

Board of Directors' Meeting: 9 May 2024

Agenda item		082/24									
Report Title		Board Assurance Framewor	rk – C	Draft Quarter 4, 2023/24							
Executive Lead	k	Director of Governance – Ann	na Mil	anec							
Report Author		Head of Corporate Governance	ce & (Compliance – Deborah Bryce							
CQC Domain:		Link to Strategic Goal:		Link to BAF / risk:							
Safe	$\sqrt{}$	Our patients and community		All BAF risks							
Effective	$\sqrt{}$	Our people		All DAI TISKS							
Caring	$\sqrt{}$	Our service delivery		Trust Risk Register id:							
Responsive	$\sqrt{}$	Our governance									
Well Led	$\sqrt{}$	Our partners									
Consultation Communicatio	n	Executive risk leads. Quality & Safety Assurance Committee – 30 April 2024. Finance & Performance Assurance Committee – 30 April 2024.									
Executive summary:		owners and their relevant sen	er 4 o	of 2023/24 by the executive risk							
Recommendations to the Committee:		The Board is asked to: a) Consider if the BAF content reflects the strategic risks within the organisation and if the risk scores are appropriate? b) Consider if there is evidence of successful management of the risks and if actions are being progressed in a timely manner? c) Approve the Board Assurance Framework for quarter 4, 2023-24.									
Appendices:		Appendix 1: Board Assurance Framework (draft) - Quarter 4									

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 The Board Assurance Framework (BAF) outlines the risks to achievement of the organisation's strategic objectives.
- 1.2 Work to review and refresh the BAF content for quarter 4 was undertaken during mid-March 2024 to mid-April 2024.
- 1.3 The Board's attention is drawn to all risks.
- 1.4 It was noted at the QSAC that BAF1, BAF2 and BAF8 had not been overseen prior to the meeting by the executive leads. However, they advised at the meeting that they were content with the outcome and update of those risks.
- 1.5 It was noted at the FPAC and QSAC meetings that many of the actions appearing on the BAF had now been completed, but that risk scorings had remained high with little change. It was agreed that this should be looked at over the next quarter whilst the annual review of risk descriptions and controls be reviewed to ensure that the correct controls and mitigations had been identified for the risks.
- 1.6 Quarter 4 is the last BAF quarter in the 2023-24 year. Strategic risk detail will be refreshed for quarter 1 of 2024-25 with the executive risk owners. To assist with the preparation of the 2024/25 BAF, the Board held a risk appetite/BAF seminar on 25 April 2024.

2.0 Significant changes to the BAF during quarter 4 2023/24

- 2.1 The draft BAF can be found within **Appendix 1.** New narrative since the previous quarter's BAF is shown in blue text.
- 2.2 It is proposed in quarter 4 to <u>reduce</u> the current total risk score of BAF risk 9 (*The Trust is unable to recover services post-Covid to meet the needs of the community/ service users*) from 4X5=20 to 4X4=16. This is because long waiters are reducing, and we are overachieving on our forecast.
 - When presented at FPAC, it was suggested that the risk score be further reduced to 4X3=12, however, the committee agreed that it would concur with a decision by the QSAC. Further consideration of the same risk at the subsequent QSAC proposed that the risk be reduced only to 4x4=16, with a reminder that it may be appropriate to further reduce the risk in the next quarter.
- 2.3 Several actions have been completed and closed in quarter 4, as indicated within the BAF.
- 2.4 A new action has been added within BAF risk 11.

3.0 Risks, actions and the Organisation's top risks

3.1 The detail of each BAF risk and proposed actions aligned with gaps in control and assurance can be viewed within the draft BAF (Appendix 1).

- 3.2 Based on the draft <u>current</u> total risk scores for quarter 4, there are two top risks with a risk score of 20; six risks with a current total risk score of 16; two with a score of 15 and four with a score of 12, as indicated within the BAF summary page.
- 3.3 The two top risks, with a current total risk score of 20, are shown below. Since quarter 3, BAF risk 9 has been removed from the top risks following a decrease in current total risk score in quarter 4.

The two top scoring BAF risks based on draft current total risk scores at quarter 4:

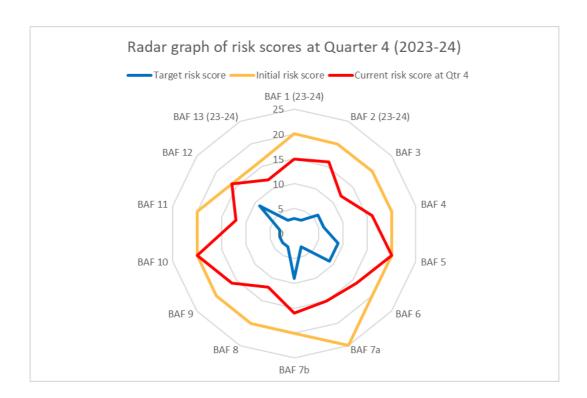
No.	Risk title	Overseeing Committee	Current proposed risk score at quarter 4, 2023-24	Change in score since quarter 3 2023-24
BAF 5	The Trust does not operate within its available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action.	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x5 = 20	No change ↔
BAF 10	The Trust is unable to meet the required national urgent and emergency standards.	Finance & Performance & Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	No change ↔

- 3.4 Being aware of the proposed top scoring risks should assist the Committee/Board to consider:
 - If these risks reflect the perceived current top risks within the organisation.
 - The priority of focus given to the risks and assurances received.
 - The comparative scoring of all risks.

The BAF summary page indicates the scores for each risk, which also includes other extreme risks scored at 15 or above.

4.0 Visual representation of risk scores

- 4.1 The radar graph within the BAF (below) provides a visual representation of risk scores, including target risk score. It is intended that this will assist the Committee/Board to:
 - identify the gap between the risk target score and current risk score.
 - help identify where the initial and current risk scores are the same (where the line on the graph overlaps), i.e., risks 5, 10 and 12, and to consider if the controls are adequate for these risks or if further action and assurance is required.
 - assist to continue to reflect on the target risk scores and whether these remain appropriate and achievable.



5.0 Recommendations

The Board is asked to:

- a) Consider if the BAF content reflects the strategic risks within the organisation and if the risk scores are appropriate?
- b) Consider if there is evidence of successful management of the risks and if actions are being progressed in a timely manner?
- c) Approve the Board Assurance Framework for quarter 4, 2023-24.



Appendix 1

Board Assurance Framework (BAF) 2023/24 - draft quarter 4 (January - March 2024)

(Updated March/April 2024 - Version 1.1)



Risk scoring framework

	Likelihood											
	1	2	3	4	5							
Impact / consequence	Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost certain							
5 Severe	5	10	15	20	25							
4 Major	4	8	12	16	20							
3 Moderate	3	6	9	12	15							
2 Minor	2	4	6	8	10							
1 Negligible	1	2	3	4	5							

For grading risk, the scores obtained from the risk matrix are assigned grades as follows*:

1 to 3	LOW risk
4 to 6	MODERATE risk
8 to 12	HIGH risk
15 - 25	EXTREME risk



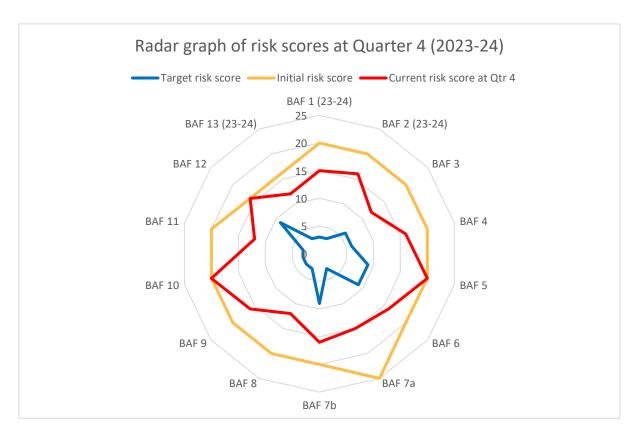
											Current total risk score:	
	Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary at <u>4</u> (January to March)	Alignment to strategic goal(s)	Initial (inherent) risk score	Target risk score	Lead Executive	Lead Committee	Quarter 4 (2022-23)	Quarter 1 (2023-24)	Quarter 2 (2023-24)		Quarter 4 (2023-24)	Change in current risk score between Q3 and Q4, plus any further comments
BAF 1 (23/24)		We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	5x4 = 20	3	Medical Director /Director of Nursing	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	N/A	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	←→ No change.
BAF 2 (23/24)	The Trust is unable to consistently embed a safety culture with evidence of continuous quality improvement and patient experience.	Our high performing and continuously improving teams constantly strive to improve the services that we deliver.	5x4 = 20	3	Dir of Nursing/ Medical Director	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	← No change
BAF 3	If the trust does not ensure staff are appropriately skilled, supported and valued this will impact on our ability to recruit/retain staff and deliver the required quality of care.	Our staff are highly skilled, motivated, engaged and 'live our values'. SaTH is recognised as a great place to work.	5x4 = 20	6	Director of People & OD	People & OD Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x3=12	4x3=12	↔ No change
BAF 4	A shortage of workforce capacity and capability leads to deterioration of staff experience, morale, and well-being.	Our staff are highly skilled, motivated, engaged and 'live our values'. SaTH is recognised as a great place to work.	5x4 = 20	6	Director of People & OD	People & OD Assurance Committee	5x4 = 20	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	↔ No change
BAF 5	The Trust does not operate within its available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action	Our services are extremely efficient, effective, sustainable and deliver value for money.	4x5 = 20	9	Director of Finance	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	←→ No change
BAF 6		We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	4x5 = 20	9	Assistant CEO	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	← No change
BAF 7a	Failure to maintain effective cyber defences impacts on the delivery of patient care, security of data and Trust reputation.	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	5x5 = 25	3	Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Audit and Risk Assurance Committee	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	5x3 = 15	← No change
BAF 7b	The inability to implement modern digital systems impacts upon the delivery of patient care	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	4x5 = 20	9	Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	← No change.

3

Board Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary

											Current total risk score:	
	Assurance Framework 2023/24 - Summary at <u>4</u> (January to March)	Alignment to strategic goal(s)	Initial (inherent) risk score	Target risk score	Lead Executive	Lead Committee	Quarter 4 (2022-23)			Quarter 3 (2023-24)	Quarter 4 (2023-24)	Change in current risk score between Q3 and Q4, plus any further comments
BAF 8		We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x5 = 20	3	Director of Nursing	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee	4x4 = 16	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	↔ No change.
BAF 9		We work closely with our patients and communities to develop new models of care that will transform our services. We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x5 = 20	3	Chief Operating Officer	Finance & Performance and Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x5 = 20	4x4 = 16	▼ Reduction in total current risk score at Q4 as long waiters are reducing and overachieving on our forecast.
BAF 10	emergency standards	We are a learning organisation that sets ambitious goals and targets, operates in an open and transparent way and delivers what is planned.	4x5 = 20	3	Chief Operating Officer	Finance & Performance and Quality & Safety Assurance Committees	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	4x5 = 20	← No change
BAF 11	The current configuration and layout of acute services in Shrewsbury and Telford will not support future population needs and will present an increasing risk to the quality and continuity of services.	We deliver our services utilising safe, high quality estate and up to date digital systems and infrastructure.	5x4 = 20	3	Director of Hospital Transformation Programme	Finance & Performance Assurance Committee and HTP Sub- Committee	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	← No change
BAF 12	There is a risk of non-delivery of integrated pathways, led by the ICS and ICP.	We have understanding relationships with our partners, working together to deliver best practice integrated care for our communities	4x4 = 16	9	Chief Operating Officer and Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Quality & Safety Assurance Committee		4x3 = 12	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	4x4 = 16	↔ No change
BAF 13 (23/24)	The Trust is unable to ensure that robust corporate governance arrangements are in place resulting in poor processes, procedures and assurance	We deliver safe and excellent care first time every time.	4x4 = 16	3	Director of Governance	Audit and Risk Assurance Committee	N/A	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	4x3 = 12	↔ No change

Visual representation of risk scores



Reference and risk title	E	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite								
BAF 1 (23/24):		Medical	Our patients and community									
If the Trust is unable to maintain quality of care standards and clinical safety, outcomes will be unacceptable.	D	Director/ Director of Nursing	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Quality & Safety Assurance						
Risk opened: risk content refreshed 1 April 2023 (previous risk within 2021/22)		ohn Jones/ Iyley Flavell	Service Delivery			Committee						
Risk Description I L	scor (Im	re ipact (I) x	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1	to	arget otal risk core
Cause: Inconsistencies in care Inconsistencies and lack of clarity in governance arrangements Lack of resources Lack of clarity of standards and frameworks especially where practice may be different across sites Incomplete training and competencies Operational pressures Workforce gaps (including vacancies); inability to recruit and retain the right numbers and skill mix of clinical staff Clarity of and lack of consistency in the use of policies and procedures Unable to off-load ambulances in a timely way because of lack of patient flow through the organisation Lack of clarity of data and triangulation of data Lack of capacity to plan service improvement work Organisational culture Consequence: Harm to patients Delays in time-critical care Inadequate care Poor patient experience and increased complaints Increased length of stay Poor management of deteriorating patients Reduced staff morale and recruitment and retention Inconsistencies in governance arrangements Further CQC prosecutions and enforcements if standards and frameworks are not in place. Ambulance rapid handover could result in a greater volume of patients in ED than can be received and cared for Reputational damage, financial loss and lack of confidence in the organisation Increase in use of temporary and agency staff resulting in lack of continuity and financial pressures	Like	elihood (L))	Getting To Good (G2G) workstreams: Levelling up Clinical Standards and Fundamentals in Care. * Targeted transformation programmes Quality Strategy; Quality Proirites; Corporate Strategy; People Strategy; Digital Strategy; workforce planning * Clinical audit programme * Learning from Deaths Group review Deteriorating Patient Group * Falls prevention strategy * Safeguarding Policy (including Mental Health and Learning Disabilities) * IPC Policy * Palliative and End of Life framework * Staff training * Identification and management of concerns about capability of healthcare professionals * NIQAM / rapid review meetings/ RALIG both in place (NIQAM reviews all pressure ulcers and Sts. Rapid review of all moderate and above including. * Quality governance framework within Divisions * Exemplar programme (ward accreditation) * Monthly Nursing Metrics * Daily incident communications (Datix) * Pressure ulcer panels * Nutrition and Hydration Group * Nursing Documentation Group in place * Trust Complaints Process and an independent complaints panel * Freedom to Speak Up Guardian and ambassador arrangements in place * Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carrer Experience Groups and the Patient and Carrer Experience Groups * Roeard Assurance Visits * Weekly clinical leaders forum * Newsletters shared * Quality Matrons * Patient Safety Specialist in post * SaTH Improvement methodology courses * SaTH improvement methodology cour	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Non-Executive led assurance committees: Quality & Safety Assurance Committee and Ockenden Report Assurance Committee, reporting to Board (2nd) Mortality metrics reported to Board and Learning from Deaths Group considered by Board quarterly (2nd) Quality metrics: within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly)(2nd) Quality metrics: within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly)(2nd) Quality metrics: within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly)(2nd) Quality Account to QSAC/Board (2nd) SATH Oversight and Assurance Group (3rd) Quality Account to QSAC/Board (2nd) Sath Oversight and Assurance Group (3rd) Quality Account to QSAC/Board (2nd) Serious incident reports, themes, claims and complaints report to QSAC and public Board (2nd) Sath Survey results to Board and quarterly pulse survey results considered at People & OD Committee (2nd) Serious incident reports, themes, claims and complaints report to QSAC and public Board (2nd) Sath Survey results to Board and quarterly pulse survey results considered at People & OD Committee (2nd) Serious incident reports, with the Carbon (2nd) Serious finance (2nd) Serious incident reports, with the Carbon (2nd) Serious (2nd)	5 3	Likelihood (L))	Gaps in control: 1. National shortages in specific workforce, e.g. doctors within critical care, care of the elderly, emergency medicine, and significant gaps in nursing, including paediatric and neonatal, and nurse associates. 2. Increased number of patients with no criteria to reside, impacting on patient flow and pressures in the Emergency Department. 3. Prolonged timescale of electronic systems replacing dated and paper based systems. 4. Implementation of national Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) and development and roll-out of Patient Safety Strategy.	2023. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing. 4b. Develop a three year Patient Safety Strategy by April 2024 which encompasses the key elements of the National Patient Safety Strategy. Executive Lead Director of Nursing. In addition to support the strategy and addition to support the strategy and add Embed level's 1 and 2 of the National Patient Safety Partners by April 2024; and 4d Embed level's 1 and 2 of the National Patient Safety syllabus in the wider SaTH training offer, by March 2024. 5. Introduce a programme of development for clinical leaders (including nursing, midwives and AHP's) by Q4. 6. Policy Framework including Policy for Policies' to be reviewed. Executive Lead: Director of Governance, by December 2023. 7. Development of the framework and agreed governance routes. Executive Lead: Executive Medical Director, by December 2023. 8. Develop quality strategy dashboard by August 2023. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing 9. Ensure better oversight/reporting of serious incident actions progress: discuss and agree serious incident reporting with the Divisional leadership team: the tracked actions also	See BAF risk 12 Digital roadmap being followed with plans for new patient administration system (PAS), as per agreed implementation plan. See action 3 update within BAF	: I d d d dddddddddddddddddddddddddddddd		3

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 2 (23/24): The Trust is unable to		Director of	Our patients and community									
consistently embed a safety culture with evidence of continuous quality improvement and patient experience.		Nursing/ Medical Director	Service Delivery	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk content fully revised Q2, 2023/24 (previous risk within 2021/22)		Hayley Flavell/ John Jones	Our partners									
Risk Description	I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd. 3rd lines)	1	L Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1	L	Target total risk score
Cause:			Embedding NHS Impact within Getting To	Reported to Board, committees and	П		Gaps in control:	Actions aligned to gaps:			T	
Inconsistent leadership to support a high quality compassionate care environment Inconsistent embedding of learning when colleagues speak up Inconsistent approach to ensure acceptable values and behaviours that create psychologically safe team working Inconsistent organisational support to embed a continuous learning and improvement environment Leaders inconsistently demonstrating basic good practice in respect of 1 to 1 meetings, health and wellbeing check ins and talent management conversations with colleagues. Lack of prioritisation of learning and development for colleagues. Consequence: Increased harm Poor patient experience Increased complaints	5	4 20	Good (G2G) workstreams FTSU (Vision and Strategy in place New national FTSU 2022 policy update in place New national FTSU 2022 policy update in place New national FTSU 2022 policy update in place FTSU on-line training is mandatory at SaTH since June 2022. (At quarter Q4: FTSU workers at 89.5%, FTSU managers at 79.4% and senior leaders 59%). Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carer Experience Panel. Board Assurance visits Patient Safety Specialist in post SaTH improvement Hub Trust Strategy 2022-2027 (includes continuous improvement culture) Leadership programmes in place, including Galvanise programme for colleagues from ethnic minorities Continuous improvement programme Staff psychological wellbeing services in place Staff Survey covers some key safety culture elements (being undertaken Oct to Nov 2023) Implementation) Civility and Respect workshops in place in the Trust that are available for clinical and	elsewhere: Reports to Quality & Safety Assurance Committee held monthly, reporting into Board (2nd) ORAC - Ockenden Report Assurance Committee (2nd) ARAC - Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (2nd) - bi-annual FTSU reports Culture dashboard (annually based on Staff Survey) and quarterly cultural report, reported to Operational People Group (1st) Updated FTSU Policy approved at June 2023 Board (2nd) Quarterly FTSU updates to Board (Oct 2023) (2nd) Patient Safety incident Response Framework and policy to October Board (2nd) Internal audit of FTSU arrangements (inhouse) Sept 2022-May 2023 (2nd) Update to Operational People Group on retention, featured improvement Hub progress (Nov 2023) (2nd) *FTSU priorities shared and agreed at February 2024 Board meeting (2nd)	4	4 10	1. Delivery of the five components of NHS impact: • Building a shared purpose and vision • Investing in people and culture • Developing leadership behaviours • Building improvement capability and capacity • Embedding improvement into management systems and processes 2. Embedding the new approach to patient safety 3. Evidence of continuous quality improvement culture	1a. Develop and agree the Getting to Good (G2G) Plan for each of the NHS impact five continuous improvement components, including executive lead, by February 2024. Executive lead: Director of People & OD. 1b. Co-ordinated programme to respond to NHS impact, monitored through Getting to Good Programme (during 2023/24 and 2024/25). NHS impact Self Assessment to be completed by 31 October 2023. Executive Lead: Director of People & OD and Director of Strategy & Planning. 1c. Embedding the Just Culture Framework and linking to workforce policies and procedures, during 2024-2026. Executive lead: Director of Nursing and Director of People & OD. 2a. Implement Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) by November 2023. Executive lead: Director of Nursing. 2b. Continuous dissemination of learning from incidents. 2c Develop a three year Patient Safety Strategy by April 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing 3a. Deliver Improvement Conference in May 2024. 3b. Review Staff Survey Results in January/February 2024 with Divisional action plans put into place by April 2024. Executive Leads: All 3c. Produce Improvement Hub Annual Report by May 2024.	understanding of 'just culture', in Q1 2024/25. 2a. PSIRF Plan and Policy scheduled at October 2023 Boan meeting, PSIRF launched on 1 December 2023. Action complete Q3. 2b. Work ongoing and links to Patient Safety Strategy development. RALIG and IROG meetings have enhanced focus via PSIRF introduction. Action complete Q4. Dissemination from incidents remains ongoing and was shared with QOC and Q5AC in Q4. 2c. Patient Safety Strategy in draft format at Q4. 3a. On track, pending final approval. 3b. Staff Survey went live Oct-Nov 2023 with results published 7 March 2024. 45% response rate received to Staff Survey. Divisional plans due to be reported to PODA in April. Divisional briefings being delivered March/April			:
Reputational damage Lack of confidence in the organisation Further CQC prosecutions and enforcements Our people are not routinely raising concerns/speaking up on patient safety and anything else that may affect great patient care Our people do not work as a team and a safety culture is not embedded within the organisation Poor communication and unable to learn from incidents Lack of measure of safety culture within the organisation			non-clinical teams (1,000 plus people have taken part in these workshops, at October 2023) • Head of Culture in place with Civility and Respect remit • Neutral evaluations take place within teams in certain areas • Internal cultural reviews taking place via OC Team, with subsequent cultural interventions put in place, where required, e.g. team workshops and signposting to leadership courses. • Board FTSU self-reflection tool: Board development session held 1 November 2023 • Review of all mandatory training has begun and SEMTRAG (SATH Education Mandatory Training Group) established in Q4 - February • Two Family Liaison Officer posts put in place during Q4, who will feedback following learning from incidents				4. Colleagues feeling safe and supported to raise patient safety concerns (FTSU and raising risks and incidents), and that they will be acted upon and learning embedded. 5. Clinical Lead for Improvement gap Gaps in assurance:	Executive Lead: Director of People & OD . 4a.Board to undertake FTSU self-reflection by November 2023 and then develop FTSU Trust priorities by end January 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Governance. 4b. Board to consider their role in creating/modelling a speak up/psychologically safe culture at SaTH, along with associated actions - at the 1 November 2023 Board FTSU self reflection session. Executive Lead: Director of Governance, along with Non Executive Director FTSU lead. 5. Appoint Clinical Lead for Improvement by 31 March 2024. Executive lead: Medical Director	2024. 3c. Improvement Hub Annual Report scheduled. Action to be carried forward to 24/25 4a. October 2023 was FTSU month with publication of FTSU learning across the Trust. Board FTSU self-reflection session delivered 1 November 2023. FTSU priorities agree January 2024. Action complete Q4. 4b. Board FTSU self-reflection undertaken. FTSU priorities agreed January 2024. Action complete Q4. 5. Q4: Budget and scope of role is under review.	ed		

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board ommittee					
BAF 3: If the trust does not ensure staff are appropriately		Our People								
skilled, supported and valued this will impact on our ability to recruit/retain staff and on the quality of care.	Director of People & OD	Our patients and community	SATH has a MODERATE risk appetite to explore innovative solutions to future staffing requirements, our ability to retain staff and to ensure that we are an employer of choice.	As	ople & OD ssurance ommittee					
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Rhia Boyode (RB)	Service Delivery								
Risk Description I	L Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of	risk s	score	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes I	t	Target total risk score
Cause: Failure to recruit and retain the right number of people at the right level, with the right skill mix. Retirement remains as a leading reason for staff turnover Staff fatigue burnout. Stress, anxiety, and depression remains a top reason for long term sickness Some staff who are homeworkers reporting isolation in mental health Lack of certainty around future ways of working and work environments Shortage of key professionals and occupations in specific roles Lack of succession planning to mitigate risks when key staff leave and encourage staff retention Dissatisfaction with pay and reward Work environment concerns in relation to belonging and staff experience relating to behaviours Immediate recruitent freeze put in place on 9 March 2024 to review current resources and skill mix Consequence: Staff dissatisfaction with the level of engagement, involvements and communication with team leaders and senior leadership leading to low morale Poor levels of engagement and morale which are correlated with lower patient satisfaction and outcomes High use of agency staff. High levels of sickness and turnover. Disruption to services. Industrial action Poor patient experience and outcomes. Adverse publicity and/or reputational damage. Nay lead to the financial unsustainability of some services. Reforming our services	i 4 20	Retention plan supporting it. Regular meetings between the bank and rostering leads and operational leads to review performance and improvements. Annual Staff Survey, pulse survey, workforce transformation ICB/ICS programmes such as HCSW and Talent programme, improve well and making a difference linked to the culture dashboard. Enabling programmes in place with escalation/assurance to OPG/SLT/FPAC and QSAC committee through to People board where indicated. Extensive Health & Wellbeing (HWB) programme including staff finance, support, physio, clinical psychology and therapy Culture, respect and inclusion programmes Leadership development framework Working group in place engaging with workforce to	Associated risk register entries reviewed and updated regularly at OPG (2nd) Financial Governance Group - weekly (2nd) Executive dashboard on agency expenditure - weekly (1st) MIAA (internal audit) Staff Wellbeing & Engagement review to ARAC - Substantial assurance (3rd)	4 3	12	1. Systematic process throughout the Trust to support staff development, and career progression. 2. Embedded processes for medium-and long-term workforce planning mechanisms with links to transformation/Hospital Transformation Programme. 3. Continued work required to deliver new ways of working/smarter working for corporate teams – scoping impact of risks. 4. Managing Working Time Directive breaches and management of rosters for medical staff. 5. Workforce strategy to be refreshed for clinical, corporate, and medical professions. 6. Reward and recognition schemes. 7. Talent management plan. 8. A plan to support staff to work in new ways, post pandemic, in accordance with the NHS People Plan. 9. Measurable objectives on equality, diversity and inclusion for Chair, CEO and Board members.	2. Workforce Planning Steering Group established. Guidance and template workforce planning approach linked to Skills 4 Health training to support organisation and system in relation to workforce planning - training to be completed by September 2023. 3. Support corporate staff to work differently in a hybrid model, develop a short, medium- and longer-term plan that delivers workforce, estates and financial benefits by March 2024. 4. Implementation of the people services improvement plan by August 2023 which includes full review of all medical rosters ensuring compliance (by March 2024). 5. Review of SaTH People Plan Strategy with updated actions by December 2023, aligned to the organisation strategy and NHS Long Term Workforce Plan. 6. Embed and deliver annual reward and recognition practices across the Trust by March 2024. 7. Embed Talent Management Approach - by March 2025. 8a. New development programmes in place for 2023/24 which continues the expansion of new roles and apprentices across the Trust by March 2024. 8b. To review the NHS People Plan health and wellbeing strategy, to support, review and ensure development of staff people plan by July 2024. 9a. Board and executive team must have EDI objectives that are SMART and be assessed against these as part of the annual appraisal process, by March 2024. 9b. Board members should demonstrate how organisational data and lived experience have been used to improve culture, by March 2025. 9c. The Board must review relevant data to establish EDI arreas of concern and prioritise actions. Progress will be tracked and monitored via the Board Assurance Framework, by March 2024.	2. Action complete Q2. 23-24. 3. Home Working Policy updated and launched quarter 2. National Homeworking Policy has now been released and we have reviewed it against SaTH policy which has been updated and approved a Operational People Group and INCC in November 2023. Policy updated for a launch in Q1. Ongoing car parking discussions to support agile working. Action to continue in 24/25. 4. Work on the plan was concluded August 2023. Work continues on reviewing and implementing changes to rotas across junior doctor specialities. Action remains on track. 5. Draft ICS People Plan submitted to ICB March 2023. Local alignment to SaTH People Plan and national NHS Long Term Workforce Plan during quarter 3. Draft People Plan Strategy submitted to PODAC in February 2024 and due to Board in May 2024 for approval. 6. In progress and on track for delivery at Q4 for 23-24 plans. Action complete Q4. 2024-25 plans awaiting approval. 7. Talent approach agreed. Talent briefings held. Talent portal launched. Talent Conversations training commenced in quarter 3. Monitoring KPI for improvement and following the Staff Survey results we will review for any further improvements. 8a. On track with new roles, in accordance with the Trust's Operational Plan, e.g. nursing associates. Action complete, Q3. 8b. Commenced review of health and wellbeing framework diagnostic tool - pilot in place, further discussion about integration into normal business planning process. Looking to support Divisions to undertake the diagnostic tool, as risk in capacity available to do this.	. 2	6
						10. Employee relations practice in	10. External review of recent cases to establish lessons learned and improve employee experience by December 2023.	10. The review has been completed and feedback session is 17 January 2024, with subsequent report to PODAC in Q1 24-25.		

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 4: A shortage of workforce			Our People	SATH has a MODERATE								
capacity and capability leads to deterioration of staff experience, morale, and well-being.		Director of People and OD	Our patients and community	risk appetite to explore innovative solutions to future staffing requirements, our ability to retain staff and to ensure that we are an		People & OD Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22		Rhia Boyode	Service Delivery	employer of choice.								
Risk Description	I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1	L	Target total risk score
Cause: - Engagement in quality improvement initiatives due to competing demands on the team. - Redeployment of staff to support operational activity, reducing the opportunity of staff to be involved in improvement activity or take part in training. - Failure to address inequalities across all protected characteristic groups of staff in terms of promotion, career progression and over representation of staff from minority ethnic groups in formal HR processes. - Leadership styles that do not reflect the Trust values and behaviours framework - Colleagues not accessing appropriate learning and development, including statutory and mandatory training - Immediate recruitment freeze put in place on 9 March to review current resources and skill mix - Consequence: - The trust's reputation will be compromised impacting on recruitment and retention - Failure to embed and model the values and behaviours of the trust consistently and create confidence in speaking up culture and processes. - Leadership roles not reflecting diverse nature of community and any specific needs and cultural issues which may impact on staff, patient experience and outcomes - Turnover and sickness absence will remain above target - Potential incidents if staff are not up to date with mandatory training - Staff will not raise concerns reducing the opportunity to improve quality and staff and patient experience, and with and	5	4 20	- Educator role for newly qualified nurses (visible role picking up pastoral and education needs) - Equip people to deliver quality improvement locally, to identify and embed organisational learning to provide a positive impact on quality of care - Board and workforce equality committee dashboards reporting against strategy, action plans/KPI's and inclusion plan - Workforce metrics, staff survey, pulse surveys, EDI (equality, diversity and inclusion) groups, staff networks, triangulation of data, coaching methodology, Saff improvement methodology, Participation in WEES (workforce race equality standard), WES (workforce passibility equality standard), EDS (equality delivery system) frameworks and gender pay gap reporting - Minority ethics Stef Medership programmes - ICS BAME Programme - Values based recruitment approach - Agreed targeted recruitment campaigns and retention actions including eat interviews - Targeted interventions on statutory and mandatory training compliance, using Pareto analysis - Learning Made Simple reporting on statutory and mandatory training compliance - Target interventions on culture dashboard metrics, using Pareto analysis - External Executive Directorship Training - Civility Saves Lives programme roll out - SaTH education offer via education prospectus - SaTH education offer v	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Workforce metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) People & DO Assurance Committee (2nd) Operational People Group ((OPG), monthly (2nd) Education Group (1st) System education/training meeting (1st) Culture Group reporting and culture dashboard to Operational People Group (1st) Retention Group reports into Operational People Group (1st) Getting to Good progress reviewed/reported monthly (2nd) Annual Staff Survey considered by Board (2nd) Workforce data on leadership profile (1st) Recruitment dashboard (1st) Senior Leaders Committee Operational, monthly (2nd) People Puke Surveys reported to OPG quarterly (2nd) EDI reporting into EDI Performance Group, which feeds into OPG (1st) MIAA (internal audit) Staff Wellbeing & Engagement review to ARAC - substantial assurance (3rd) MIAA Rota Review Assignment Report to ARAC - limited assurance (3rd)	4 4 4	. 16	management and succession 5. Embedding of trust values consistently at every level and within all key systems and processes 6. EDI champions and local EDI	2. To provide our people with the tools and coaching to support innovation, quality improvement and Organisational learning via the SaTH improvement Hubongoing work throughout 2022/23 and 2023/24. 3a. Support corporate staff to work differently in a hybrid model, develop a short, medium- and longer-term plan that delivers workforce, estates and financial benefits by March 2024. 3b. Continue workforce transformation programme which includes new roles and new ways of working - in place by March 2024. 4a. Continue to support the Scope for Growth programme as part of wider succession planning and talent mapping-by March 2024. 4b. Deliver and embed management technical competency framework for bands 3 to Board - by March 2024. 4c. Evaluate the Leadership & Development Strategy and Programme for compassionate, inclusive and effective leadership - by October 2023.	been released and we have reviewed against SaTH policy which has been updated and approved at Operational People Group (OPG) and JNCC in November 2023. Policy updated for a launch in Q1. Ongoing car parking discussions to support agile working. Action to continue in 24/25. 38. Workforce transformation governance framework (HTP) in place July 2023. Q3: Now completed workforce plan for HTP ready for submission, including roles required and recruitment approaches to deliver required workforce. HTP workforce plan submitted as part of HTP business case in Q4. Action complete Q4.			6
							7. High levels of mental health related sickness absence Gaps in assurance: -	7. Embed and develop the new staff psychology service by March 2024.	Board for approval. Progress against EDI improvement plan going to PODAC in April 2024. 7. Quarterly monitoring of activity and impact on sickness absence and mental health to be put in place via quarterly monitoring to OPG from September 2023. Regular monitoring via OPG in place (2Q), although some concerns regarding data quality are being improved. Staff Psychology service has developed a number of interventions such as debrief training for ED department (Q2), 472 individual requests support and 51 team interventions since 1 March 2023.			

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 5: The Trust does		Our service delivery	SATH has a HIGH risk								
not operate within its available resources, leading to financial instability and continued regulatory action.	Director of Finance	Our governance	appetite and is eager to pursue options which will benefit the efficiency and effectiveness of services whilst ensuring that we minimise the possibility of financial loss and comply		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Helen Troalen	Our Partners	with statutory requirements.								
ris (II	otal initial isk score Impact (I) x ikelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	1	1	Target total risk score
Cause: Overspend against operational budgets driven by operational pressures Under-delivery of CIP Capital constraints Historic under-investment driving increased capital requirement A failure to maintain financial sustainability due to non-planned cost pressures Lack of available appropriate substantive workforce Continuing to operate in a system with a commissioner deficit Consequence: Short-term recovery inhibits service quality improvement. Dowindling cash reserves. External action being taken against the Trust (in segment 4 of System Oversight Framework) Continue imposition of regulatory controls leading to the loss of local control. Damage to the Trust's continuing abilities to function Inhibits ICS ability to commission growth in services	20	Annual financial plan - revenue and capital plan. Planning on a system wide basis with openness and transparency across the system. Internal performance management system - budget holder to Board. Monthly financial reporting system-nominal roll, budget statements, divisional committee, Operational Performance Review Meetings (PRM). Fefficiency and Sustainability Group Executive led financial governance group - meets weekly to consider controls on committing expenditure Annual revenue plan for 2023/24 that was developed with specialty input and within which activity, workforce and finance triangulate (1st) Reviewing junior doctors rotas to ensure compliance System-wide vacancy freeze from 8 March 2024 Non-pay triple lock process to review mostly all non-pay expenditure over £10k	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Monthly Trust-wide finance reports to Board of Directors, FPAC and financial Governance Group (2nd) • Sustainability and Efficiency (CIP) report to Innovation & Investment Committee and Senior Leadership Committee-Operational (2nd). • Annual financial plan, planning progress shared with Board for sign off (2nd) • Divisional Performance Review Meetings (PRM), Cascade, Executive messages into the organisation (2nd). • Monthly performance reviews with divisions (1st) • Routine monthly reporting including variance to plan and run rate analysis (1st) • Internal audit reports (MIAA): core financial controls and sustainability and efficiency processes (3rd) • Substantial assurance • Report to region (NHS Midlands) each month and position shared with local Integrated Care Board (2nd). • External audit of annual accounts (3rd) • Workforce plan reported to Operational People Group (1st) • Five Year Financial Plan presented to FPAC January 2023 (2nd) • Weekly Executive Meeting dashbosrd: beds, WTE and finances (2nd) • Detailed 'bridge' running from 23-24 forecast out-turn identifying key drivers of the adverse variance - reported to FPAC in November 2023 and then Board December 2023 (2nd). • Interni Budget setting paper for 24/25 to FPAC and Board 26/03/24 (2nd).	4 5	20	effective sustainability and efficiency planning. 2. Adherence to cost control policies and processes under times of extreme operational pressure. 3. Financial acumen both within the finance department and across the organisation. 4. Inefficient reporting routines hampered by an outdated finance system and a misalignment between the finance system and the HR system. 5. Risk management process that takes into account quality and safety risk alongside financial risk on a daily basis leading to budget holders prioritising the quality and safety risk and incurring unbudgeted cost in relation to both medical and nursing staff. 6. Understanding how SaTH 5 year plan feeds into health system financial plan. Gaps in assurance: 7. Evidence of effective budget surgeries (monthly meetings to review budgets).		1a. Meetings scheduled and considering support for Divisions to identify and deliver further efficiencies - July 2023 action complete. Additional support in place for all divisions to support additional identification and delivery of efficiencies (Q2). 1b. Budget lines review undertaken and actions shared with divisions in Q2 2023-24. Work remains ongoing to respond to these actions. 1a. Work underway, Reviewed controls outlined within the NHSE letter and implemented additional controls where necessary - action closed. 2b. Meetings in place to pro-actively sign-off doctor and nursing agency, plus vacancy control panels for all vacancies are in place. Action closed Q3. 2c. In progress. Two external audit recommendations have been closed and the remainder are progressing as per the work plan. Actions complete Q4. 3a. There is now a plan to combine this training with other clinical director training in Q4. Training now due to commence Q1 24/25 ab. Unable to apply for Level 3 until 24 months after achievement of Level 2. 4. Work underway. Group in place and working through agreed workplan. Action closed Q3. 5a. Work remains underway for data collection for Safe Care model to take place and final junior doctors rotas are under review. Safer Care data collection now complete. Rota review due, with paper to FPAC and Financial improvement Programme Group for review - Q1 24/25. 5b. Action closed Q3. trajectories in place 6. ICS have developed business case has been approved and work has been commissioned. Work is complete; awaiting outputs. 7a. Action complete Q4. 7b. Work underway; Finance project steering groups have been set units seven workstreams, one of which is concentrating on budget setting. Work completed for 23-24 but action/work will continue into 24/25.	p		9

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee					
BAF 6: Some parts of		Our service delivery	SaTH is open to the HIGH risk							
the Trust's buildings, infrastructure and environment may not be fit for purpose	Assistant CEO	Our governance	appetite required to transform its digital services systems and infrastructure to support better outcomes and experience for our patients		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Inese Robotham		and the public.							
Risk Description I L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and gap(s)</u> in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	l L	Target total risk score
Cause: Older buildings built with now outdated regulatory requirements Restricted physical environment, unable to meet current capacity requirements Backlog maintenance issues - backlog maintenance programme elongated by the Covid-19 pandemic. Fire safety risks Over heating in some patient areas contributing to patient risk. The Trust has identified reinforced autoclaved aerated concrete (RAAC) within specific areas within PRH and surveys continue across the Estate. Consequence: Poorer patient outcomes and patient safety issues Regulatory or legal action taken against the Trust Adverse publicity and reputational damage Potential poor working conditions affecting staff health, experience and engagement - increased sickness absence and recruitment		Board-approved fully funded Capital Programme including backlog maintenance plan and medical equipment budget in place eliminating all high risk backlog on a yearly basis. Capacity & demand led major capital investment plan Estates Plan 2021-2026 in place. Updated Estates risk assessments and planned preventative maintenance of engineering infrastructure Business continuity plan addresses overheating/heat wave and Estates actions to address overheating Staff survey measures staff levels of engagement and morale (in relation to working environment) Minor and major works protocols and management plans in place for known risks, e.g. asbestos and RAAC.	defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Capital plan developed and overseen by Capital Planning Group (CPG), chaired by Director of Finance (2nd) • Regular Estates report to Board (2nd) • Annual update backlog six facet survey that informs the capital plan (1st) • Regular updates of fire action plans at Fire Safety Group (1st) • Fire Safety Improvement Action Plan Oversight Group (2nd) • Fire Safety Training Task & Finish Group (providing oversight) (2nd) • Fire safety updates reported to private Board regularly (2nd) Operational estates governance	4 4		Gaps in control: 1. Energy infrastructure at its limit on the site 2. Resources required to update and action Estates risks to ensure good risk management 3. Access for planned preventative maintenance (PPM) and backlog maintenance resulting in reduction in performance of the PPM and non-delivery of high risk backlog 4. Lack of senior leadership capability within the Estates function/team Gaps in assurance:	July 2023. Executive lead for SaTH: Director of Finance. 1b. Energy Security & Decarbonisation Programme to be progressed throughout 2023-2028. 2. Review/refresh Estates risk register and reestablish Estates Compliance & H&S Group - by August 2023. Executive lead: Director of Finance 3. Non-access will be addressed at trust Silver Control meeting by Head of Operational Estates and escalated to the COO at CPG ongoing.	1a. Plans in place to improve the energy supply and to improve it in stages to supply the Trust plans up to then, and then including, Hospital Transformation Programme. High Level Energy Security Strategy submitted to Board. Action complete Q2. 1b. Signed up to increase in electricity supply in Sept 2023. First step to increase the electricity supply came on stream on 22 December 2023. 2. Group re-established. Work complete. Action complete Q2. 3. Initial action complete and remains ongoing and is a continuing project. Escalation continues to Capital Planning Group where access to areas is not available, e.g. to address air handling units and passive fire protection works. Also raised at Infection Prevention Control Assurance Group. Remains ongoing. 4. The whole of capital projects is now integrated with Estates as one team as of 10 July 2023. Director of Estates role interviews held on 19 December 2023. Director of Estates in post from 2 April 2024. Action complete Q4		9

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 7a: Failure to maintain effective cyber		Director of	Our Service Delivery		П							
defences impacts on the delivery of patient care, security of data and Trust reputation.		Strategy & Partnerships	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the		Audit and Risk						
Risk 7a was partly included within BAF risk 7 in 2021/22 and was subsequently split out into risk 7a and 7b from 2022-23.		Nigel Lee		achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Assurance Committee						
Risk Description	L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I	L Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	L	to	irget tal risk ore
Cause: Lack of resource Lack of capacity and capability Continually changing threat landscape - technology and political unrest Increasing prevalence of threats globally Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal care, for example could lead to interruptions to vital IT applications which in turn could result in sub-optimal patient care. May lead to inability to provide essential services for patients, work together with partners, and / or cease service provision Potential financial penalties - e.g. ICO fines Potential regulatory action - Network & Information System Regulations (note: this area is subject to further expansion) Reputational damage and negative impact on public confidence Temporary or permanent loss of data Reinforces the need for dedicated resource and continued review of the capacity and capability required.	5 !	5 25	evolve further with a greater focus on cyber which will increase a lot of the controls in place Information Governance (IG) strategy, policy and framework Password and digital policies in place, with continual review Network accounts checked and disabled after 90 days of inactivity if not used	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Information Governance Committee - DSPT submissions June and Sept (2nd) MIAA internal audit of cyber security in 2021 (3rd) MIAA internal audit of Data Security Protection Toolkit (annual - June 2023 - Substantial level of assurance provided in respect of the self-assessment. Moderate assurance level overall against the 10 National Data Guardian standards) (3rd) Weekly Digital Services senior leadership team meetings where any issues escalated (1st) Penetration testing report - NHS Digital/Dionach - 2021 (3rd) - report to Digital Services Back-up review report - NHS Digital/MTI(3rd) - report to Board June/July 2021 Active directory review report - NHS Digital/MTI(3rd) - report to Digital Services (Cyber report due to be reported from SaTH Information Governance Group to ICB Digital Group from October 2023) Cyber update report to 6 December 2023 Audit & Risk Assurance Committee meeting (2nd) Internal audit (MIAA) of the Trust's DSPT self assessment - Substantial assurance (3rd) Internal audit against the 10 National Data Guardian Standards - Moderate assurance (3rd)	5	3 1	Gaps in control: 1. Some devices and systems will remain non-compliant with risk mitigation plans 2. Skilled resource and availability within ICS outside of core hours. 3. Cyber Security strategy to be developed. Gaps in assurance: 4. Medical device assurance report.	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Risk mitigation plans in place - ongoing review. Long-term resolution plans required for non-compliant systems within Divisions by 31 October 2023. Executive lead: Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships 2a. SaTH to review cyber requirements to align with the ICS Digital Strategy, once approved. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships, by end October 2023. 2b. Continue our work as a health system partner during 23-24 and 24/25 as part of the work programme for the ICS Digital Delivery Group. 3. Develop Trust-level Cyber Security Strategy to support overarching Digital Strategy by 31 March 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships 4. Develop medical device security report by 31 March 2024. Executive Lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships	1. Update report on cyber position provided to Audit & Risk Assurance Committee (ARAC) Q3 (December). Risk mitigations plans are in place and compliance continues to evolve and be kept up to date in line with national guidance. Some plans require prioritised and costed way forward - which may require some resolution in 2024/25, funding dependant. 2a. ICS Digital Strategy in place. Cyber capacity and capability will require development as part of the work programme of the ICS Digital Delivery Group. Action complete Q3. 2b. In work programme for 2024/25 for the Digital Delivery Group. 3. Content and format of strategy under development. Now expected end of Q1 2024/25 (which will take account of recently announced national changes to DSPT and cyber security compliance). External expertise commissioned to produce the final strategy document. 4. Content and format of report under development. Update encompassed within ARAC cyber report 6 December 2023.			æ

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 7b: The inability to implement modern digital systems impacts upon the delivery of		Director of Strategy &	Our Service Delivery	SaTH is open to the HIGH risk appetite required to transform		Finance &						
patient care Risk 7b was partly included within BAF risk 7 in 2021/22 and was subsequently split out into		Partnerships Nigel Lee	Our Governance	its digital services systems and infrastructure to support better outcomes and experience for our patients and the public.		Performance Assurance Committee						
risk 7a and 7b from 2022-23.				·	1							
Risk Description	· L	Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	1 L	. Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes		L	Target total risk score
Cause: • Lack of core project team resource - appropriate skillsets and experience and national shortage of digital technical personnel • Lack of capacity and capability within Trust • Large scale business change programme alongside other competing business change programmes • Network replacement • Patient Administration System replacement (move from SemaHelix to CareFlow PAS) along with a suite of software modules as part of a multi-phase, multi-year electronic patient record implementation). • Prescribing and Medicines Administration (EPMA - electronic prescribing and medicines administration) system required - funding secured provisionally for 2024/25. • Order Communication system is past the end of its useful life • Second phase of maternity system required - neonatal system upgrade - funding sought for increase in scope • Risk to availability of supplier capacity due to number of trusts introducing patient administration systems • Continuing national funding Consequence: • Could lead to interruptions to vital IT applications which in turn could result in sub-optimal patient care. • Poor data quality - Order Communications System • May lead to inability to provide essential services for patients, work together with partners, and / or cease service provision • Potential financial penalties - misreporting • inability to report • Potential regulatory action • Reputational damage and negative impact on public confidence • Potential negative impact on staff morale • Inability to operate in an integrated health and care system, e.g. shared care records	4	5 20	Digital Transformation governance structure in place - EPR Operational Readiness Group which feeds into Programme Board. EPR Programme Steering Committee which reports into Senior Leadership Committee, reporting into Trust Board Business continuity plans in place and to be implemented for new systems Managed service for hosting of patient administration system Working closely with procurement to secure recruitment into vacant posts Standardised network infrastructure platform Exploring lessons learned from elsewhere Functional Design and Process Design Groups in place - meetings involving trust staff (for EPR Programme) Digital Programme Team in place with plans to expand and enhance this for 24/25 Chief Clinical Information Officer/Clinical Safety Officer in place along with Clinical Safety Committee (safety of software and reducing hazards for patient safety) Chief Nursing Information Officer in place Director of Digital Transformation/Lead in place - at 5aTH New Head of Digital Innovation & Transformation in place within ICS EPR Design Authority Group meet frequently to review the design and sign off to ensure fit for purpose Capital funding awarded and business case developed for order communications and EPMA Additional process improvement support identified following Bluespier theatre system implementation. Two additional digital nursing positions appointed during Q3 to arrive in Q4	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Weekly reports against milestone progress from projects to EPR Programme Manager, along with monthly summary (1st) • Monthly programme reports to Programme Board which feed into Steering Committee (2nd) • Monthly update into Senior Leadership Committee (2nd) • Digital updates to Trust Board (2nd) • Digital updates to Trust Board (2nd) • Report quarterly to NHS Digital and NHS Digital Programme Manager and Regional Digital Lead for Transformation sits on the Steering Group and receives monthly update (3rd) • Report to STW ICS Digital Delivery Committee with system updates to the ICB Strategy Committee (2nd) • Getting To Good (G2G) digital transformation workstream milestones reported • Daily Standup meetings (1st) • External assurance review by NHSE Digital System Support took place in January/February 2024 (3rd) - amber status (successful delivery appears feasible but significant issues already exist requiring management attention. These appear resolvable at this stage and if addressed promptly, should not present a cost/schedule	4	4 1			we continue to have high turnover rates which reflects the current market position.	g aat		9
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Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 8: The Trust cannot fully and consistently meet statutory and / or regulatory healthcare standards.	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22 Hayley Flavell										
Risk Description I L Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	I L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	ı	L	Target total risk score
Cause: Poor processes, systems and culture Operational challenges and pressures Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal quality of care Additional regulatory action Damage to reputation and negative impact on public confidence May lead to cultural issues, poor morale, and difficulties in recruitment Financial penalties At the end of Q3 2023/24 the Trust has five Section 31 conditions in place	Getting To Good (G2G) workstream: Quality & Regulatory Compliance Quality Strategy 2021-2024 Quality Strategy 2021-2024 Quality Strategy 2021-2024 Quality By Safety Assurance Committee and Quality Operational Committee established to monitor position Quality governance framework Complaints process Risk Management Policy and processes Freedom to Speak Up arrangements Exemplar programme (ward accreditation) Monthly quality metrics CQC action plan owned by Divisions Mock CQC inspections internally with input from external stakeholders Palliative and End of Life Steering Group Quality Matrons Quality Matrons Quality Spot checks internal audit review Speciality Patient Experience Groups and the Patient and Carer Experience Panel. Patient Safety Specialist in post Board Assurance visits Core Service CQC Self-Assessments and CQC quarterly engagement events with core services CQC inspection in Q3 2023-24 - report awaited but initial feedback positive (3rd) Current regional Insight visit for first Ockenden Report which focused on immediate and essential actions. Visible quality boards within ward areas.	Safeguarding Assurance Committee (2nd) Operational meetings for IPC, safeguarding, workforce and maternity (1st) Bi-weekly informal meetings with CQC - chaired by Director of Nursing (2nd) Quarterly engagement meetings with CQC (3rd) CQC action plan owned by Divisions and confirm and challenge in place (1st) CQC self-assessment mock visit and executive level table-top sign off for core services (2nd) System Oversight Group - chaired by the Region and CQC, Healthwatch, NMC, GMC and HEE/NHSE attend (3rd)	4 ::	Likelihood (L))	Gaps in control: 1. Lack of whole system support for healthcare services (e.g. children and young peoples mental health and Urgent and Emergency Care - UEC). 2. Lack of capacity/capability to develop the building of the IT (InPhase) structure on time for CQC self-assessment tool. No longer perceived to be a gap at Q2 Gaps in assurance: 3. Information/KPI's to indicate quality strategy is being delivered (as per BAF risk 1).	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. System leadership required. 2. N/A 3. Develop quality strategy dashboard by August 2023. Executive Lead: Director of Nursing	1. The Trust is working with the ICS. A Midland Partnership Foundation Trust and SaTH meeting is planned for new ways of working for children and young people with mental health. Children and Young People mental health summit occurre in September 2023 - continue to await next steps 2. The CQC Self-Assessment tool has gone live and has been used (Q1). Decision made to use Monday.com (already used for emergency, paediatrics and maternity transformation programmes -Q2). The Trust is not adopting Inphase in its totality and will continue with inhouse CQC self-assessment tool based on the CQ inspection framework. Action closed Q2. 3. Bi-weekly meetings are being held with the Performance and BI team and work is progressing well to add the remaining Quality Strategy metrics into Power BI. This will enable the final Quality Strategy dashboard to be produced and included in the Integrated Performance Report as Appendices to be presented at QOC on the 16 January 2024. Q4: Quality dashboard produced and received at Quality Operational Committee monthly. Quality priorities being developed for 2024/25. Action closed Q4.	dd;;.		3

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 9: The Trust is			Service Delivery			FPAC						
services post-covid to meet the needs of the community / service users		Chief Operating Officer	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		(financial impacts) and QSAC (patient/ quality/						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22		Sara Biffen	Our partners			safety related)						
Risk Description I	l L	Total initial risk	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance	I L	Total current	Gap(s) in control and gap(s) in	Actions Required (including target date and	Progress notes	I L	Ta	arget
		score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))		(provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)		risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	lead)			to	otal risk core
Cause: Delayed treatment times and backlog due to the Covid-19 pandemic Workforce gaps - including nursing, medical, Allied Health Professionals, diagnostics and theatres Bed capacity and urgent care demand Insufficient capacity to meet demand Consequence: May lead to sub-optimal care May lead to harm due to the unmet need Financial activity impact Regulatory action Damage to reputation and negative impact on public confidence.	4 !	5 20	Performance controls below (refer to BAF 3 and 4 for workforce controls): Getting To Good (G2G) Theatre Productivity workstream ICS Planned Care Programme / Plan Specialty level capacity and demand plans Weekly/monthly monitoring of capacity/demand, and SaTH Internal Recovery Group Departmental and Divisional monitoring of RTT, imaging and endoscopy NHSE Diagnostic Task Group NHSE weekly assurance meetings for cancer and RTT Monthly Performance Review Meetings Enhanced operational management structure with focus on elective and urgent care Weekly validation process in place Mutual aid request to regional mutual aid hub	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • G2G progress reviewed - reported to Board (2nd) • Performance metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) • Weekly Trust Cancer performance meetings (1st) • Weekly Trust RTT performance meetings (1st) • Cancer Assurance Committee (2nd) • Standing monthly IPR reports to Quality & Safety Assurance Committee and Finance & Performance Assurance Committee (FPAC) (2nd)	4	4 1	Gaps in control: 1. Lack of workforce capacity in radiology to meet clinical demands for recovery of services post Covid-19 pandemic 2. Shortage of theatre staff on both sites to meet capacity requirements 3. Inadequate bed stock to maintain elective activity on both sites 4. Insufficient outpatient booking/scheduling staff 5. Outpatient transformation standards still not being fully achieved Gaps in assurance:		1. Training completed in July and August 2022 to increase the capacity of the POD (the new Radiology unit at RSH). Previously unable to open the POD fully due to workforce gaps, sickness, etc (open three days a week). Utilising insourcing capacity to staff the POD - opened 10 July 2023 - 7 days per week. Action closed Q4. 2. Revised workforce business case to retain staff via caree progression structure - working towards it and have recruited to the roles. Utilising insourcing company to provide ten sessions of theatre staff for PRH. Q3: Theatre insourcing has been stood down from 7 December 2023 du recept of the national letter of financial reset, with the exception of meeting 78 weeks. Theatres recruitment remains ongoing at Q4. 3. Elective hub will be fully operational from January 2024 (23 trolleys and 4 theatres). Q3: Elective Hub is delayed due to building construction issues and, therefore, revised date still TBC. Renal unit has moved to Hollinswood House and was operational from 28 November 2023. Q4: Elective hub delayed and to be open on 10 June 2024 4. Unable to recruit to positions. Back out to advert. Using bank and agency to fill gaps. Trying to recruit to apprenticeship positions but proving challenging due to the nature of the work. This needs to be part of the workforce plan moving forwards. Action closed Q4. 5. Chief Operating Officer contacted Deputy Medical Director. Support is in place. Peer to peer support in place from other organisations with best practice pathways. Q3: GIRFT have issued Going Further Faster guidance booklets for each speciality which are being utilised as part of the outpatient transformation. Action/work remains ongoing.	e		3

Reference and risk title	Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 10: The Trust is unable to meet the	Chief	Service Delivery			FPAC (financial						
required national urgent and emergency standards.	Operating Officer	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		impacts) and QSAC (patient/ quality/						
Risk opened: risk within 2021/22	Sara Biffen	Our partners			safety related)						
	otal initial risk	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance I	L	Total current risk score	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	I	L	Target total risk
(li	Impact (I) x ikelihood (L))		are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)		(Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	the actions required)					score
Cause: • lack of acute bed capacity and workforce. • lncrease in complexity of demand and length of stay • Staff becoming progressively more tired with each increase in Covid attendances / admissions, leading to more staff sickness • Community capacity for pathways 0, 1, 2 and 3 insufficient to meet current needs for timely discharge • Primary and community health and care capacity not meeting pre-hospital and discharge demand • Continuing industrial action Consequence: • Delays in treatment pathways including increase in acute length of stay • Urgent work impacting on elective capacity • May lead to sub-optimal care and poor patient experience • Regulatory action • Negative impact on reputation and public confidence. • Impact on ambulance handover delays and subsequent impact on ambulance availability within the community • Delays to improvement work due to industrial action planning and workforce cover	20	Care (UEC)programme. • Work on System, Urgent and Emergency Care Plan • ICS UEC Board supported by UEC Operational Group • Capacity and demand analysis • Hospital Transformation Programme - addresses one of the biggest strategic challenges for the local health system by separating the emergency and planned care flows, and consolidating fragmented teams and pathways (including critical care) • Local Care Programme (LCP) - The system will build on existing good practice and develop more systematic, preventative, integrated interventions that will support the independence and wellbeing of residents in our local communities. The aim of the LCP is to avoid continued growth in acute UEC demand and capacity. • Multi-disciplinary check chase challenge put in place Q3 for discharges. • Taking forward the recommendations following the GIRFT visit in January 2024.	Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: • Finance & Performance Assurance Committee (monthly) (2nd) • Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) metrics within Integrated Performance Report to Board (monthly) (2nd) • Emergency Care Transformation Assurance Committee (underpinned by the UEC plan) - monthly (1st) • 'Silver' and 'Gold' system meetings, as triggered by escalation levels (2nd) • Integrated Care System (ICS) UEC Operational Group - monthly (2nd) • ICS UEC Board - monthly (2nd) • Safety Oversight and Assurance Group - monthly (co-chaired by NHSI and the ICS and members include CQC, HEE, GMC, NMC, Healthwatch) (3rd) • Monthly reporting to the CQC in relation to compliance against the remaining Section 31 conditions, including initial assessment within 15 minutes for all patients (including paediatrics) (2nd). • Monthly CQC update report to Quality operational Committee and Quality and Safety Assurance Committee (2nd). • Performance Review Meeting (PRM's) (2nd) • Weekly System Key Performance Metrics Meeting (2nd) • Winter assurance visit Q2 from NHSE (3rd) • Assurance visit from NHSE/ECIS with regard to acute floor (3rd) • Fortnightly meeting with NHSE regarding A&E performance, ambulance offloads and CAT 2 response times (2nd).	4 !	5 20	Gaps in control: 1. Workforce challenges, including consultants, nurses, HCA's and middle grade doctors. 2. Estate constraints at both sites Emergency Department (including paediatrics). 3. Inpatient bed capacity is not expected to meet demand. 4. Winter schemes to mitigate the rise in demand for UEC. 5. Reconfiguration of some services for better healthcare management. Gaps in assurance:	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Appointment of substantive workforce in specific departments and staff groups, e.g. ED, medical and nursing staff, therapy staff, pharmacy staff and co-ordination with wider trust-wide recruitment schemes, e.g. RN and HCA recruitment and opportunities for international recruitment, by December 2023 and throughout 2024-25. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer and Director of People & OD. 2. A business case for the PRH ED (paeds) to be further reviewed and developed by end of April 2024. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer. 3. Two modular wards to be in place from January 2024. Executive Lead: Chief Operating Officer. 4. Develop initial integrated system winter plan by end of September 2023. Executive lead: Chief Operating Officer. 5. (see 3, plus SaTH involvement in the ICS local care programme, e.g. virtual ward - see BAF risk 12).	1. Recruitment ongoing and in progress. Q3: Successful recruitment into nursing positions to date. Work continues to recruit to national difficult to recruit positions within the medical workforce. Action to remain ongoing during 2024/25. 2. PRH business case is going through divisional governance structure for assurance and support, and then subsequent capital funding needs to be identified. Q3: Reconfiguration review underway. Business case no longer progressing as an alternative provision has been found, therefore, not necessary. Action closed Q4. 3. Work ongoing with Shropshire Community Trust (as modular wards to be run by the community trust). Q3: Delays to the building of the modular wards, however, mitigating actions in place to ensure capacity is available from 2 January 2024. Q4: Two rehabilitation and recovery wards in place from January 2024. Action complete Q4. 4. Action complete Q2). Received at December 2023 Board meeting. 5. Expanding the use of virtual wards in frailty, cardiology and respiratory; and outpatient antibiotic therapy (OPAT). OPAT service started on 27 November 2023.			3

Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee						
BAF 11: The current configuration and layout	Service Delivery									
of acute services in Shrewsbury and Telford will not support future population needs and will present an increased risk to the quality and continuity of services. Director of Hospital Transformatio Programme (HTP)	Our patients and community	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Finance & Performance Assurance Committee and HTP Sub- Committee						
Risk opened: 1 April 2022 Matthew Nea	1									
Risk Description I L Total initial risk score (Impact (I) × Likelihood (L)	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (Including the 'three lines of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd	1 1	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes		to	rget tal risk ore
Cause: • Emergency Department and multiple services (e.g. emergency surgery, critical care, acute medicine) operating at two sites (Princess Royal Hospital) • Development of the (capital) scheme was temporarily paused from February 2020 due to the impact of COVID-19 • Continued challenge in achieving national access performance standards • Insufficient shift to local services outside of the acute hospital setting - requirement to offset additional growth of 151 acute beds at implementation in 2026/27 and further growth of 108 beds by 2031/32. Consequence: • Unsustainable clinical services • Reduced patient satisfaction • Potential impact on quality and safety of patient care • Impacts financial sustainability and backlog maintenance not reduced • Reduced staff morale • Less efficient estate • Not achieving national access performance standards • Workforce position unsustainable if continue to duplicate services across two sites	Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) - SaTH have now submitted the draft full business case (FBC) to NHSE and DHSC to further develop the options, on behalf of the local health system/Integrated Care System (ICS), for detailer regulatory review in Q 40 of 2023/24 - Joint Investment Committee is planned in the Spring of 2024. System, Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) Plan has been produced for 23/24 - led by ICS UEC Board supported by UEC Operational Group *Neviewing options for accelerating any pathway development in HTP, e.g. (1) elective surgical hub at PRH (currently under implementation); (2) critical care model; (3) support to the ICS local care programme for community based pathways; (4) mutual aid and independent sector options for elective care (a range of outsourcing schemes will be utilised in 2023/24). Development of the integrated ICS Workforce Plan. SaTH/Shropshire Community Healthcare Trust provider collaborative in place from quarter 4, 2022/23, focused on Local Care Transformation Programme.	Ines Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: * SaTH Board (meets monthly) (2nd) * Shropshire Telford & Wrekin ICS Strategy Committee (monthly) (2nd) * HTP Programme Board (monthly) with ICS members (2nd) * HTP Programme Soard (monthly) with ICS members (2nd) * UEC plan to ICS UEC Board monthly (2nd) * UEC plan to ICS UEC Board monthly (2nd) * Hospital Transformation Programme Sub-Committee (SaTH internal, including non- executive), monthly (2nd) * Independent Reconfiguration Panel	4 3	12	Gaps in control: 1. Following approval of the Strategic Outline Case (SOC), the outline business case will require to be developed. 2. Elective surgery hub (first scheme) short form business case submitted to NHSI in June 2022 3. Gap in alignment between Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) and ICS Joint Forward Plan 4. Lack of system estates strategy referenced within BAF risks which could impact on full business case approval Gaps in assurance: 5. Personnel (HTP and Divisional), demand and capacity, dependency on system-wide programmes and governance to be expanded as part of full business case stage. 6. Need to ensure wider infrastructure is in place to enable the power requirements for our sites. 7. Need to ensure a positive planning application is achieved for the new buildings to be developed on our sites.	end of quarter 1, 2023. Executive lead: Director of Strategy & Partnerships. 4. Include system estates strategy as appendix to the full business case under development and due by December 2023. Executive lead: Director of Delivery and Transformation, STW ICB. 5a. Continue recruitment process now that funding is confirmed, by Q1 2024. Executive lead: HTP Director. 5b. Review the demand and capacity as part of the full business case, with the engagement of the Divisions, by 1 December 2023. Executive lead: HTP Director. 5c. HTP Director to hold regular meetings with ICB Chief Executive and Director of Finance to determine details of their strategy and the impact on HTP, to ensure co-production, throughout the HTP Programme. (The Director of Finance is also a core member of the HTP Programme Board.) Executive lead: HTP Director. 6. Providers to confirm that they can deliver the necessary infrastructure for the new hospital buildings. Executive lead: HTP Director, by Autumn 2023.	1. SaTH received approval of the Strategic Outline Case and support to move to the Outline Business Case (OBC) stage on 26 August 2022. The OBC was positively received at Joint Investment Committee (JIC) on 3rd August 2023, but was subject to Government approval. Q4: OBC approved December 2023. Action complete Q4. J. SaTH received formal confirmation on 22 August 2022 from the National Elective Recovery Targeted Investment Fund Team that the first scheme at Princess Royal Hospital (PRH) was approved (with conditions). The second scheme of the Elective Surgical Hub at PRH was approved by national panel on 27 September 2022. The elective surgery hub build is underway at PRH site (Q1 2023) and will be operational from 10 June 2024. 3. HTP has been included in Shropshire Telford & Wrekin ICS Joint Forward plan (JFP) as one of the corp rogrammes for the system and a priority. The JFP was approved at the ICB at end of June 2023, and has been published on the ICS website. Action closed. 4. Letter confirming that estates strategy will be in place has been received. The Estates Strategy is complete but further amendments will be made in due course to reflect the changing nature of the wider Estate. Q4: Current Estates Strategy was used for full business case submission. Action closed Q4 Sa. Substantive Director of HTP appointed and commenced 20 March 2023. Selection and appointment procuses of principal supply chain partner undertaken during Q1 2023/24, in accordance with national 'procure 23' framework. Action closed Q3. Sc. Meetings are taking place. HTP Director has been asked to sit on Local Care Transformation Board tensure HTP aligns with local care transformation programmes. Q4: A gateway 3 review of the FBC governance processes has been completed and the rating will be shared in due course. Action ongoing. 6. Working with Infrastructure Partners such as National Grid to ensure that necessary infrastructure is in place within the wider network to ensure the new buildings can function. The energy supply risk	:		3

Reference and risk title Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee					
Chief Operating	Service Delivery								
BAF 12: There is a risk of non- delivery of integrated pathways, led by the ICS and ICP. Officer and Director of Strategy & Partnerships	Our patients and community	SATH has a SIGNIFICANT risk appetite for collaboration and partnerships which will ultimately provide a clear benefit and improved outcomes for the people we serve.		Quality & Safety Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: 1 April 2022 Sara Biffen and Nigel Lee	Our partners								
Risk Description I L Total initial risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance (provides evidence that controls are working) (including the 'three lines of defence', 1st, 2nd, 3rd lines)	L	Total current risk score (Impact (I) x Likelihood (L))	Gap(s) in control <u>and gap(s)</u> in assurance (numbered and linked to the actions required)	Actions Required (including target date and lead)	Progress notes	t	arget otal risk core
Cause: Lack of integrated model of service delivery locally High non elective admissions A shift required from acute to community setting for models of care Challenges in the recruitment of key practitioner roles across health and care to the rapid response service in the Shropshire area Lack of health prevention and early interventions Insufficient current workforce capacity in clinical and corporate teams across the system to deliver new ways of working Availability of systemwide digital specialist resource to implement effective remote monitoring, and enable timely sharing of robust data, and associated impact of achieving agreed trajectories for virtual ward mobilisation Lack of cohesive approach to diabetes management Consequence: Increased length of acute inpatient stay Lack of bed capacity in acute setting impacting on patient flow and reduced delivery of elective activity May reduce quality of patient care including risk due to ambulance handover delays Increased demand for emergency department services and non-elective admissions to hospital Lack of innovation and continuous improvement of services Reduced staff experience and morale Increased ambulance conveyances from one care setting to another Increased ambulance conveyances from one care setting to another Increased acute diabetes presentations.	Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin ICS Local Care Transformation Programme in place Alternative to Hospital Admission (A2HA) business case developed which was approved by the Investment Panel in the summer of 2021 and approves the implementation of county wide rapid response, county wide advanced care planning in care homes, county wide respiratory in/outreach service. Five year programme plan in place Programme management in place with fortnightly PMO meetings- programme reported through ICS digital system (Inphase) 'Deep dive' into each workstream on a regular basis ICS Medical Director plan for group of speciality/condition based pathway improvements, e.g. respiratory, diabetes, cardiology, musculo-skeletal therapy (MSK).	defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd lines) Reported to Board, committees and elsewhere: Reports to Shropshire Telford & Wrekin IcS Integrated Care Delivery Board (monthly) (2nd) Report to place-based partnership Boards Shropshire Integrated Partnership Committee (SHIP) and Telford and Wrekin Integrated Partnership Committee (TWIP) (2nd) Local Care Transformation Programme Oversight Group - monthly highlight reports presented covering actions and milestones (1st) Relevant projects report to the ICS UEC Board - monthly Cand) Via System reporting and increase has been seen in the number of patients stepping down from the virtual ward from SaTH, but not material enough at this stage to reduce the ongoing daily bed gap. Daily reporting on use of Virtual Ward - number of patients that are stepped down onto ward (1st) System Quality Risk Register and Diabetes Transformation Update reported to ICS Quality and Performance Committee - 22 March 2023. Information now received from Shrop Comm (Q4 22/23) with regard to the number of referrals to be made to the virtual ward in order to realise the benefits in bed days.	4 4	16	services in and out of scope of the programme. 3. Reliance on physical acute beds rather than some 'virtual ward' capacity and delays within urgent and emergency care caused by lack of flow.	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Provide operational and clinical support to the Local Care Programme (LCP) - ongoing. Lead Executive: Chief Operating Officer and Medical Director 2. Not a SaTH action to lead 3. Change clinical pathways and culture to use virtual wards - the scheme aims to open 249-167 beds spaces by the end of December 2023 (net benefit 156 to SATH in 23/24 is 14 beds due-to-longer LOS in virtual-ward). Lead: Shropshire Community NHS Trust 4. Delivery of the ICS Clinical Strategy with six identified priority areas which SaTH takes part and supports. In addition, other streams of work are to be supported by: Paediatric Transformation Programme Assurance Committee (chaired by SaTH Medical Director); continued improvements within maternity via SaTH Maternity Transformation Committee co-ordinated by the LOS Maternity & Neonatal System (LMNS), which is chaired by the ICB Medical Director; and development of CYP mental health programme to be led by Midlands Partnership University Foundation Trust reporting into the Provider Collaborative going forwards. Various leads for actions via various partner organisations, including SaTH's involvement.	1. The Chief Operating Officer continues to attend the Local Care Programme (LCP) meetings. Revised approach to LCP tabled at ICB meeting at end of November 2023. The continued importance of the interdependency between Hospital Transformation Programme (HTP) and the LCP was reinforced by the report from the Independent Reconfiguration Panel which reported in December 2023 to the Secretary of State. Attendance at the LCP meetings to be reviewed. 2. Chief Operating Officer-participates in Local-Care Programme: 3. We now have Virtual Ward Champions in SaTH and a video on the intranet explaining the virtual ward process. Clinical pathways signed off and in place for Virtual Ward. Daily reporting on use of Virtual Ward into SaTH. Q2: We are not seeing the level of referrals onto the virtual ward that we have for planning purposes within the operational plan (23/24), despite having the relevant actions in place. Q4: Further work being undertaken to improve utilisation of the step down facility on the virtual ward.		9

Reference and risk title		Lead Executive	Link to Strategic Pillar	Risk appetite		Board Committee		Link to Strategic Objective (includi	ng Executive lead)		
BAF 13 (23/24): The Trust is unable to ensure that robust corporate		Director of									
governance arrangements are in place resulting in poor processes, procedures and assurance		Governance	Our Governance	SATH has a LOW risk appetite for risks that may compromise safety and the achievement of better outcomes for patients.		Audit & Risk Assurance Committee					
Risk opened: 1 April 2023		Anna Milanec	Service Delivery								
Risk Description		Total initial viels	Controls (strategic and operational)	Assurance		Total current	Can(a) in control and con(a) in	Actions Required (including target date and	Dunguage water		 Tayaat
KISK Description	' '	score	Controls (strategic and operational)	(provides evidence that	' '	risk score	Gap(s) in control <u>and</u> gap(s) in assurance (numbered and linked	lead)	Progress notes	ľ	Target total risk
		(Impact (I) x		controls are working)		(Impact (I) x	to the actions required)	,			score
		Likelihood (L))		(Including the 'three lines		Likelihood (L))					
				of defence' -1st, 2nd, 3rd							
Course			Getting To Good (G2G) governance	lines) Reported to Board,			Gaps in control:	A sticus alice and to proce	Phase one completed regarding scoping current		
Cause: Trust Policy Framework			workstream	committees and elsewhere:			1. Trust Policy Framework.	Actions aligned to gaps: 1. Review the Trust's policy framework via a project	processes. Policy framework review completed,		
requires review			Trust Strategy	dominitates una ciscimicie.			1. Traser oney Tramework.	including governance, PMO, risk management and IT	including delegations of authority. Options		
Scolding (Independent)			Board Assurance Framework (BAF) refreshed in	SFI's, Standing Orders and				by December 2023. Lead Executive: Director of	proposed and agreed in December 2023 with		
Review - Fit & Proper Persons			2022	Scheme of Reservation and				Governance.	Executives. Work to update and agree Policy for		
Poor processes and procedures			Board development programme in place Standing Financial Instructions, Standing	Delegation to Audit Committee and Board during					Policies to be completed during Q4. Work remains		
Culture			Standing Financial Instructions, Standing Orders and Scheme of Reservation and	2022 and December 2023					ongoing and it is expected to establish Policy Approval Group during May 2024.		
Governance improvement			Delegation in place and refreshed 2022 and 2023						Approval Group during may 202 ii		
workload is high - started from			Managing Conflicts of Interest Policy updated	BAF considered at each			2. Lack of visibility of governance	2. Develop 'governance maps' to outline the	2. First draft completed Q2. Presented to CQC		
a low base with embedded			during 2022 and 2023	quarterly Board meeting			arrangements within the	groups/meetings in the Trust below Board committee	during November inspection. <u>Initial action closed</u> .		
poor practices in some areas			Declarations of interest made available within Electronic Staff Record from May 2023	(2nd)			organisation.	level - by 30 September 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance.	Review and update of governance maps to be		
Consequence:			Register of Interests published on the Trust's	Managing Conflicts of Interest Policy to Audit				Director of Governance.	ongoing during the next six months.		
Lack of clear guidance for			website	Committee during 2022 and			3. Awareness of Conflicts of Interest	3a. Deliver conflicts of interest awareness sessions	3a. Joint conflicts of interest and counter-fraud		
staff to follow and some out of			Terms of reference refreshed for all assurance	2023 (2nd)			policy within key decision making	with key decision making groups within the Trust by	awareness session dates delivered to Finance,		
date policies			committees of the Board during 2022/23	Refreshed terms of				November 2023. Lead Executive: Director of	Procurement, HTP and Estates teams during		
 Lack of openness and transparency 			Review of effectiveness of FPAC and QSAC committees June/July 2023	reference considered at all Board committees during			Authority standard attainment (currently 'amber' for this particular	Governance	October 2023. Action closed Q3, but training programme will remain ongoing with key groups,		
CQC 'Requires Improvement'			Committee effectiveness session held with	2022/23 and started for 2024				3b Put in place reports to Divisions/departments	as required.		
Well Led rating			Board in January 2023	(2nd)			,	detailing outstanding 'decision making' staff required			
Serious incidents			Scolding Review action plan in place	• 2022/23 Annual Report to				to make declarations by September 2023. Lead	3b. Regular reporting established July 2023 and		
Delay in completing internal	4	4 16	DSPT action plan in place and cyber security	Board in June 2023 and	4 3	3 12		Executive: Director of Governance.	remains ongoing. Action closed Q3.		3
audit recommendationsPotential ineffective			exercises planned at local and ICS level • Fit & Proper Person Policy updated following	published on Trust's website (2nd)							
committees, including late			publication of new national framework	Auditor's Annual Report			4. Awareness of internal audit	Actively raise awareness with management leads	4. Action completed (Q2). Awareness raised with		
circulation of papers and			Fit & Proper reporting status established	22/23 published on Trust's			process.	of overdue internal audit recommendations and the	executive directors, who are responsible for		
breach of Standing Orders			within the Electronic Staff Record (ESR)	website (3rd)				importance of the internal audit process, by October	implementation of their actions. During December		
Potential data breaches				Annual General Meeting				2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance	it was agreed that long outstanding internal audit		
 Regulatory sanctions and/or fines 				held in public (face to face) 30 August 2023					recommendations would be shared with applicable Board committees.	¹	
illes				Head of Internal Audit					board committees.		
				Opinion April 2023 providing			Gaps in assurance:	5. Develop declarations of interest compliance	5. First report received at 4 October 2023 Audit &		
				Substantial Assurance that			5. Reporting of the percentage	reports to Audit & Risk Assurance Committee	Risk Assurance Committee meeting. Reporting to		
				there is a good system of			compliance of decision making staff	(following the introduction of declarations within	continue regularly. Action complete.		
				internal control (3rd) • Data Security and			declaring their interests	ESR) by October 2023. Lead Executive: Director of Governance.			
				Protection Toolkit 2023				Governance.			
				submitted (June) with			6. Data Security & Protection Toolkit	Deliver DSPT action plan by end of March 2024.	6. The Trust's current DSPT standards status at 30		
				'approaching standards'			assurance	Lead Executive: Director of Governance.	June 2023 is 'approaching standards'. There are		
				outcome					four areas of action within the action plan. Against	-	
									which, work has already commenced and is		
									continuing. Initial action closed Q4. Work is now ongoing to complete the annual DSPT assessment		
									by 30 June 2024, working with internal auditors.		
									by 50 June 2024, Working With Internal dualtors.		