quality strategy is being delivered (as per BAF risk 1).	Actions Required (including target date and lead) Actions aligned to gaps: 1. System leadership required. 2. N/A 3. Develop quality strategy dashboard by August 2023. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing	1. The Trust is working with the ICS. A Midland Partnership Foundation Trust and SaTH meeting is planned for new ways of working for children and young people with mental health. Children and Young People mental health summit occurred in September 2023 - awaiting next steps. 2. The CQC Self-Assessment tool has gone live and has been used (Q1). Decision made to use Monday.com (already used for emergency, paediatrics and maternity transformation programmes -Q2). The Trust is not adopting Inphase in its totality and will continue with inhouse CQC self-assessment tool based on the CQC inspection framework. Action closed Q2.	i	Target total risk score
			areas. External Peer reviews in neonatal, trauma and critical care in Q3 (see BAF risk 1)	Getting To Good Operational Delivery Group (1st) which feeds into QSAC and Board MIAA internal audit reports 2022/23 (3rd): End of life pathways - CQC action plan (substantial assurance); management of Ockenden 1 (substantial assurance); and quality spot checks (moderate assurance). CQC inspection undertaken on 10th and 11th October 2023, with Well Led undertaken 14th and 15th November - report due.					January 2024.		

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 9: The Trust is			Service Delivery			FPAC						
services post-covid to meet the needs of the community / service users		Chief Operating Officer	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		(financial impacts) and QSAC (patient/ quality/						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22		Sara Biffen	Our partners			safety related)						
Risk Description I	L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	'	L	Target total risk score
Cause: Delayed treatment times and backlog due to the Covid-19 pandemic Workforce gaps - including nursing, medical, Allied Health Professionals, diagnostics and theatres Bed capacity and urgent care demand Insufficient capacity to meet demand Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal care May lead to harm due to the unmet need Financial activity impact Regulatory action Damage to reputation and negative impact on public confidence.	4 !	5 20	Performance controls below (refer to BAF 3 and 4 for workforce controls): Getting To Good (G2G) Theatre Productivity workstream ICS Planned Care Programme / Plan Specialty level capacity and demand plans Weekly/monthly monitoring of capacity/demand, and SaTH Internal Recovery Group Departmental and Divisional monitoring of RTT, imaging and endoscopy NHSE Diagnostic Task Group NHSE weekly assurance meetings for cancer and RTT Monthly Performance Review Meetings Enhanced operational management structure with focus on elective and urgent care Weekly validation process in place Mutual aid request to regional mutual aid hub	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • G2G progress reviewed - reported to Board (2nd) • Performance metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) • Weekly Trust Cancer performance meetings (1st) • Weekly Trust RTT performance meetings (1st) • Cancer Assurance Committee (2nd) • Standing monthly IPR reports to Quality & Safety Assurance Committee and Finance & Performance Assurance Committee (Committee (FPAC) (2nd)	4	5 20	Gaps in control: 1. Lack of workforce capacity in radiology to meet clinical demands for recovery of services post Covid-19 pandemic 2. Shortage of theatre staff on both sites to meet capacity requirements 3. Inadequate bed stock to maintain elective activity on both sites 4. Insufficient outpatient booking/scheduling staff 5. Outpatient transformation standards still not being fully achieved Gaps in assurance:	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Radiology workforce plan in place - undertaking recruitment including international recruitment; recruiting to support roles; continuing to develop the radiology workforce, using apprenticeships. First cohort of apprenticeship qualifies June 2023 (in place). Improve overall radiology workforce/recruitment by March 2024. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer 2. Theatre staff workforce plan in place to be delivered by March 2024. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer 3. Elective hub from January 2024 at PRH (phase 1 and phase 2). Ongoing works for move of renal outpatient dialysis from PRH to Hollinswood House - expected November 2023. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer. 4. Develop and recruit to apprenticeship positions by October 2023. Use temporary bank staff along with inpatient booking staff to cover vacancies in the interim. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer 5. Deputy Medical Director to support further clinical engagement to deliver outpatient transformation initially by September 2023 and then on an ongoing basis. Lead Executive: Medical Director.	1. Training completed in July and August 2022 to increase the capacity of the POD (the new Radiology unit at RSH). Previously unable to open the POD fully due to workforce gaps, sickness, etc (open three days a week). Utilising insourcing capacity to staff the POD - opened 10 July 2023 7 days per week. 2. Recruited into vacancies but currently super-numerary. Risk to staff retention if we cannot recover elective activit quickly. Recruitment issues still exist at both sites (Q1), hereruitment events taking place. Revised workforce busine case to retain staff via career progression structure - working towards it and have recruitment over the staff of PRH. Q3: Theatre insourcing has been stood down fron 7 December 2023 due to receipt of the national letter of financial reset. 3. Elective hub will be fully operational from January 2024 (23 trolleys and 4 theatres). Q3: Elective Hub is delayed due to building construction issues and, therefore, revised dat still TBC. Renal unit has moved to Hollinswood House and was operational from 28 November 2023. 4. Unable to recruit to positions. Back out to advert. Using bank and agency to fill gaps. Trying to recruit to apprenticeship positions but proving challenging due to the nature of the work. 5. Chief Operating Officer contacted Deputy Medical Director. Support is in place. Peer to peer support in place from other organisations with best practice pathways. Q3: GIRFT have issued Going Further Faster guidance booklets for each speciality which are being utilised as part of the outpatient transformation.	y t t ssss g fff fin		3

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 10: The Trust is unable to meet the		Chief	Service Delivery		FPAC (financial							
unable to meet the required national urgent and emergency standards.		Operating Officer	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.	e f	impacts) and QSAC (patient/ quality/						
Risk opened : risk within 2021/22		Sara Biffen	Our partners	better outcomes for patients.		safety related)						
Risk Description	l L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	1 1	L Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	I	L	Target total risk score

2021/22		Sara Biffen	Our partners			related)						
		1				1				1		<u>.l</u>
Risk Description I	L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	c Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and gap(s)</u> in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes		L	Target total risk score
Cause: • lack of acute bed capacity and workforce. • Increase in complexity of demand and length of stay • Staff becoming progressively more tired with each increase in Covid attendances / admissions, leading to more staff sickness • Community capacity for pathways 0, 1, 2 and 3 insufficient to meet current needs for timely discharge • Primary and community health and care capacity not meeting pre-hospital and discharge demand • Continuing industrial action Consequence: • Delays in treatment pathways including increase in acute length of stay • Urgent work impacting on elective capacity • May lead to sub-optimal care and poor patient experience • Regulatory action • Negative impact on reputation and public confidence. • Impact on ambulance handover delays and subsequent impact on ambulance variability within the community • Delays to improvement work due to industrial action planning and workforce cover	4 5	20	Catching To Good (G2G) Urgent & Emergency Care (UEC)programme. Work on System, Urgent and Emergency Care Plan ICS UEC Board supported by UEC Operational Group Capacity and demand analysis Hospital Transformation Programme - addresses one of the biggest strategic challenges for the local health system by separating the emergency and planned care flows, and consolidating fragmented teams and pathways (including critical care) Local Care Programme (LCP) - The system will build on existing good practice and develop more systematic, preventative, integrated interventions that will support the independence and wellbeing of residents in our local communities. The aim of the LCP is to avoid continued growth in acute UEC demand and capacity. Multi-disciplinary check chase challenge put in place Q3 for discharges.	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Finance & Performance Assurance Committee (monthly) (2nd) • Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) • Emergency Care Transformation Assurance Committee (underpinned by the UEC plan) - monthly (1st) • 'Silver' and 'Gold' system meetings, as triggered by escalation levels (2nd) • Integrated Care System (ICS) UEC Operational Group - monthly (2nd) • ICS UEC Board - monthly (2nd) • ICS UEC Board - monthly (2nd) • Safety Oversight and Assurance Group - monthly (o-chaired by NHSI and the ICS and members include CQC, HEE, GMC, NMC, Healthwatch) (3rd) • Monthly reporting to the CQC in relation to compliance against the remaining Section 31 conditions, including initial assessment within 15 minutes for all patients (including paediatrics) (2nd). • Monthly CQC update report to Quality Operational Committee and Quality and Safety Assurance Committee (2nd). • Performance Review Meeting (PRM's) (2nd) • Weekly System Key Performance Metrics Meeting (2nd) • Weekly System Key Performance Metrics Meeting (2nd) • Winter assurance visit Q2 from NHSE (3rd) • Assurance visit from NHSE/ECIS with regard to acute floor (3rd) • Fortnightly meeting with NHSE regarding A&E performance, ambulance offloads and CAT 2 response times (2nd).	4 5	5 2	Gaps in control: 1. Workforce challenges, including consultants, nurses, HCA's and middle grade doctors. 2. Estate constraints at both sites Emergency Department (including paediatrics). 3. Inpatient bed capacity is not expected to meet demand. 4. Winter schemes to mitigate the rise in demand for UEC. 5. Reconfiguration of some services for better healthcare management. Gaps in assurance:	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Appointment of substantive workforce in specific departments and staff groups, e.g. ED, medical and nursing staff, therapy staff, pharmacy staff and co-ordination with wider trust-wide recruitment schemes, e.g. RN and HCA recruitment and opportunities for international recruitment by December 2023 and throughout 2024-25. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer and Director of People & OD. 2. A business case for the PRH ED (paeds) to be further reviewed and developed by end of April 2024. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer. 3. Two modular wards to be in place from January 2024. Executive Lead: Chief Operating Officer. 4. Develop initial integrated system winter plan by end of September 2023. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer. 5. (see 3, plus SaTH involvement in the ICS local care programme, e.g. virtual ward - see BAF risk 12).	1. Recruitment ongoing and in progress. Q3: Successful recruitment into nursing positions to date. Work continues to recruit to national difficult to recruit positions. 2. PRH business case is going through divisional governance structure for assurance and support, and then subsequent capital funding needs to be identified. Q3: Reconfiguration review underway. 3. Work ongoing with Shropshire Community Trust (as modular wards to be run by the community trust). Q3: Delays to the building of the modular wards, however, mitigating actions in place to ensure capacity is available from 2 January 2024. 4. Action complete (Q2). Received at December 2023 Board meeting. 5. Expanding the use of virtual wards in frailty, cardiology and respiratory; and outpatient antibiotic therapy (OPAT). OPAT service started on 27 November 2023.			3

Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee					
BAF 11: The current configuration and layout	Service Delivery								
of acute services in Shrewsbury and Telford will not support future population needs and will present an increased risk to the quality and continuity of services.	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.	á	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee and HTP Sub- Committee					
Risk opened: 1 April 2022 Matthew Neal									
Risk Description I L Total initial risk score	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that		Total current	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1	arget otal risk
(Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))		controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	((Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	the actions required)				core
Cause: • Emergency Department and multiple services (e.g. emergency surgery, critical care, acute medicine) operating at two sites (Princess Royal Hospital) and Royal Shrewsbury Hospital) • Development of the (capital) scheme was temporarily paused from February 2020 due to the impact of COVID-19 • Continued challenge in achieving national access performance standards • Insufficient shift to local services outside of the acute hospital settling - requirement to offset additional growth of 151 acute beds at implementation in 2026/27 and further growth of 108 beds by 2031/32. Consequence: • Unsustainable infrastructure • Unsustainable clinical services • Reduced patient satisfaction • Potential impact on quality and safety of patient care • Impacts financial sustainability and backlog maintenance not reduced • Reduced staff morale • Less efficient estate • Not achieving national access performance standards • Workforce position unsustainable if continue to duplicate services across two sites	Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) - SaTH have now submitted the draft outline business case (OBC) to NHSE and DHSC to further develop the options, on behalf of the local health system/Integrated Care System (ICS) for detailed regulatory review in Q1 of 2023/24-Joint Investment Committee is planned in the summer of 2023. System, Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) Plan has been produced for 23/24 - led by ICS UEC Board Supported by UEC Deprational Group - Reviewing options for accelerating any pathway development in HTP, e.g. (1) elective surgical hub at PRH (currently under implementation); (2) critical care model; (3) support to the ICS local care programme for community based pathways; (4) mutual aid and independent sector options for elective care (a range of outsourcing schemes will be utilised in 2023/24). Development of the integrated ICS Workforce Plan. SaTH/Shropshire Community Healthcare Trust provider collaborative in place from quarter 4, 2022/23, focused on Local Care Transformation Programme.	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • SaTH Board (meets monthly) (2nd) • Shropshire Telford & Wrekin ICS Strategy Committee (monthly) (2nd) • HTP Programme Board (monthly) with ICS members	4 3	12	Joint Forward Plan 4. Lack of system estates strategy referenced within BAF risks which could impact on full business case approval Gaps in assurance:	end of quarter 1, 2023. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships. 4. Include system estates strategy as appendix to the full business case-under development and due by December 2023. Executive lead: Director of Delivery and Transformation, STW ICB. 5a. Continue recruitment process now that funding is confirmed, by Q1 2024. Executive lead: HTP Director. 5b. Review the demand and capacity as part of the full business case, with the engagement of the Divisions, by 1 December 2023. Executive lead: HTP Director to hold regular meetings with ICB Chief Executive and Director of Finance to determine details of their strategy and the impact on HTP, to ensure co-production, throughout the HTP	1. SaTH received approval of the Strategic Outline Case and support to move to the OBC stage on 26 August 2022. Draft OBC submitted as planned, 4 May 2023. On track for Joint Investment Committee (JIC) review of the HTP OBC in Summer 2023. The OBC was positively received at JIC on 3rd August 2023, but is subject to Government approval, the outcome of which is expected by end September 2023. Q3: Awaiting approval from Government of the OBC. 2. SaTH received formal confirmation on 22 August 2022 from the National Elective Recovery Targeted Investment Fund Team that the first scheme at Princess Royal Hospital (PRH) was approved (with conditions). The second scheme of the Elective Surgical Hub at PRH was approved by national panel on 27 September 2022. The elective surgery hub build is underway at PRH site (Q1 2023). 3. HTP has been included in Shropshire Telford & Wrekin ICS Joint Forward plan (JFP) as one of the core programmes for the system and a priority. The JFP was approved at the ICB at end of June 2023, and has been published on the ICS website. Action closed. 4. Letter confirming that estates strategy will be in place has been received. The Estates Strategy is being written by Associate Director of Estates (owned by the Director of Finance) with a target date of completion by Mid October 2023. The Estates Strategy is complete but further amendments will be made in due course to reflect the changing nature of the wider Estate. Action due to close early in Q4. 5a. Substantive Director of HTP appointed and commenced 20 March 2023. Selection and appointment process of principal supply chain partner undertaken during Q1 2023/24, in accordance with national 'procure 23' framework. Action closed. 5b. As part of the full business case we are required to review the demand and capacity modelling, and this is underway. Action closed Q3. 5c. Meetings are taking place. HTP Director has been asked to sit on Local Care Transformation Board to ensure HTP aligns with local care transformation programmes. During the		3

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
	Chief Operating	Service Delivery									
BAF 12: There is a risk of non- delivery of integrated pathways, led by the ICS and ICP.	Officer and Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Our patients and community	SATH has a SIGNIFICANT risk appetite for collaboration and partnerships which will ultimately provide a clear benefit and improved outcomes for the people we serve.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: 1 April 2022	Sara Biffen and Nigel Lee	Our partners									
Risk Description I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of	L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	L	to	arget tal risk ore
Cause: • Lack of integrated model of service delivery locally • High non elective admissions • A shift required from acute to community setting for models of care • Challenges in the recruitment of key practitioner roles across health and care to the rapid response service in the Shropshire area • Lack of health prevention and early interventions • Insufficient current workforce capacity in clinical and corporate teams across the system to deliver new ways of working • Availability of systemwide digital specialist resource to implement effective remote monitoring, and enable timely sharing of robust data, and associated impact of achieving agreed trajectories for virtual ward mobilisation • Lack of cohesive approach to diabetes management Consequence: • Increased length of acute inpatient stay • Lack of bed capacity in acute setting impacting on patient flow and reduced delivery of elective activity • May reduce quality of patient care including risk due to ambulance handover delays • Increased demand for emergency department services and non-elective admissions to hospital • Lack of innovation and continuous improvement of services • Reduced staff experience and morale • Increased ambulance conveyances from one care setting to another • Increased emergency community nursing referrals • Increased acute diabetes presentations.	4 16	Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin ICS Local Care Transformation Programme in place Alternative to Hospital Admission (A2HA) business case developed which was approved by the Investment Panel in the summer of 2021 and approves the implementation of county wide rapid response, county wide advanced care planning in care homes, county wide respiratory in/outreach service. Five year programme plan in place Programme management in place with fortnightly PMO meetings- programme reported through ICS digital system (Inphase) Deep dive' into each workstream on a regular basis ICS Medical Director plan for group of speciality/condition based pathway improvements, e.g. respiratory, diabetes, cardiology, musculo-skeletal therapy (MSK).	defence'-1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Reports to Shropshire Telford & Wrekin ICS Integrated Care Delivery Board (monthly) (2nd) Report to place-based partnership Boards Shropshire Integrated Partnership Committee (SHIP) and Telford and Wrekin Integrated Partnership Committee (TWIP) (2nd) Local Care Transformation Programme Oversight Group - monthly highlight reports presented covering actions and milestones (1st) Relevant projects report to the ICS UEC Board - monthly (2nd) Via System reporting and increase has been seen in the number of patients stepping down from the virtual ward from SaTH, but not material enough at this stage to reduce the ongoing daily bed gap. Daily reporting on use of Virtual Ward - number of patients that are stepped down onto ward (1st) System Quality Risk Register and Diabetes Transformation Update reported to ICS Quality and Performance Committee - 22 March 2023. Information now received from Shrop Comm (Q4 22/23) with regard to the number of referrals to be made to the virtual ward in order to realise the benefits in bed days.	4 4	16	Gaps in control: 1. Limited detail and limited delivery of the changes in improvement, as a relatively new programme 2. System agreement to the services "as is " services in and out of scope of the programme. 3. Reliance on physical acute beds rather than some virtual ward' capacity and delays within urgent and emergency care caused by lack of flow. 4. Lack of robust involvement and two-way communication with regard to integrated clinical pathways; there remains high health system quality and performance risk areas within: integrated/cohesive diabetes management, Children's and Young People's (CYP) mental health services transformation, safe and effective maternity care, effective acute paediatric pathway, and C'Difficile case numbers. Gaps in assurance: 5. Robust population health data intelligence.	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Provide operational and clinical support to the Local Care Programme - ongoing. Lead Executive: Chief Operating Officer and Medical Director 2. Not a SaTH action to lead 3. Change clinical pathways and culture to use virtual wards - the scheme aims to open 249 beds by the end of December 2023 (net benefit 156 beds due to longer LOS in virtual ward). Lead: Shropshire Community NHS Trust 4. Delivery of the ICS Clinical Strategy with six identified priority areas which SaTH takes part and supports. In addition, other streams of work are to be supported by: Paediatric Transformation Programme Assurance Committee (chaired by SaTH Medical Director); continued improvements within maternity via SaTH Maternity Transformation Committee co-ordinated by the LOsal Maternity & Neonatal System (LMNS), which is chaired by the ICB Medical Director; and development of CYP mental health programme to be led by Midlands Partnership University Foundation Trust reporting into the Provider Collaborative going forwards. Various leads for actions via various partner organisations, including SaTH's involvement.	1. The Chief Operating Officer continues to attend the Local Care Programme (LCP) meetings. Revised approach to LCP tabled at ICB meeting at end of November 2023. The continued importance of the interdependency between Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) and the LCP was reinforced by the report from the Independent Reconfiguration Panel which reported in December 2023 to the Secretary of State. 2. Chief Operating Officer participates in Local Care Programme. 3. We now have Virtual Ward Champions in SaTH and a video on the intranet explaining the virtual ward process. Clinical pathways signed off and in place for Virtual Ward. Daily reporting on use of Virtual Ward into SaTH. Q2: We are not seeing the level of referrals onto the virtual ward that we have for planning purposes within the operational plan (23/24), despite having the relevant actions in place.			9

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee		Link to Strategic Objective (includ	ing Executive lead)		
BAF 13 (23/24): The Trust is unable to ensure that robust corporate governance arrangements are in place resulting in poor processes, procedures and assurance		Director of Governance	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Audit & Risk Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: 1 April 2023		Anna Milanec	Service Delivery								
Risk Description I	L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	1 1	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	ı	Target total risk score
Cause: Trust Policy Framework requires review Scolding (Independent) Review - Fit & Proper Persons Poor processes and procedures Culture Governance improvement workload is high - started from a low base with embedded poor practices in some areas Consequence: Lack of clear guidance for staff to follow and some out of date policies Lack of openness and transparency CQC 'Requires Improvement' Well Led rating Serious incidents Delay in completing internal audit recommendations Potential ineffective committees, including late circulation of papers and breach of Standing Orders Potential data breaches Regulatory sanctions and/or fines	4 4	4 16	Delegation in place and refreshed 2022 and 2023 • Managing Conflicts of Interest Policy updated during 2022 and 2023 • Declarations of interest made available within Electronic Staff Record from May 2023 • Register of Interests published on the Trust's website • Terms of reference refreshed for all assurance committees of the Board during 2022/23 • Review of effectiveness of FPAC and QSAC committees June/July 2023 • Committee effectiveness session held with Board in January 2023 • Scolding Review action plan in place • DSPT action plan in place and cyber security exercises planned at local and ICS level	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • SFI's, Standing Orders and Scheme of Reservation and Delegation to Audit Committee and Board during 2022 and December 2023 (2nd) • BAF considered at each quarterly Board meeting (2nd) • Managing Conflicts of Interest Policy to Audit Committee during 2022 and 2023 (2nd)	4	3 12	Gaps in control: 1. Trust Policy Framework. 2. Lack of visibility of governance arrangements within the organisation. 3. Awareness of Conflicts of Interest policy within key decision making groups, impacting on Counter Fraud Authority standard attainment (currently 'amber' for this particular element). 4. Awareness of internal audit process. Gaps in assurance: 5. Reporting of the percentage compliance of decision making staff declaring their interests 6. Data Security & Protection Toolkit assurance	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Review the Trust's policy framework via a project including governance, PMO, risk management and IT by December 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance. 2. Develop 'governance maps' to outline the groups/meetings in the Trust below Board committee level - by 30 September 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance. 3a. Deliver conflicts of interest awareness sessions with key decision making groups within the Trust by November 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance 3b Put in place reports to Divisions/departments detailing outstanding 'decision making' staff required to make declarations by September 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance. 4. Actively raise awareness with management leads of overdue internal audit recommendations and the importance of the internal audit process, by October 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance 5. Develop declarations of interest compliance reports to Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (following the introduction of declarations within ESR) by October 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance. 6. Deliver DSPT action plan by end of March 2024. Lead Executive: Director of Governance.	3b. Regular reporting established July 2023 and remains ongoing. Action closed Q3. 4. Action completed (Q2). Awareness raised with executive directors, who are responsible for		3