Our Vision To provide excellent care for the communities we serve



Employee Wellbeing and Attendance Management Policy

W22 (V5.13)

As there is a new policy, this version of the policy should only be used for cases where formal action is currently in place/ongoing.

In September 2025, the People Advisory Service will carry out a review of all cases still being managed under this version (V5.13) and cases may then be transitioned to the new policy (V6).

If it is a new case from 23rd April, 2025, please refer to the Wellbeing and Attendance Management Policy – V6.

If you need advice, please contact the People Advisory Service.

Additionally refer to associated documentation listed in section 24

HR policies are available from: http://intranet/hr/HR_Policies.asp:

All others available on the Intranet via H&S or Infection Control

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1. Policy on a Page

The Trust has an important role to play in supporting the Health and Wellbeing of our employees. Effective and supportive management and early supportive interventions are essential to support Employees when they are not fit for work and assisting them to return to work successfully. We also know that patients receive better care from employees who are fit and well.

This Policy sets out key responsibilities for all parties in a clear, fair and consistent process to enable supportive management of sickness absence across the Trust.

The Policy is for all Trust staff including Medical and Dental staff.

For employees:

- Take responsibility for their own health and wellbeing and where necessary seek support from their GP, line manager or other appropriate support.
- Notify their Manager when absent from work, maintain contact throughout periods of absence and certify absence appropriately.
- Attend and engage with Occupational Health and other related appointments to enable their manager to support them.

For Managers:

- Support and manage employees in line with the process set out in this policy.
- Consider Early interventions to support employees when they are absent from work.
 Be open to exploring adjustments, new ways of working and to supporting employees to stay in work or return to work when they are able to.
- A flow chart outlining the process is included in Appendix B
- A Welcome back meeting / return to work form is included in Appendix A
- A Ready Reckoner for Annual Leave Entitlement after 12 weeks Sickness is in Appendix C

2. Document Statement

- 2.1 The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust (SaTH) is committed to supporting the health, wellbeing and attendance of all its staff. The Trust recognises that maintaining and improving a healthy workplace and healthy employees is a fundamental factor in delivering the safest and kindest patient care. The objectives of the policy are:
 - Support the health and wellbeing of employees in the workplace
 - Support employees to return to work following a period of sickness absence safely and as quickly as possible
 - Support employees to sustain their attendance at work
 - Provide managers with guidelines and tools to support them in the process of managing health and wellbeing of staff and sickness absence
- 2.2 This policy recognises that each employee will be supported according to individual circumstances. It is designed to provide a framework for the fair, consistent, transparent, supportive and effective management of sickness absence, balancing the interest of the employee with the needs of the service. The focus is on what our staff can do, or might be capable of doing with reasonable help, and encourages managers to make reasonable workplace adaptations.
- 2.3 Managers, the Workforce team, accredited representatives and agreed companion will work in partnership for the best interests of the individual, patients and the service, and in support of the organisation's health and wellbeing agenda.
- 2.4 This policy applies to all employees of SaTH including Medical and Dental Staff, Very Senior Managers (VSM's) and staff engaged via the Temporary Staffing Department. This policy excludes agency staff and other contractors.

3. Overview

3.1 This policy relates to the Trust values in the following ways:

Partnering	Is supportive of others and encourages them to achieve their potential and look after their own wellbeing with appropriate support.
Ambitious	Focuses on solutions rather than problems, to give the best experience at work for our staff
Caring	Demonstrates how we will care for our employees who in turn care for our patients
Trusted	Recognises and values employees for the work that they do and their contribution.

- 3.2 This policy works alongside the Trust's Health and Wellbeing Agenda and assists staff in finding support to help manage their own health and wellbeing, thereby minimising absence from work.
- 3.3 The management of sickness absence under this policy and discussions about an individual's health will be handled with confidentiality by all those involved. In accordance with the General Data Protection Regulations any information obtained as part of this process may be retained within their personal file (held securely in their department) and/or stored securely (electronically or hard copy) within the HR department. Further information is available in the Maintaining Personal Files and Electronic Staff Records Policy.
- 3.4 This policy should be applied equally and fairly to all employees ensuring that there is no discrimination as described within the provisions of SaTH Trust policy Equality & Diversity

Policy or the Equality Act 2010.

- 3.5 Where it is suspected that an individual's sickness absence may be attributable to alcohol or substance misuse, please refer to Trust policy Alcohol and Substance Misuse. Where it is suspected that an individual's sickness absence may be attributable to domestic violence, please refer to the Trust's Guidance on domestic abuse, (Guidelines for Managers and Employees: Staff Subjected to Domestic Abuse), available on the intranet and Managers Resources Folder. In both cases make an immediate referral to the Trust's Occupational Health service for advice.
- 3.6 This policy is not designed to be used to manage poor performance unless the underlying cause of the poor performance is identified as relating to an individual's health condition.
- 3.7 Any abuse of this policy, including falsifying sickness or associated paperwork, or providing misleading information may lead to the individual losing their entitlement to NHS sick pay and Statutory Sick Pay, referral to the NHS Counter Fraud Team and action under the Trust's Disciplinary Policy.
- 3.8 Sickness absence in itself is not a disciplinary matter. However the Trust Disciplinary Policy may be used in certain circumstances, such as:
 - where an explanation for absence is not forthcoming or satisfactory;
 - where this policy and procedure is not followed by the employee or manager;
 - where sickness absence is not reported in accordance with departmental and Trust procedures;
 - where sickness or evidence of sickness is believed to have been falsified, or misleading information is provided by the individual as part of their explanation for sickness absence;
 - where an individual fails to attend Occupational Health appointments and management meetings without justifiable reasons;
 - where a Fit Note is not provided within 7 days of issue, as reasonable practicable.

4. Definitions

Sickness Absence: Absence from work due to ill health.

Self-Certification: Employees are requested to complete the Return to Work form

when they return to work to confirm they've been off sick for up

to 7 calendar days.

Working Day: A period of time when an employee is expected to be in work.

Part Day Absence: Where an employee attends work and is unable to complete

their working day due to sickness absence, see paragraph 6.1.

Fit Note: Statement of Fitness for Work issued by a GP to certify absence

from work of 8 calendar days or more, or recommend

adjustments to enable an individual to work.

Sick Pay: Employees absent from work owing to illness will be entitled to

receive sick pay in accordance with their terms and conditions.

Short term: Any period of absence that is less than 4 weeks.

Long term: Absence from work that is (or is likely to extend to) a period of

4 weeks or more.

Episode:

An unbroken period of sickness absence lasting one or more working days. If one or more episodes occur within 7 calendar days for the same reason, they may be treated as 1 episode

Trigger Points for supportive conversations:

We want to support our staff to be fit and healthy. Absence can also have an impact on teams, colleagues and patient care, therefore we have set some trigger points below where we would suggest managers have a supportive conversation with the member of staff, and if absence continues may need further discussions under this policy.

These triggers will be assessed over a 6 and 12 month rolling period excluding the pattern trigger which may be assessed over a longer period, this is shown in the flowchart (Appendix B).

- 2 episodes in a rolling 6 month period
- 4 episodes in a 12 month rolling period
- If one or more episodes occur within 7 days they may be treated as 1 episode
- Any absence greater than 4 weeks
- Recognisable patterns/trends of absence

Managers discretion

Managerial discretion to apply this policy on an individual basis. This should be consistent and fair to determine how to reasonably support and manage an individual's sickness absence. Factors can include but are not limited to, previous levels of attendance, circumstances surrounding the absence, conditions covered by the Equality Act, advice from Occupational Health and length of service of the employee. Discretion may include increasing / extending triggers, phased returns, discounting an absence related to an outbreak in the ward/dept (Covid or Norovirus) or other adjustments. Managers are encouraged to seek advice from the HR Team. This discretion is to support employees and not to disadvantage employees.

Food handler:

A term referring to an individual (directly employed or an agency worker/external contractor) who:

- directly touches open food as part of their work; or
- touches food contact surfaces or other surfaces in rooms where open food is handled.

Gastroenteritis:

An over-arching term which includes diarrhoea, vomiting and Norovirus. For Food Handlers they should refer to the Section 15 and Food Safety Policies.

The Equality Act 2010:

The legislation that protects people from discrimination in the workplace and in wider society. This incorporates 9 'protected characteristics' These are age, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation and disability.

Disability:

The Equality Act 2010 contains a very broad definition of disability, which includes both physical and mental impairments

that last, or are expected to last, 12 months or more and are substantial in terms of their effects on the person's day-to-day

life.

Disability Leave Paid and unpaid Leave which can be requested under the

Special Leave Policy to support the assessment, rehabilitation or treatment required as part of a Disability or long term condition.

As required under the Equality Act 2010, an employers'

Reasonable Adjustment:

requirements to make reasonable adjustments to ensure disabled people are not disadvantaged in the workplace.

5. Duties

5.1 Trust Board / Workforce Committee

- The Board has a responsibility to ensure the Trust commits to supporting employees Health and Wellbeing at a senior level through the necessary policies, occupational health and counselling provisions.
- The Board has a responsibility to oversee this policy and ensure that appropriate processes and actions are in place.

5.2 All Managers, Employees, Human Resources and Staff side colleagues

It is the responsibility of all parties to comply with:

- health and safety requirements;
- the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (RIDDOR) (as amended);
- disability discrimination legislation, The Equality Act 2010 and;
- any other relevant legislation.

5.3 Employees

- to take responsibility for their own health and wellbeing.
- Notify their manager as soon as possible of their absence in accordance with section 6.2 below.
- Advise managers of any work that may need to be covered in their absence. Provide Fit Notes to their manager within 7 calendar days of its issue, where reasonable practicable;
- Not knowingly withholding or falsifying information on their health record. This may result
 in disciplinary action and may constitute gross misconduct in certain circumstances.
- to take responsibility for their regular attendance at work in accordance with their contract of employment.
- To comply and co-operate with the requirements set out in this Policy.
- To consider advising their manager that they have/may have a disability (within the bounds of the Equality Act) so relevant support can be provided, using the Health Passport (available on the intranet or Managers Resources Folder).
- Keep in contact with their manager and update them on the progress as necessary, whilst
 accepting that the manager may also contact them at home during the period of absence,
 which should be by an agreed method and at agreed times wherever possible.

5.4 Human Resources

- To provide support and guidance on the implementation of this policy and ensure consistency of approach across the Trust.
- Monitor the application of this policy, adhere to relevant legislation and update the policy as required.
- Provide Training for Line Managers on the supporting Staff Health and Wellbeing and implementing this policy.

 Work closely with managers, staff and union representatives, in conjunction with Occupational Health where applicable, to facilitate and support return to work from sickness in an appropriate, safe and timely manner, Support managers in considering any requested adjustments so that all reasonable options are explored.

5.5 Care Group Director/Assistant Chief Operating Officer/Head of Service

It is the responsibility of the Care Group Director/Assistant Chief Operating Officer or equivalent Head of a corporate function (i.e. a manager one step away from a Board position) to:

- ensure effective management of health and wellbeing within their areas of responsibility;
- take timely decisions regarding the extension of paid sick leave;
- take decisions regarding the termination of employment with the Trust or delegate authority to an appropriate manager;
- take decisions regarding eligibility for Temporary Injury Allowance using the NHS Injury Benefit Scheme Employer Guidance.
- responsible for ensuring that this policy is effectively and appropriately implemented.
- responsible for ensuring that the processes within the policy are monitored and noncompliance is acted upon.

Although ultimate responsibility rests with the Care Group Director/Assistant Chief Operating Officer or equivalent Head of a corporate function, it can be delegated on an operational basis as appropriate - please refer to the Authority to Take Action Table in Appendix 4 of the Trust's Disciplinary Policy.

5.6 Managers

- To ensure they support the health and wellbeing of their staff, seeking advice as appropriate from other appropriate specialities (e.g. Human Resources, Occupational Health, Health & Safety or Manual Handling);
- To ensure they understand, comply with and are fully trained in the use of this policy and procedure and apply this consistently across their teams
- Where applicable ensure that staff rota (including allocation of bank shifts) allow for staff to take appropriate rest breaks in line with the Working Time Directive (WTD).
- Report absence via the appropriate system i.e. e-rostering and ESR. Where staff choose to take annual leave during a period of sick leave, managers must also ensure that they notify payroll to ensure appropriate payment is made, please refer to section 9.5.4.
- Conduct return to work discussions after each episode and as soon as possible and ensure that the return to work form is signed by the staff member as an accurate record and all Fit Notes (where required) have been submitted.
- Maintain ongoing, regular contact as agreed with absent staff in line with this policy
- ensure that their staff understand this policy and procedure and how to access it;
- work with the appropriate department (e.g. Pay Services, Health Roster) to ensure that the individual receives the correct sick pay, taking account of the provisions relating to work-related injury or disease;
- to regularly monitor and review arrangements to identify where and how the management of absence in their department can be improved, in partnership with relevant Trust and Staff Side representatives.
- Liaise with the employee and agreed support (see section 11.8) to ensure that meetings take place in a timely manner;
- Treat staff members sensitively and offer them appropriate support, ensuring that any
 work-related contributory factors or environmental issues affecting their health are dealt
 with as soon as reasonably practicable.
- Complete departmental and individuals stress risk assessments as necessary in line with the Health and Safety Risk Assessment Templates Policy

5.7 Trade Union/Professional Organisation and Trust Employed Colleagues

At any formal meeting, an employee has the right to be represented, if they wish, by either a representative from a recognised TUPO or a Trust employed work colleague. Although there is no right to be accompanied at informal meetings; to support wellbeing and with the permission of the manager, employees may request to be accompanied at informal meetings provided this does not unreasonably delay the meeting.

Where the employee is a member of a Trade Union or Professional Organisation and has asked for representation, it is the responsibility of that accredited representative to:

- Support the employee effectively;
- Provide the employee with advice on all aspects of this policy;
- Liaise with the employee and manager to ensure that meetings take place in a timely manner:
- Work closely with managers to ensure that the policy and procedure are applied effectively;
- Work with the employee and the manager to facilitate a safe and appropriate return to work as soon as is reasonable, taking into account advice from any other appropriate specialities (e.g. Human Resources, Occupational Health, Health & Safety or Manual Handling):
- Support the organisation's health and wellbeing agenda.

The role of the Trust Employed Work Colleague is to provide the employee with support. They may also take part in relevant meetings/hearings and speak on behalf of the employee with their permission.

The colleague does not have the right to answer questions on the employee's behalf, address the meeting, (if the employee does not wish it) or prevent the employee or employer from explaining their cases.

Family members or partners who are also employed by the Trust are not able to accompany an individual unless they are required to assist with disabilities or language difficulties or any other extenuating circumstances.

5.8 Occupational Health

Key responsibilities for Occupational Health:

- Provide impartial and evidence based advice to managers and staff on:
 - Fitness to work including reasonable adjustments
 - Rehabilitation into the workplace
 - Suitable alternative roles for redeployment
 - Fitness for continued employment and ill health retirement
- Establish the reason for absence, whether there is an underlying medical condition, if it is likely to be classified as a disability, advise on sustained attendance levels and in certain circumstances if rehabilitation, redeployment and retraining is appropriate.
- Indicate the likely length of continued absence
- Assess the effect of an illness/injury on the Employee's ability to do their job, what they
 are capable of undertaking and if any adjustments can be made to facilitate their return
 as soon as safe and practical. This may include liaising with the staff member's GP or
 consultant specialist(s), and interpreting records or seeking clarity where there may be a
 difference in medical opinion while maintaining medical confidentiality. This will be
 done with the written consent of the individual.
- Provide advice on a phased return to work from long term absence where appropriate and necessary.
- Encourage and empower employees to take ownership of their own health and wellbeing and provide support in the form of medical and lifestyle advice and through

- signposting to other support services or agencies (see Section 13) as appropriate.
- Advise staff and managers on the justification for ill-health retirement.
- Liaise with the line manager to ensure there is a full awareness and understanding of the individual's role.
- Advise managers and HR on temporary exclusion from work on medical grounds in accordance with a statutory requirement or in the case of contact with a notifiable or contagious disease.
- Where OH becomes aware that a staff member has had a work-related injury, include this in their report to bring to the attention of the line manager to ensure it is reported via the Datix system and to Health and Safety as appropriate.

5.9 Staff Psychology Service

The Staff Psychology Service is available to support any member of staff who is experiencing emotional distress in relation to a work-related issue. Individuals wanting to access their support can refer themselves by emailing: sath.staffpsychology@nhs.net or a manager can refer on their behalf. Information about the service is also available on the intranet: SaTH Intranet - Staff Psychology Service.

6. Reporting Sickness Absence and Maintaining Contact

6.1 Sickness at Work / Part day absence

If an individual becomes unwell whilst at work they should report their illness in person to their line manager (or other authorised person as specified in departmental procedures). The manager will then record the number of hours worked on E-Roster (if this is used), part day absences are not recorded on ESR and therefore will not appear on trigger reports as a period of absence.

Part day absences will be classed as a full day's attendance for pay purposes. The part day of absence will be recorded for monitoring purposes and a return to work form completed. Repeated part day absence (an employee repeatedly presents as unfit for work or becomes unfit during the course of the day) may trigger a review under 'patterns of absence,' see section 11.1.5. Part day absences can be reviewed looking at return to work forms or part day absences on e-rostering (where used).

If the member of staff continues to be unwell the following day, the absence should be recorded on ESR/E-rostering from this date, (the first full day of absence).

6.2 Notifying / Reporting Absence – Non-attendance at Work

Note: During COVID-19 alternative arrangements for reporting absence may be in place. Please take note of any instructions given by your line manager or through Trust communications. If in doubt, ensure you follow the process outlined below.

If an employee is too unwell to come to work they are required to personally contact their manager on the first day of absence (or other authorised person as specified in departmental procedures). Contact should be made at the earliest possible opportunity in order to arrange cover if necessary. Where reasonably possible, it is expected that a member of staff will notify their manager of sickness absence in an appropriate timescale for their work area bearing in mind that it may be necessary to find cover for the absence – for example:

in areas such as wards which operate a 24 hour service, no later than 1 hour before the start
of their shift and for staff on night duty, no later than 4 hours before the start of their
shift;

- in areas staffed during usual 'office hours', (e.g. 9 am 5 pm), as close to the normal departmental start time as possible.
- and at the latest by the time agreed locally for each department.

Employees will need to explain the nature of the illness, if it is due to a work related injury or illness and if possible, give some indication of the likely return to work date to assist their manager in planning for any cover that may be required.

The employee should also agree with their manager when calling in sick when they will next contact them, should the absence continue.

If the manager or his/her nominated deputy is not available to take this call, employees can leave a message to confirm their absence due to sickness and the manager will call them back that day.

Notification by text message, e-mail or any form of social media is not acceptable unless this has been pre-agreed with the manager.

In exceptional circumstances, it may be appropriate for a friend or family member to contact the employee's manager; however, you should call your manager yourself at the earliest opportunity.

6.3 Keeping In Touch during periods of absence

Regular contact should be maintained between the employee and their manager, (additionally a buddy may also be allocated by the Manager to keep in touch with the member of staff), throughout the period of absence. Please refer to section 13 on Early Interventions that can support an employee with their health and wellbeing and possibly shorten the length of their absence.

Should absence continue after 5 days then appropriate contact arrangements can be agreed. Should absence become long term then contact should be made at least fortnightly.

7. Certification/Recording of Sickness Absence

7.1 Self Certification

For all episodes of absence, including part day absences, a Return to work Form (Appendix A) must be completed to cover absence up to and including the first 7 calendar days. This will be completed jointly with the employee and their manager on the employees return to work and placed on the employee's personal file with a copy given to the individual on request.

7.2 Medical Certification/Fit Notes

For all absences of 8 calendar days or more the employee must ensure that sickness absence is also certified by a Statement of Fitness for Work (Fit Note) issued by a GP or other Health Professional from the 8th calendar day of absence onwards. These Fit Notes need to be continuous until the individual returns to work or is no longer employed by the Trust.

The Fit Note must be provided to the line manager within 7 calendar days of its issue and by the 11th day of absence. If this is not possible or there are justifiable reasons for a delay, the employee must contact their line manager to provide an update.

During a period of long term absence the employee will need to provide up to date Fit Notes

to their manager. This must be provided within 3 calendar days of the expiry of the previous note (even during periods of no pay), unless there are justifiable reasons for a delay as agreed with their line manager.

Where there are specific adjustments relating to an employee's sickness absence the employee must ensure that their Fit Note details these.

Employees are responsible for obtaining a Fit Note by an appropriate Health professional. Where a late or backdated Fit Note is submitted with no reasonable justification for the delay or no certificate is provided and the absence continues, this may be considered as unauthorised absence and may therefore lead to the withdrawal of sick pay and could lead to action under the Disciplinary Policy.

Private medical certificates will not normally be accepted as evidence of sickness, other than where it is not possible to obtain an NHS certificate (e.g. when sickness occurs abroad).

7.3 Unauthorised Absence

Failure to properly report sickness absence may result in the absence being considered as unauthorised and therefore unpaid. This could lead to action under the Disciplinary Policy.

The manager will make reasonable attempts to contact the employee during their absence. Should contact not be made by the employee and the absence continues for more than one day/shift then the manager should write to the employee to inform them that their absence is unauthorised and pay will cease. The Manager will instruct Pay Services accordingly. Should there continue to be no contact within the timescales indicated in the letter or a pattern of failure to report absence, then the manager will contact HR for advice on progressing this through the Disciplinary Policy.

7.4 Medical suspension

If a staff member displays symptoms of a serious illness which could impact on the Health and Safety of themselves, colleagues, or patients, the staff member may be suspended from work on medical grounds. Medical suspension is a neutral action to allow the Trust to investigate the nature of the health issue, advice should be obtained from Human Resources, Infection Control, Health and Safety and a referral to Occupational Health will be made for the staff member to determine their capability to work. During periods of medical suspension, the staff member will receive full pay.

Continuation of medical suspension should be reviewed at 10 day intervals and the staff member should be kept informed about the progress of the investigation at each interval.

7.5 Recording of sickness absence

Managers are responsible for ensuring that all episodes of sickness absence are properly notified to payroll through the details being entered into the ESR or E-rostering system.

This ensures that sick pay is correctly calculated and paid, that a correct record is maintained and that patterns of absence can be more readily reviewed and problems identified.

Managers will also complete return to work meetings for all episodes of absence, (including part days). Managers are encouraged to keep notes of telephone conversations and meetings related to absence for their own records. The individual will be provided with copies of notes taken and asked to sign these notes to confirm they are accurate.

8. Secondary Employment and bank work

Where an employee is off sick, they are indicating they are not fit to fulfil their role as an employee either in full or adjusted in line with their GP Fit Note or Occupational Health Guidance. No other paid employment (including other Trust jobs and Bank employment within the Trust) should normally be undertaken during the period of sickness. Managers should remind staff of this when they first call in sick.

Exceptionally, where the Fit Note has specified and allowed other employment, an individual may continue to work in that role whilst remaining off sick from their (other) Trust role. The individual must ensure that they notify their line manager(s) within the Trust in writing that they are working elsewhere, and provide a copy of the Fit Note that authorises this. The line manager should liaise with the HR Team and Pay Services in order to ensure that appropriate payments are made.

Where an employee is found to be working elsewhere whilst in receipt of contractual sick pay and a Fit Note cannot be provided to confirm their eligibility to work in their secondary employment, this may be treated as gross misconduct under the Trust's Disciplinary Policy. The Trust Counter Fraud Officer will also be notified and this may be investigated as a criminal offence.

Where a volunteering (i.e. unpaid) role will be beneficial to the individual's recovery the employee may undertake such work provided this is reported in writing to their line manager.

8.1 Bank Work via the Temporary Staffing Department following sickness absence

The Trust recognises that returning to work following a period of absence can be tiring. To ensure that the employee has sufficient rest following a period of sickness absence that exceeds one working week, employees that hold bank posts in addition to their substantive post should only undertake bank work after one week from their date of return to work in their substantive post. Employees who are on a phased return to work will need to have returned to their full duties and contracted hours of work before undertaking any bank work. Exceptions to the above should be discussed and agreed with line managers.

8.2 Absences when a staff member is involved in a grievance or disciplinary

It is acknowledged that involvement in a grievance or disciplinary may impact on an employee's stress and anxiety levels. Early Occupational Health advice should be sought in order to confirm that the staff member is fit enough to proceed in any management discussions (where appropriate) with the aim of resolving the outstanding issues as quickly as possible in order to support an early resolution to the grievance or disciplinary.

9. Pay and other types of leave

9.1 Sick Pay

Pay will be in accordance with Agenda for Change NHS Terms and Conditions of Service Handbook, Section 14 or the National Conditions of Service for Medical Staff, Further information on sick pay can be found via the relevant links at the back of this policy.

9.2 Withholding Sick Pay

Employees will not be eligible to receive sick pay in the following circumstances:

- Where they fail to adhere to this policy and/or departmental sickness absence procedures,
- The absence is found not to be due to the sickness of the employee receiving sick pay:
- Following an accident, damages are received from a third party (see refer to paragraph 14.16 of the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions of Service)

Sick pay is also not normally payable for an absence caused by an accident due to active
participation in sport as a profession, or where contributable **negligence** is proven (please
refer to paragraph 14.15 of the Agenda for Change terms and Conditions of Service)

9.3 Payment of Enhancements when off sick

Not all staff are entitled to enhancements when off sick. In line with the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions of Service, the following employees will have their pay during sickness absence calculated on the basis of what they would have received had they been at work. Pay will include regularly paid supplements, including any recruitment and retention premia, payments for work outside normal hours and high cost area supplements. It will be based on the previous three months at work:

- For employees that have a basic salary of £18,160 or less
- those staff who are absent due to injuries, diseases or other health conditions sustained or contracted in the discharge of their duties of employment which are wholly or mainly attributable to their NHS employment, whom the employer determines are eligible to receive injury allowance in line with paragraphs 22.3 and 22.4 (see paragraph 14.7 of the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions of Service Handbook).

9.4 Extension of Sick Pay

In accordance with the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions of Service Handbook, sick pay for those employees who have exhausted sick pay entitlements will be reinstated at half pay, after 12 months of continuous sickness absence, in the following circumstances:

- staff with more than five years reckonable service:- sick pay will be reinstated if sick pay
 entitlement is exhausted before a final review meeting for long term absence has taken
 place;
- staff with less than five years reckonable service:- sick pay will be reinstated if sick pay
 entitlement is exhausted and a final review does not take place within 12 months of the start
 of their sickness absence

Reinstatement of sick pay should continue until the final review meeting has taken place. Reinstatement of sick pay is not retrospective for any period of zero pay in the preceding 12 months of continuous absence.

These arrangements will only apply where the failure to undertake the final review meeting is due to delay by the employer. In cases where the Trust decide to adopt a supportive approach and not progress to a Stage 3 meeting prior to 12 months this will not be considered as a delay by the employer. This will be to give employees further time to recover and hopefully return to work. Therefore, sick pay will not be reinstated when absence reaches 12 months.

In other circumstances the Trust has the discretion to extend the period of sick pay on full or half pay beyond the scale set out in the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions of Service. Requests for extensions to sick pay should be made in writing addressed to the Assistant Chief Operating Officer / Care Group Director or Head of Service for the area where the employee works. On receipt of a request they should seek HR advice. Decisions will be confirmed to the individual in writing.

 where there is the expectation of a return to work in the short term and an extension would materially support a return and/or assist recovery, particular consideration should be given to those staff without full sick pay entitlements; in any other circumstance that the Assistant Chief Operating Officer / Care Group Director or Head of Service deems reasonable.

9.5 Sickness Absence and Annual Leave/Public Holidays

9.5.1 Accruing Annual Leave during Sickness Absence

If you are absent from work because of long term sickness absence you will accrue your full occupational annual leave entitlement (excluding general public holidays) during the first 12 weeks of sickness absence. After this, you will accrue statutory annual leave only, at the rate of 2.88 hours per week (pro-rata for employees contracted for less than 37.5 hours per week).

(For a ready-reckoner demonstrating the effects for staff employed on Agenda for Change terms and conditions of employment please see Appendix C.)

For guidance on how to recalculate annual leave for someone who has been off sick longer than 12 weeks and a number of podcasts refer to the guidance in the Managers Resources Folder: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\PODCASTS

9.5.2 Sickness during Annual Leave

If you become sick during a period of annual leave you can convert your annual leave into sickness absence so long as you report your sickness absence in accordance with your ward/department's sickness reporting procedure. If your sickness absence is 8 calendar days or more you will need a Fit Note or equivalent if overseas which must include the medical practitioners details and patient identifying reference. Failure to follow departmental reporting procedures will result in the annual leave not being reinstated.

If you have pre-booked annual leave that falls during a period of sickness absence your annual leave can be cancelled, unless you wish to take the annual leave, (see section 9.5.4).

- E-Rostering actions a cancellation automatically when sickness absence is entered
 onto the system. If the individual is taking the leave you will need to manually
 deduct the number of hours from their entitlement on E-rostering and instruct Pay
 Services to make a payment for the required hour's annual leave to the individual, (if
 in half or nil pay)
- Where E-rostering is not utilised employees are advised to discuss this with their manager to ensure their leave record is accurate. The manager should instruct pay services to make a payment for the required number of hour's annual leave, (if the individual is in half or nil pay).

Example 1 – Cancelling the leave

An employee has been off long term sick since April and had already pre-booked 2 weeks' annual leave in May for a holiday abroad. The employee is still off sick when the annual leave should be taken, and is too unwell to go on the planned holiday, therefore the 2 weeks' annual leave will be cancelled and the 2 weeks will be credited back.

9.5.3 Carry-over of annual leave due to Sickness Absence

If you are unable to take your annual leave in the current leave year, it is expected that you will take your reinstated annual leave as soon as possible in the new leave year, and definitely within three months of returning. In the unlikely event that this is not achieved, any leave must be taken within 18 months of the end of the year during which the holiday was accrued. Noting the carry over arrangements in relation to Coronavirus.

N.B. COVID-19 GOVERNMENT AGREEMENT - The government has introduced new temporary statutory rules to deal with COVID-19 pressures. Therefore if you are unable to take your annual leave entitlement due to COVID-19, you can carry over up to 20 days (pro-

rated for part-time staff) of annual leave over a two year period into leave years 2021/22 and 2022/23. The following should be noted:

- if you cannot take bank holidays off due to COVID-19, you should use the annual leave at a later date in the current leave year
- if this is not possible, bank holidays can be included in the 20 days' annual leave that can be carried over.

Managers are encouraged to discuss annual leave with their staff to try and support as much leave as possible to balance the needs of the service with the employee's wellbeing, allowing for rest and recuperation using their annual leave.

Example 2 – Carrying over leave following sickness

An employee goes off sick in December 2019 and returns to work in May 2020. They may have outstanding leave to use from the leave year 2019-20 to use, this needs be used by September 2021, (18 months after the end of the leave year in which it was accrued). As they were off sick for over 12 weeks their entitlement will reduce, see 9.5.1.

9.5.4 Taking annual leave when off sick

If you are off sick and wish to take a holiday (either in the UK or abroad), the Trust requires you to notify your line manager. Once this notification is received, your manager will consider the following factors as to whether your time should be recorded as Sickness Absence (to support and aid your recovery) or as annual leave and accordingly deducted from your leave entitlement. This needs to be a reasonable decision on a case by case basis considering the following factors:

- The distance the individual is planning to travel during the time away and will this be by car, plane etc.
- The individuals physical and mental health, and reason for sickness absence
- The nature of the holiday and if it will be beneficial to the individuals recovery
- Any advice from the individual's GP or Occupational Health
- Is the individual travelling to be cared for by family abroad or has little/no support network in this country or locally, (refer to section 9.5.5)

It does not matter if this holiday was pre-booked prior to the sickness or whilst off sick. Staff should only take holidays during sickness if it is not detrimental to their health or will not hinder their recovery. Annual leave should not be used to cover up sickness absence if you are not fit for work. For consistency and fairness, managers are encouraged to speak to the HR Advisory Team if they are unsure about whether to agree a request or not. Where an employee is dissatisfied with the decision the manager has made, they can seek advice from their Trade Union Representative and refer to the Trust's Grievance Policy.

Example 3a – requesting to take leave to support their recovery - supported An employee has been off long term sick since April with personal stress and had already pre-booked 2 weeks' annual leave in May for a holiday abroad. The employee is still off sick when the annual leave should be taken, and notifies their manager that they wish to go abroad and will be travelling as they believe it will aid their recovery, their GP supports this. The manager agrees this would support the individual's recovery and agrees for them to be away whilst remaining off sick. If the member of staff is on half or nil pay they will continue to receive this pay unless the individual requests annual leave and therefore the manager will need to instruct pay services to make a payment in lieu of the annual leave and deduct annual leave from their leave entitlement. The sickness episode should remain open.

Example 3b – requesting to take leave to support their recovery – not supported An employee has had an operation on their ears and is advised not to fly for a period of three weeks following the operation, due to pressure changes when flying. They request to go abroad, travelling by plane during the three weeks when they are recovering. The manager declines this request to be taken as Sickness Absence, as it is not deemed to be beneficial and/or could hinder the individual's recovery. The individual chooses to travel and takes annual leave which is deducted from their annual leave entitlement.

9.5.5 Being away from home during Sickness Absence

You can be away from home for an extended period (normally a period exceeding your normal weekly days off), however you must notify your manager in advance that you will be away from home. This would normally be for a period of recuperation, either being cared for or supported by a friend/relative. Unless in extenuating circumstances, the Trust would not support this extended period being overseas. For clarity, this is not for taking a holiday either in the UK or abroad, please refer to section 9.5.4.

Your manager will need to explore your reasons for being away from home and discuss arrangements for maintaining regular contact during your absence. It is your responsibility to be available to attend any sickness related meetings during your sick leave. It is also your responsibility to keep in contact with your manager during sick leave. Failure to do so or abusing this policy position could result in sick pay being withheld and/or disciplinary action being taken. In these circumstances annual leave is not deducted from the individual's entitlement.

Example 4 – Being Away from home

An employee lives alone and has had a skiing accident and broken both arms. They are unable to care for themselves on a day to day basis. The employee speaks to their manager and lets them know they are going to stay with family elsewhere in the UK. The employee provides the manager with a contact number and agrees to keep in touch on a regular basis and to an occupational health referral being made, the manager does the review meetings over the phone.

9.5.6 Payment for Annual Leave when off sick

If you are off sick, your employment status will always be 'off sick' until you are fit to return to work. However, please refer to section 9.5.4. Practically this means that once you have notified your manager of the dates and number of hours annual leave you wish to take, these hours are deducted from your leave entitlement and you will receive a payment in lieu for your annual leave (if in receipt of half or nil pay).

Your manager will instruct Pay Services to make a payment to this effect in the next pay period. It is your responsibility to make sure you have fully explored all of your personal financial circumstances (including the effect of a leave payment on any benefits you may be receiving).

9.5.7 Sickness and Public Holidays

If you are off sick on a bank holiday you cannot reclaim that bank holiday entitlement.

9.6 Medical Appointments

Medical Appointments including GP, hospital, consultant and specialist appointments should all be taken in line with the Special Leave Policy (Chapter 8). Disability Leave maybe available to use in certain circumstances, as included in the Special Leave Policy. Reference may also be made to the Health Passport Document.

9.7 Pregnancy Related Absence and Maternity Leave

If an employee is off work ill, or becomes ill, with a pregnancy-related illness during the last four weeks before the expected week of childbirth, maternity leave will normally commence

at the beginning of the 4th week before the expected week of childbirth or the beginning of the next week after the employee last worked, whichever is the later.

Sickness absence prior to the last four weeks before the expected week of childbirth, supported by a medical statement of incapacity for work, or a self-certificate, shall be treated as sickness absence in accordance with this policy.

Odd days of pregnancy-related illness during this period may be disregarded if the employee wishes to continue working till the maternity leave start date previously notified to the Trust.

Employees who are absent from work due to sickness whilst pregnant should still be managed in line with this policy. However, periods of sickness absence relating to the pregnancy should not be counted as absences for the purpose of trigger points. Non pregnancy related sickness absence should be managed as usual in line with this policy.

9.8 Other types of leave

It is recognised that there are times of unexpected family or other difficulties. Employees may have problems that affect their ability to attend work. In such cases claiming sickness absence is not appropriate and would amount to misuse of the policy. SaTH has a range of policies (please refer to the Trust Leave Policy Cluster on the intranet) to provide staff with leave, often at short notice, to deal with personal problems or emergencies. It is advised that employees should discuss such problems and possible options with their line manager to identify support or assistance that can be provided.

10. Returning to Work

10.1 Welcome back /return to work meeting

The welcome back/return to work meeting is an important part of welcoming the employee back to work, updating them on any changes or work matters, discussing any Occupational Health advice, confirming any adjustments and length of this and also if a phased return is appropriate, (if not already discussed/agreed prior to returning).

Depending on the circumstances, it may be helpful for a manager and employee to discuss how they can be supported and reintegrated into the workplace following absence, particular for difficult and/or long periods/episodes of absence. What support (if any is required) will be down to the individual and the manager to agree. Reference should be made to section 13 on Early Interventions.

These informal discussions should take place as soon as possible following any period of sickness absence, regardless of duration. It is recognised that in some circumstances it is not always possible for managers and employees to meet face to face to conduct the return to work discussion. Where this is the case, it would be acceptable to conduct the discussion over the phone. (Refer to Appendix A for Welcome back/Return to Work form). This form should be completed by the manager and signed by both the manager and the employee, with a copy given to the employee and the original kept in the employee's personal file.

The purpose of the discussion is to:

- welcome the staff member back to work
- establish the reason for absence and check that they are well enough to be back at work
- where relevant establish what the staff member has done or is doing to become fit for work again and what the manager could reasonably do to support this continuing (e.g. agreeing time off to attend counselling or other treatment in line with the Trust's Special Leave Policy

- determine any other support they may need to maintain their health and wellbeing, e.g. completing a wellbeing action plan
- update them on any local or corporate information, news, changes to staffing/process/systems etc. that occurred whilst they were absent

If an individual is able to return to work but is not rostered for duty on that day, e.g. it is their non-working day/day off or they are on annual leave, it is important that they telephone their manager to confirm that they are fit to return to work to ensure that their sickness absence is correctly recorded. Guidance and podcasts are available to support managers in completing effective return to work discussions in the Managers Resources Folder.

10.2 Returning before the Fit Note ends

If an individual finds they are able to return to work sooner than indicated, they should inform their manager as soon as possible so that any cover that has been arranged can be cancelled. Should an individual wish to return to work before the date indicated on their Fit Note, they can choose to do so, providing that:

- it is safe for them to return; and
- they judge that returning early will not have a detrimental effect on their own health.

Where a manager has concerns about an individual's fitness to return to work, they should seek advice from Occupational Health and the HR Team.

10.3 Phased Return to Work / Temporary restrictions/adjustments

Advice will be given by Occupational health as to whether a phased return to work would be beneficial. If this is applicable Occupational Health can advise on the specifics of the phased return which will depend on a number of factors such as the reason for absence, how long the individual has been absent from work, the number of hours they are contracted to work and the type of job they do. The manager will meet/discuss over the phone with the staff member the recommended phased return/adjustments and whether it is possible to accommodate these within the service. It is ultimately the manager's decision on whether any recommended adjustments are reasonable and can be implemented. For further information on adjustments please refer to section 13.1 and also the Work adjustment/ return to work risk assessment form in the Health and Safety Risk Assessment Policy.

Where staff are awaiting or recovering from surgery or other treatments, or are returning to work following a period of long term sickness absence, it may be appropriate for their manager to agree temporary adjustments/restrictions in working arrangements. In reaching their decision, the manager must consider the needs of the individual together with the needs of the service with advice from Occupational Health.

The aim of temporary adjustments is to help the individual fulfil their potential to the extent of their capability for a defined period, normally up to 4 weeks, documented and reviewed using the work adjustment / return to work form. During this arrangement, the individual receives their full contractual pay whilst working differently. During a phased return individuals earning less than the £18,160 threshold should receive an average of their unsocial hours for four weeks.

Adjustments agreed in the run up to impending surgery or other treatment should be aimed at supporting the individual to stay in work in some capacity as opposed to taking sick leave or exacerbating their condition.

Any arrangements agreed should be reviewed after the time period indicated to using the Health and safety Risk Assessment form. If the individual is unable to return to full duties after the initial period of adjustments then a referral back to Occupational Health would be

recommended and the adjustments reviewed on receipt of the report. An extended phased return to work plan may be facilitated using of some of the individual's annual leave entitlement.

Should it become apparent during a graduated return to work that the individual will be unable to fulfil their full role, the manager must consider all other possible solutions (e.g. permanent adjustments to hours or duties, redeployment into a suitable existing vacancy) to retain the individual in employment with the Trust. If it becomes apparent that the individual will not be able to return to their full role within a reasonable period of time it may be necessary for the manager to consider progressing to a Final Formal Review of the Trust's process for a panel to consider the individuals case including possible termination of employment.

11. Absence Management Procedure

11.1 Trigger Points for discussions

The procedure consists of 3 stages, which are progressive and intended to support staff to understand and achieve an acceptable level of attendance in conjunction with the framework for supportive conversations, the wellbeing wheel and wellbeing action plans.

The procedure requires a review of absence and wellbeing to be undertaken when the following levels of absence are reached that indicate possible unacceptable levels of sickness absence. Managers have the authority to apply a level of discretion in supporting an individual to improve their wellbeing and levels of attendance, please refer to section 4 on Managers discretion.

At all stages managers and employees are encouraged to refer to the Framework for supportive conversations, the wellbeing wheel and wellbeing action plan.

Level of Absence	Action required
2 episodes in a rolling 6 month period	Informal review - see details in 11.4 set
or	further monitoring for next 12 months
4 episodes in a 12 month rolling period	
or	
any absence greater than 4 weeks	
or	
Recognisable patterns/trends of absence	
If any as mare enjaged a course within 7 days	
If one or more episodes occur within 7 days they may be treated as 1 episode	
lifey may be treated as 1 episode	
If following an informal review an individual	Formal review – see details in 11.5 set
has:	further monitoring for next 12 months
2 episodes in following 6 month period	3
or	
4 episodes in the following 12 month period	
or	
any on-going absence which exceeds or	
expected to exceed 8 weeks	
or	
Recognisable patterns/trends of absence	
continues	
If one or more enjected accur within 7 days	
,	
If one or more episodes occur within 7 days they may be treated as 1 episode	

If following a Formal review an individual	Final formal sickness review – see details in
has:	11.6
2 episodes in following 6 month period	
or	
4 episodes in following 12 month period	
or	
any on-going absence which exceeds or expected to exceed 20 weeks	
or	
Recognisable patterns/trends of absence continues	
If one or more episodes occur within 7 days they may be treated as 1 episode	

11.2 Managing Patterns of Absence

If a manager believes a potential pattern or trend of absence has been identified, they will raise their concerns with the individual at the time they become aware. They will seek to understand the reasons for the potential pattern of absence and utilise any of the support mechanisms at their disposal in order to assist the individual to achieve consistent attendance at work.

If appropriate, the manager may refer the individual to Occupational Health with the individual's consent. If, after this discussion, the manager genuinely believes a pattern has been identified, they will manage the individual in line with the stages set out in this policy. Notes of discussions should be documented in the meeting pro forma or in a file note which is signed by both employee and manager and kept on the individual's personal file.

Examples of patterns could include:

- Absence during planned annual leave (resulting in leave being reinstated)
- Absence prior to or following a period of annual leave, public holidays, rostered days off, study days or weekends
- Absence prior to or following additional hours, bank work or overtime
- Part day absences where the individual attends work and leaves before the end of their normal working day
- Absence at the same time each year for example during school holidays, over festive periods, Eid, Christmas, New Year, or birthdays
- Absence during large sporting events such as the World Cup, Olympics or other event
- Absence following the end of a monitoring period as set under this policy

11.3 Absence and Wellbeing Meetings

Using the Framework for supportive conversations, Absence and Wellbeing Meetings should be supportive to employees and identify ways to help employees return to work, improve and maintain their wellbeing and attendance. It is also noted that absence can have a negative impact on colleagues, teams and the delivery of patient care/services. There will be a time when the level of absence will need to progress and a Final formal review will be required after the process in this policy has been followed.

Meetings should be held when an employee has reached a sickness absence trigger (see paragraph 11.1) and/or their line manager has a cause for concern. This maybe where there

has been no absence from work but the manager feels it would be beneficial to discuss the employee's wellbeing.

Unless it is impractical to do so, the employee will be given a minimum of 7 calendar days' notice of the date, time and venue of a formal sickness absence meeting, or with their consent can be done sooner. The meeting will be conducted by the employee's line manager and at formal stages of the process may be attended by a member of the HR Team. The employee has the right to be accompanied at all formal stages of the process, in accordance with paragraph 11.8. No notice is required to be given for informal meetings or discussions although it may be helpful to check with the individual it is a convenient time for the discussion, e.g. at the end of a night shift may not be the best time.

Employees must be available to attend meetings unless agreed otherwise beforehand with the line manager. Not attending without good reason may be treated as misconduct and the meeting may go ahead in the absence of the employee. If the employee or their support is unable to attend at the time specified, they should immediately inform their line manager who will seek to agree an alternative time as soon as reasonable practicable. In the event that either the employee or their representative fails to attend a re-scheduled meeting, a decision will normally be made in their absence based upon the evidence available. The individual will be notified of the outcome in writing.

The individual's triggers will start from:

- Short term absence the date of their return to work following the episode triggering a review. Or the date they report in as fit if applicable (e.g. staff who work compressed or shifts hours)
- Long term absence the actual trigger point. For example at 4 weeks for an informal review or when a fit note for 4 weeks has been provided.

Regular reviews are encouraged and will be used to assess and determine what support or appropriate further action is needed at each stage.

It is important to take account of the length of the individual's sick pay entitlement when setting review dates, and a review should be scheduled before the individual's sick pay reduces or ends. Employees should be made aware of their sick pay dates.

11.4 Informal Review Process

Informal reviews may be carried out face to face or by telephone. Prior to the discussion, the manager will give the employee a copy of the wellbeing wheel for the employee to complete to support the discussion. The employee and manager should discuss the scores of the individual and formulate a wellbeing action plan, included in the framework. The employee should be aware that the conversation is an informal review and informed of the next steps and any reviews of the action plan.

A record of the conversation, including any plans made and targets set to support the individual in improving their attendance at work, must be made on the wellbeing action plan document. Where the information recorded on the action plan and Return to Work Form is not sufficient for this purpose, a specific form or letter may be used – an example format is included in the Managers Resource Folder. A copy of the action plan and targets must be provided for the individual, and a copy retained on their personal file. Where a Return to Work Form is completed after the informal review has taken place, the plans and targets must be reiterated on that form.

11.5 Formal Review Meeting Process

For Formal review meetings these should normally be carried out face to face, with the outcome confirmed in writing. An example format is included in the Managers Resources Folder; managers may also find it helpful to refer to the Framework for supportive conversations in preparing for a Formal Review. A copy of the outcome confirmation must be provided for the individual, who should sign the form to confirm their agreement with the content, and a copy retained on their personal file. It should include any plans and triggers set to support the individual in improving their attendance at work, as well as the consequences of further sickness absence from work.

Should an individual be unfit to attend review meetings at the workplace, it may be appropriate for a manager to discuss and agree an alternative location with the individual, such as their home or other suitable meeting place.

Staff who return to work from a long-term absence and are subsequently absent again within three months will be managed at the same stage of the procedure as they were being managed at previously.

There can be one or more Formal Review meetings as part of the process. For details of what should be discussed at these meetings please refer to the pro forma on the manager's resources folder and the framework for supportive conversations.

11.6 Final Formal Review Meeting Process

11.6.1 Where the line manager feels that Informal and Formal reviews have been exhausted, and all reasonable options to retain an employee at work with acceptable attendance have been explored, the employee will be invited to a Final Formal Review Meeting. Advice from the HR Team should be sought before taking this decision.

It is appropriate to move to a Final Formal Review where there is either/or:

- No prospect of a return to work in the near future
- Continued unacceptable levels of attendance
- No sustained improvement in attendance
- Patterns of absence continue
- The individual is unable to fulfil their duties and no other adjustments can be accommodated
- 11.6.2 In exceptional circumstances in order to facilitate the wishes of the individual, and only with the express agreement of the individual, the manager may progress directly to Final Formal Review.
- 11.6.3 The process for a Final Formal Review is outlined in section 11.6.5, the chair of a Final Formal Review will have the Authority to take action as outlined in the table in the Trust Disciplinary Policy, (Table in Appendix 4 of Disciplinary Policy).
- 11.6.4 It is important that the following actions have been taken before progressing to a Final Formal Review:
 - all reasonable efforts have been made to obtain appropriate medical evidence via the Trust's Occupational Health Service, including recent occupational health advice, on the likely outcome of a successful ill health retirement application; (if applicable) and
 - all other options should have been considered, including phased return, a return to work with or without adjustments and redeployment into a suitable existing vacancy with or without adjustments in order to return the individual to work or improve their levels of attendance; and

• the employee has been fully consulted and advised of the consequences of their continued inability to attend work regularly.

11.6.5 Process for Final Formal Sickness Review

1. The purpose of the meeting will be:

- To review the meetings that have taken place and matters discussed with the employee along with all paperwork related to the process, an example of a format for this and the minimum information required is included in the Managers Resource folder.
- To consider any further matters that the employee may wish to raise
- To consider whether there is a reasonable likelihood of the employee achieving the
 desired level of attendance in a reasonable time, taking into account advice from
 Occupational Health, the employee's absence history, length of service and targets
 already set
- To make a decision on the employee's contract of employment, which could include termination
- The effect the on-going absence has had / is having on service delivery within the department / ward

2. The Hearing Panel

- 2.1 The formal meeting will be chaired by a manager with authority to dismiss, (see appendix A), or has delegated authority. Where authority is delegated this should be done so in writing prior to the process. They will be supported by a member of the HR team.
- 2.2 The role of the HR representative is to provide support and advice to the Chair (and other members of the panel) and to participate in the hearing and decision-making process, with the chair making the final decision. All members of the panel may ask questions at the hearing and this process will be led by the chair.

3. Exchange of Evidence and Witnesses

- 3.1 The employee will be given reasonable notice of the hearing date and provided with a copy of the management summary and all relevant documentary evidence. This will be as soon as possible but no later than 10 working days prior to the hearing (unless there is an exceptional circumstance).
- 3.2 If the individual intends to rely on any written evidence at the hearing which is not already included in the management evidence, this should normally be presented to the Chair, together with the names of any witnesses to be called and a brief reason for calling them. This will normally be at least 3 working days prior to the hearing.
- 3.3 The Chair of the panel may agree to alternative timescales following discussions with the manager presenting the case at the hearing and the employee or their representative.
- 3.4 It is the responsibility of the chair of the panel to arrange for exchange of documents prior to the hearing.
- 3.5 It will not normally be acceptable for either party to present their written evidence on the day of the hearing. If written evidence is presented, the hearing may be adjourned to allow time for all parties and the panel to consider this evidence. The party presenting the evidence will be expected to explain to the panel the reasons for it not being available in advance of the hearing.

4. The Process

- 4.1 The Chair will open the hearing with introductions and will outline the process to be followed.
- 4.2 The Manager will present their case and summarise the management of the absence and support offered to the employee in relation to their absence. The Manager may be supported in the hearing by a representative from Human Resources.
- 4.3 The employee or their representative may question the Manager.
- 4.4 The Chair and other members of the hearing panel may question the Manager.
- 4.5 The employee or their representative will present their case.
- 4.6 Management may question the individual.
- 4.7 The Chair and HR support may question the individual.
- 4.8 Management will sum-up the case.
- 4.9 The employee or their representative will sum-up their case.
- 4.10 The Chair of the hearing will ask any further questions of either party to resolve any outstanding queries or matters that have arisen during the hearing.
- 4.11 The Chair of the hearing may adjourn the hearing at any time to seek advice or clarification on any matters that remain outstanding, for example if further evidence is required on any issue raised.
- 4.12 Once all evidence has been presented, the panel will adjourn to consider the information and reach a decision.
- 4.13 The Chair will reconvene the meeting, calling back the employee and their representative and the Management representative(s) to inform them of the decision. In many cases, the hearing will reconvene on the same day. In other circumstances, the Chair will inform both parties that more time will be required before a decision can be reached.
- 4.14 On reconvening the panel, the Chair will inform the employee of the decision. Where appropriate, he/she will also inform the employee of the right of appeal.
- 4.15 In all cases the Chair will confirm the outcome of the hearing and, where relevant, of the right of appeal in writing to the employee, with copies to the employee's representative and to the management representative.

5. Attendance

- 5.1 In certain circumstances (e.g. where the employee is not well enough to attend, or has failed to attend previous meetings) and normally with the consent of the individual, it may be appropriate to conduct this meeting in their absence. An individual can nominate a representative or colleague (see section 11.8) to act on their behalf. They must notify the Chair in writing to advise they do not plan to attend and provide written consent of their permission for the representative or colleague to act on their behalf.
- 5.2 If it is necessary to postpone any hearing then another will be arranged by the Trust. Where an employee fails to attend a hearing without reasonable cause notified before the date of the hearing, the hearing will go ahead in their absence and a decision made on the evidence presented.

6. Records

6.1 All hearings will be recorded. With the consent of all parties and written consent of the employee, this will normally be an audio recording using digital recording equipment. The audio recording will only be transcribed if there is an appeal.

7. Possible Outcomes

- 7.1 Possible outcomes could include return to substantive employment, redeployment into a suitable existing vacancy, extension of a monitoring period or the termination of employment.
- 7.2 If notice of termination because of capability due to ill health or some other substantial reason is issued, notice will be paid in lieu and the balance of any annual leave entitlement will be paid in the final payment.

11.7 Appeals against Termination of Employment

- 11.7.1 Employees have a right of appeal against termination of employment. The right shall be stated in the written notice of termination. If an employee wishes to exercise this right, they should write to the designated manager, typically the next level of management, setting out the grounds for appeal no later than 14 calendar days after the receipt of the letter.
- 11.7.2 The lodging of an appeal will not suspend the notice of dismissal.
- 11.7.3 The manager hearing the appeal will arrange a meeting at which the employee will have the right to be accompanied, refer to section 11.8.
- 11.7.4 Where an individual or their representative cannot attend the appeal meeting, it will be rescheduled to a mutually agreed date as quickly as possible and normally within 14 calendar days of the original date.
- 11.7.5 In the event that either the employee or their representative fails to attend the re-scheduled meeting, the appeal hearing will proceed in their absence. A decision will be made based upon the evidence available.
- 11.7.6 The purpose of the appeal panel is not to re-hear the case but to review the decision to dismiss, and to assess whether this was appropriate based on the evidence presented at the formal meeting. The appeal hearing will consider:
 - Why the employee considers the decision unfair or unreasonable; and
 - The rationale and justification of the decision to dismiss.
- 11.7.7 Outcome of the appeal could include reinstatement or that the original decision is upheld. The decision of the manager hearing the appeal is the final stage of this policy.
- 11.7.8 The manager hearing the appeal will confirm the outcome in writing to the employee, with a copy to the employee's representative, normally within 7 calendar days of the hearing.

11.8 Right to be accompanied

The employee has the right to be accompanied by a companion at all formal stages under this policy. The companion may be an accredited representative of a Trade Union / Professional Organisation or colleague employed by the Trust. Family members or partners who are also employed by the Trust are not able to accompany an individual unless they are required to assist with disabilities or language difficulties or any other extenuating circumstances. In exceptional circumstances and with the agreement of the line manager, the employee may attend an informal meeting with their representative or colleague, where

this will be beneficial in supporting the employee's wellbeing.

12. Occupational Health

Occupational Health (OH) services provides support by offering professional advice in assisting employees and line managers to prevent potential sickness absence and in returning the employee to work as soon as practicable following sickness absence. They have a dual responsibility to both the employee and the employer and are required to be impartial whilst balancing the needs of the individual against the needs of the organisation-

The Trust are conscious that work is an integral part of life and there is strong evidence to show that work is generally good for physical and mental health and wellbeing and that long periods out of work can have a detrimental impact on an individual's mental and physical health.

The Trust will refer employees to OH for an independent clinical opinion and assessment regarding an individual's health and, as far as possible, seek advice on supporting the individual to undertake their contractual duties and/or suitable alternative duties. The purpose of a referral is to gain an understanding of the health issues affecting the employee's ability to undertake their contractual duties and to ensure that the Trust is offering the employee all appropriate support in this respect. Employees do not need to be absent due to sickness/ill health in order to be referred to OH.

The manager must discuss and agree the referral content with the member of staff prior to making the referral and direct them to the Occupational Health Service Privacy Statement available on the intranet. A copy of the referral form can be made available to the employee, should they wish to receive a copy. As a condition of employment Employees are expected to co-operate with the OH assessment and attend the OH service when asked to do so by their manager. It is essential that the employee attends the occupational health appointment so that management can take informed decisions about them based on accurate and current information on their health.

Failure to attend their appointment may result in the manager making decisions on the employee's employment based on the information available. If an employee is unable to attend an appointment arranged, they must contact their manager in advance to discuss the reasons for being unable to attend. They must then contact Occupational Health directly to ask for this to be rescheduled at the earliest possible opportunity. Referrals should be made via the online Portal however in exceptional circumstances can may be made directly over the phone. Referrals must include as much detail as possible to enable the OH professional to make a clear assessment and offer relevant support and advice, a copy of the job description may assist this process.

Staff may refer themselves to the Trust's OH service at any time on their own health concerns, although they are encouraged to discuss their circumstances with their line manager to ensure that appropriate workplace support can be provided. Self-referral means a report will not be sent to the manager.

The Trust supports managers in making an early referral to OH to support early intervention in the management of health problems adversely affecting work attendance or performance and can facilitate a quicker return to work or assist in offering advice to allow the individual to remain in work and will allow the OH service to signpost early to appropriate support services.

An early referral can prevent acute health issues developing in longer term chronic problems. This would be considered on a case by case basis, particularly for the following reasons for absence:

- Stress or other psychological illnesses
- Musculoskeletal disorders
- Pre-planned surgery

When Managers are making the referral it is really important that they provide as much information as possible about the reasons for referral. The clearer and more relevant the reason behind the referral the better the report and advice from the referral. This may include:

- absence history
- any adjustments that have previously been put into place
- any performance or disciplinary issues.
- core physical and psychological requirements of the job
- Any specific questions, including them in the referral. The more specific the
 questions, the more likely the answers will help, for example 'Can X carry out cardiac
 compressions due to their bad back?'
- If the referral is related to work related stress it is helpful to include a copy of the stress risk assessment to help OH understand the root causes.

This informed referral will all help to ensure both the Manager and Employee receive an informative report. A video is available to support managers on the Occupational Health pages of the intranet on 'Making an effective referral.'

Management referrals should not be made for needlestick injuries, in these circumstances please follow the process outlined in the Health and Safety Policy: Prevention and management of needlestick injuries.

Occupational Health may provide clearance, where appropriate, for Food Handlers to return to work, please refer to the Food Safety Policy for further information.

13. Early interventions

We encourage managers to have early discussions with staff to help prevent absence or support when an individual has to go off. Please refer to the Framework for supportive conversations document.

In addition to Occupational Health, the Trust uses a number of supportive measures to try and support staff during periods of ill health, whilst either remaining at work or during absence from work. These include:

HELP Employee Assistance Programme - The Trust provides an Employee Assistance Programme (EAP) named HELP. This is a 24-hour, 7 days per week service available to all staff and their immediate family. The EAP provides a completely independent, confidential and off-site professional counselling and advice service which provides information regarding legal, financial and work issues. Leaflets are readily available at employee's place of work, or further information can be obtained on the Trusts intranet. Please call **0800 047 8843** to access the service. http://www.sath.workplacewellbeing.com

Fast Track Physiotherapy - The service is available to all staff who are suffering from muscle or joint pain allowing staff to self-refer for Physiotherapy. You will be contacted within 2 days of your referral and offered an appointment within 2 weeks. For more information please visit http://intranet/therapy/physiotherapy/Fasttrackphysio.asp

Shift Your Stress - Five weeks intervention based on CBT. This is a self-managed therapeutic intervention that is focussed on the development of psychological resilience. For more information please visit

http://intranet/library_intranet/documents/hr/h&w/stressposter.pdf

Resilience Videos - Resilience is our ability to deal with, and recover from, difficult times. It's about how we cope with challenging situations and manage stress so that we can emerge stronger and wiser. These short e-learning videos looks at four different ways to build your resilience and bounce back when things go wrong:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Support

Local and National Support Groups - The Trust has put together a list of national and local support groups including, domestic abuse, debt advice and mental health/behaviour support. The list can be found on this page X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Support\National and Local Support Groups.pdf

Mental Health Champions - Mental Health Champions are a point of contact if you, or someone you are concerned about, are experiencing a mental health issue or emotional distress. They are not therapists or psychiatrists but they can give you initial support and signpost you to appropriate help if required. For a list of Mental Health Champions visit http://intranet/Library_Intranet/documents/HR/H&W/H&W_new/Mental%20Health%20Champions.pdf

Mindfulness - The Trust runs a one day and eight-week structured stress reduction mindfulness programme to alleviate the suffering associated with stress and anxiety. You can book onto these directly via the Training Diary. https://sathtrainingdiary/SelectCourse.aspx

Peer 2 Peer - We have trained a group of staff from across our two hospitals as volunteer listeners to support other colleagues. Volunteers are trained to provide confidential, non-judgemental, peer support; signposting to other agencies. http://intranet/hr/p2p.asp

Coaching - The Trust has a number of coaches throughout the organisation. If you are looking for a coach to help you work through some current issues and challenges please visit: http://intranet.sath.nhs.uk/learning/CoachingandMentoring.asp

Workstation Assessment - You can request a work station assessment, more information can be found here http://intranet/health/display_screen_equipment.asp

Moving and Handling Risk Assessment / Training - It's important that all of us have the right skills in order for us to do our jobs as effectively and safely as possible, as such the Moving and Handling Training is delivered as part of statutory training for all staff. Training courses are listed on the Training Diary here https://sathtrainingdiary/SelectCourse.aspx There is also some Advice for supporting and

managing individuals who are struggling with manual handling tasks available on the Managers Resources Folder: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Supporting and managing individuals struggling with manual handling tasks.docx

Stress Risk Assessment - It's important that we take all reasonably practicable measures to protect the health, safety and welfare of our staff at work. The Stress Risk Assessment process allows for the assessment of the causes of work-related stress and the introduction of prevention and control measures. For more information click here http://intranet/health/stress_at_work.asp

13.1 Other supportive measures to consider

 Permanent Redeployment - enabling the retention of staff unable to do their own job through ill health or injury as an alternative to ill health retirement or termination. Staff should be made aware of the provisions within the NHS Pension scheme to assist this process through "step down and wind down" arrangements. Temporary or permanent redeployment to another role internally. This would be following the advice from Occupational Health.

The redeployment process is detailed in the Trust Guide to Managing Alternative Employment (available on request/intranet)

- **Phased return** enabling staff to work towards fulfilling all their duties and responsibilities within a defined and appropriate time period, whilst receiving their normal pay, (see section 10.3).
- Adjustments Temporary reasonable adjustments to enable the individual to return to/stay in work and/or prevent absence continuing, (for example, a reduction in hours, restricting certain duties/responsibilities/temporary redeployment/change in location/site of work).
 These would vary by role, person and department as the service can accommodate.
 Applications not part of a graduated return or permanent changes will need to be requested using the Trust's Flexible Working Policy.
- Permanent adjustments these should only be implemented after seeking advice from
 Occupational Health and discussing with the Senior Manager to ensure a permanent
 adjustment is reasonable for the needs of the service. Agreed permanent adjustments
 should be documented using the Health Passport document available on the Managers
 Resources Folder with a copy signed by and given to the individual and a copy placed on
 the personal file.

13.2 Local and National Support available on the intranet

There is a wealth of local and National Support groups available to staff, for a full up to date list, please refer to the manager's resources folder or Health and Wellbeing Intranet Pages.

14. Disabilities and Equality Act 2010

Where an individual has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day to day activities, the management of their absence may fall within the scope of equality legislation. This legislation protects individuals against discrimination on the grounds of their disability and the Trust has a legal obligation to accommodate their disability as far as is reasonable, considering adjustments and removing barriers as far as possible to enable them to do their role, see section 13.1 on adjustments and the Health Passport Document on the Managers Resources Folder.

Generally, conditions falling within the scope of the legislation must:

- affect an individual's everyday living activities, whether affecting their ability to perform their normal work duties or not.
- have lasted for at least 12 months or be likely to last for the rest of the affected person's life.

An individual may still be considered to have an impairment if the condition goes into remission but is likely to recur. Additionally, a condition which is controlled or treated by medication or physical aids is still considered to be on-going if the absence of measures is likely to lead to a recurrence of symptoms.

14.1 Support for staff with disabilities and long term health conditions

One of the key provisions of the Equality Act 2010 for staff with a disability is to make reasonable adjustments to assist them in mitigating against the adverse effects of their disability in performing their role.

Any staff member with an underlying health condition or disability should be referred to OH for their advice regarding any potential adjustments that may need to be made to enable the staff member to carry out their role effectively, improve attendance and/or return to work. This may occur at commencement of employment or at any other time the Trust becomes aware of a staff member's health condition or disability.

The manager should discuss OH recommendations with the staff member, completing the Health Passport together and also consider adjustments suggested by the staff member themselves. Managers should consider adjustments in conjunction with the requirements of the service but must not unreasonably refuse to implement them and HR advice should be sought.

Reasonable adjustments that may be appropriate include:

- Allowing reasonable paid time off for hospital appointments, counselling or other treatment, or to have disability aids such as wheelchairs or hearing aids repaired/maintained (see Disability Leave available through the Trust's Special Leave Policy),
- Delaying formal management under this policy to allow for reasonable adjustments to be put in place
- Flexing the targets to be met during monitoring periods. This should be set as a reasonable achievable target with reference to the staff member's absence record
- Agreeing temporary or permanent adjustments to hours or duties.

In order to access the support available to staff they should bring any underlying health condition or disability to the Trust's attention which they believe may affect their attendance or ability to perform their duties, either through their line manager, HR or OH.

Where it is identified that a staff member is unable to carry out the full duties of their role or attend work regularly due to a disability, reasonable adjustments to the role should be considered as above. Further support can also be accessed through the Government-funded programmes, including Access to Work, which aims to help disabled people stay in work.

If it has not been possible to make any recommended adjustments to the existing role or following adjustments the staff member is still unable to effectively carry out the amended duties or attend work regularly, redeployment opportunities should be considered. Redeployment should be explored in conjunction with HR, the staff member, the manager and OH and in line with the process outlined in the Trust Guide to Managing Alternative Employment.

15. Gastroenteritis

Where staff develop gastroenteritis, even though they might feel better after the initial period of illness has passed NHS Choices health advice states that individuals may remain infectious for up to 48 hours after symptoms stop. This being the case, the entire period of absence from work will be defined as sickness absence.

Food Safety have produced a flowchart which should be referred to by Managers and Employees to assess if Food Handlers have appropriate symptoms or clearance to return to work, available in the manager resources folder. Where a Food Handler has absence related to Diarrhoea and/or vomiting they are advised to refer to the Food Safety Policy.

16. Work related injury and Injury Allowance

Section 22 of the NHS Terms and Conditions of service Handbook outlines the entitlement and payment of injury allowance. Where an employee is absent due to an accident or

physical/psychological injury or having contracted a disease attributable to NHS employment, a DATIX form must be completed as soon as possible following the event and the Health and Safety Team notified. The individual should have notified the Manager at the commencement of the episode that the reason was due to a work related injury or illness. If absence is wholly or mainly attributed to their duties they may be entitled to apply for Injury Allowance. Please refer to the Injury Allowance Process.

Where a physical injury at work results in absence lasting seven days or more (whether immediately or sometime after the event), or where it is linked to an occupational disease, the incident must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive under RIDDOR regulations (please see Trust policy Health and Safety Incident Reporting and Investigation Policy). Further advice is available from the Health & Safety team.

Absence following a work related injury will be managed under this policy; however, the line manager may apply discretion with regards to progressing to the next stage of the policy as appropriate.

17. III Health Retirement

During the management of an individual's sickness absence, a decision may be taken to terminate their employment on the grounds of incapability independently of any application they may have made to the NHS Pension Scheme for ill health retirement.

Where ill health retirement is approved by the NHS Pensions Agency, the Trust is required to formally terminate the employment of the individual. Depending on the circumstances of the individual's case, this formal termination of employment may take the form of a meeting or simply the issue of written contractual notice as appropriate. In exceptional circumstances this may take place in the absence of the individual.

Please refer to the separate process for III Health Retirement. If an employee wishes to seek advice regarding continuing to work on receipt of a successful tier 1 application please speak to the Trust's Pension Team.

18. Training

There is no mandatory training associated with this policy. If staff have queries about its operation, they should contact their line manager in the first instance. Managers should ensure they are familiar with the policy and competent to support and manage a member of staff under this policy. Podcasts are available to view in the manager's resources folder. Managers and Employees can contact Human Resources for advice and guidance on the implementation of this policy. Support will also be provided by the HR Team on a case by case basis. Training will be run periodically and is bookable via the Training Diary.

19. Review

The Trust will review this policy when there are changes to the Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions Handbook, relevant legislation or good practice, or within the normal policy review cycle, i.e. 5 years. This version of the policy will be reviewed 12 months after ratification.

In order that this document remains current, any of the appendices to the policy can be amended and approved during the lifetime of the document without the policy having to return to the ratifying committee.

20. Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA)

This policy applies to all employees equally and does not discriminate positively or

negatively between protected characteristics.

21. Standards of Business Conduct

The Trust follows good NHS Business practice as outlined in the Anti-Bribery and Fraud Policy and has robust controls in place to prevent bribery. Due consideration has been given to the Bribery Act 2010 in the review of this policy document and no specific risks were identified.

22. Process for monitoring compliance of policy

Aspect of compliance or effectiveness being monitored	Monitoring method	Responsibility for monitoring	Frequency of monitoring	Group or Committee that will review the findings and monitor completion of any resulting action plan
That the policy document complies with statutory requirements and good practice in the management of sickness absence.	Review of policy when updated	Workforce Director	On policy review	JNCC Policies
Reporting Arrangements	Monthly sickness absence reports	ESR Team	Monthly Annual report	JNCC, Workforce Committee, Senior Leadership Team, Trust Board

23. References

23.1 Legislation

Equality Act 2010 (as amended) Employment Act 1996

23.2 Other References

Agenda for Change Terms and Conditions handbook. Available from: http://intranet/hr/Non_Medical_Staff_Terms_and_Conditions.asp
Health and Safety Executive requirements on Reportable Incidents. Available from: http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/reportable-incidents.htm

24. Associated Documentation

Please refer to the front cover of this policy to the main associated policies/documents and also the following:

Equality and Diversity Policy Handling Concerns About Doctors and Dentists Conduct and Capability Alcohol and Substance Misuse Policy Disciplinary Policy

Employee Performance Management Policy and Procedure

Leave Cluster (includes Annual leave, Maternity Leave and Special Leave)

Employee Investigations Policy

Flexible Working Policy

III Health Retirement Process and Guidance

Injury Benefits Process

Maintaining Personal Files and Electronic Staff Records

Guidance for Managing Alternative Employment

Health and Safety policy

Accident & Incident Reporting Policy

Safe Moving and Handling Policy

Stress Management Policy and Risk Assessment Procedure

Infection Prevention & Control Policy: Norovirus

Infection Prevention & Control Policy: Diarrhoea &/or Vomiting: Management of Infected

Patients and Staff

Infection Prevention & Control Policy: Management of Infections in Staff

Prevention and Management of Needlestick Injuries

Food Safety Policy: http://intranet/Facilities_Department/Part_A.asp

Code of Practice and Procedure No. 1: Reporting and Notification of Conditions of Illness -

Employment Practices: http://intranet/Facilities Department/Part B.asp

Injury Allowance – A Guide for Employers. Available from

http://www.nhsemployers.org/-/media/Employers/Publications/injury-allowance-employers-

guide.pdf?la=en&hash=AFCDBBED18A4F1E5F98BFCBAA7F6DC3D2CCB5243

Health Passport: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Employee Health and

Wellbeing Policy

Wellbeing Wheel: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Employee Health and

Wellbeing Policy

Mind Wellness Action Plan and Guidance for Employees and Managers:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Employee Health and Wellbeing Policy

Framework for Supportive Conversations: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing

Employee Health and Wellbeing Policy

Creating a Healthy Workplace: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Employee

Health and Wellbeing Policy

Domestic Abuse Guidance: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\OTHER USEFUL

INFORMATION\181019 Domestic Abuse Guidelines.docx

National and Local Support Groups: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\HR31 - Managing

Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\National and Local Support Groups.pdf

Line Managers guide on Mental Health: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\HR31 -

Managing Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Line Managers Guide to Mental Health in the

Workplace.pdf

Access to work: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee

Wellbeing\Other Absence Related Information\Remploy-Access to Work Contact

Details.doc

Annual Leave and public holiday ready reckoner and examples:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee

Wellbeing\2019.03.21 Sickness and Public Holidays info FV.pdf

Risk Assessment for Food Handlers: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing

Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Food Handler Risk Assessment and Process when D&V Symptoms

Access to work Mental Health Support Service:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee

Wellbeing\Support\Access To Work - Employee Leaflet.pdf

Podcasts:

How to...complete a Return to Work Interview:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\PODCASTS\Sickness Podcasts\How to... Complete a Return to Work Interview.wmv

How to....Manage long term sickness:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\PODCASTS\Sickness Podcasts\How to... Manage Long Term Sickness.mp4

How to...Manage short term sickness:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\PODCASTS\Sickness Podcasts\How to... Manage Short Term Sickness.mp4

How to....Take a sickness phone call:

X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\PODCASTS\Sickness Podcasts\How to... Take a Sickness Phone Call.wmv

Appendix A - Return to Work form Welcome back meeting



To be completed for EVERY episode of sickness absence, including part days. For The Shrewsk Telford absences of up to 7 calendar days, this form will also act as the self-certification form. For absences of 8 calendar days or more, the member of staff must also provide Statement of Fitness for Work (Fit Note).

<u>COVID absences may be different – please check latest guidance.</u>

Part 1 – To be completed when the employee first reports their sickness absence

Name:						
Job Title:				Ward/ Department:		
Absence reported to:			Time:	Department.	Date:	
Reason for absence: (list symp	stoms and sausos	\	Time.		Date.	
Reason for absence. (list symp	itoms <u>and</u> causes)				
First day of illness:				First day of a	bsence:	
If the employee attended wor	k, what time			What shift w	ere they	
did they leave				working:		
Adjustments considered to all	ow the employe	e to attend	work if			
appropriate (e.g. reduced shift I	ength, alternative o	duties, altern	ative work			
location)						
Date of expected return to wo	ork:					
Agreed method and frequence	y of contact:					
Early interventions to discuss	during initial pho	one call (ref	er immediately	Occupational	Health	/es / No /
if required):				· ·	Decl	
Occupational Health (for st consider completion of a st	=		ress, also	Fast-Track Phy	Fast-Track Physio You	
Fast-Track Physio for MSK -		-		LIELD EAD (sel		
(<u>http://intranet.sath.nhs.u</u>			rackphysio.asp)	C 1)		es / No /
HELP Employee Assistance www.sath.workplacewellb		047 8843)		referrally		Declined
Does the employee hold addit	tional employme	nt either in	side or outside	YES / NO If ye	s, is it appr	opriate for
the Trust?				the employee to other post? Add		e work in
If diarrhoea/vomiting or Covid	d have IPC confir	med an outl	oreak on	Yes / No		
ward/department at the time	of absence?					
Additional Notes / Comments:						
·						

Part 2 – To be completed when the employee returns to work

Last day of illness:		Return to Work D	Return to Work Date:			
Total number of working days of absence for this episode: (if over 7 calendar days fit note required)						
Does the employee b	elieve the absence is the	result of an injury at	Ye	Yes / No		
work, or work-related	d accident or illness?		If r	no, mo	ve to summary below	
Datix No:		Reported to HSE		Yes /	No	
		under RIDDOR				
Is the absence the res	sult of an accident where	e damages may be claime	d	Yes / No		
from a third party (e.	g. road traffic accident, p	professional sport injury)?	?		please give further details and pay services)	
Food Handlers: if the employee is classed as a Food Handlers (directly touches surfaces that food is handled) – Please refer to IPC flowchart and complete risk assessment in completing their welcome back meeting: X:\Workforce\ManagersResources\Managing Attendance & Employee Wellbeing\Food Handler Risk Assessment and Process when D&V Symptoms						

Summary of Sickness Absence in Previous 12 Months

Dates of Absence	No. working days/shifts:	Reasons for absence:	Stage of Procedure / Pattern Identified (if applicable)

To be completed if the individual has triggered a stage of the sickness absence procedure, (please refer to the wellbeing wheel and Framework for Supportive Conversations on the Managers Resources Folder or Intranet)

Already in a	Yes/No	Stage:	Informal/Formal	If yes -	Meeting date:
monitoring				date	e.g 05.06.2022
period?				targets	2 episodes in 6 months
•				set?	e.g before 01.12.2022
					4 episodes in 12 months
					e.g before 01.06.2023
Does this	Yes / No	Stage:	Informal/Formal/Final	Targets	2 episodes in 6 months:
episode trigger			Formal	set	e.g before 01.12.2022
a review?					
					4 episodes in 12 months:
					e.g. before 01.06.2023

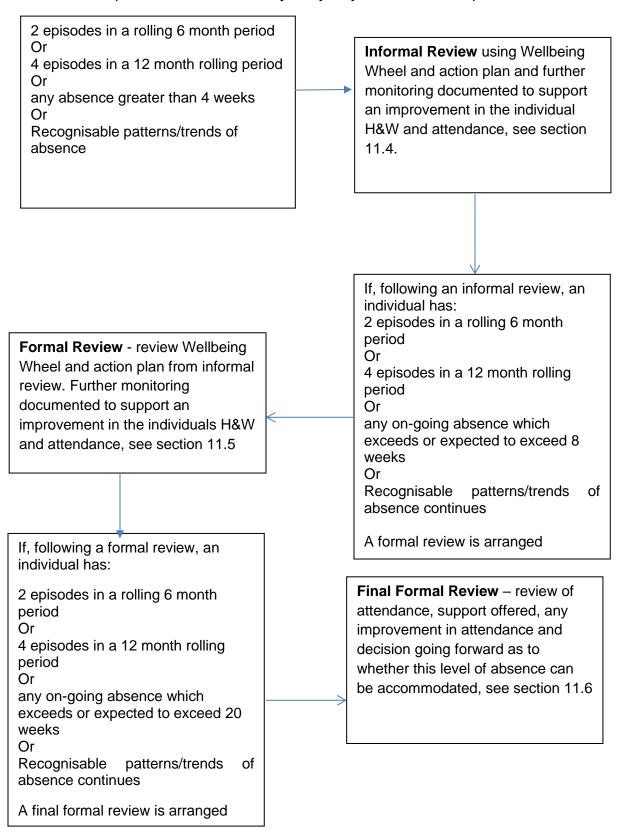
reach the trigger point for	pes not improve, the individual wor the next Stage once the	7111	Episodes AND/OR	
following number of epi				
	AND/OR			
The individual will reach	the trigger point for the next St	age if the	e.g <mark>Every Friday before a Bank holiday weeken</mark>	
following pattern of abs	ence continues:			
Next steps for supporting	individual wellbeing and improv	ing attendanc	ce	
Individual given copy of	wellbeing wheel for completion	prior to meeti	Yes - Date given:	
			Not applicable	
Discussion arranged to r	eview wellbeing wheel and action	n plan.	Yes - Date for meeting:	
·				
Referrals required to Oc	cupational Health or Fast Track F	hysiotherapy?	Not Applicable Yes / No If yes, provide details	
Is a stress risk assessmen	•	.,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Individual provided with	details of support agencies they	may approacl	ch Yes / No If yes, provide details	
•	/ Employment Advisory Service,			
· •	k, Moodzone, MIND etc.)		,	
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	atment or become part of an ongo	
		gements in th	he wellbeing action plan and agre	
date for reviewing this w	vith the individual.			
Employee Declaration				
• •	mahla ta mada desira tha ch	a mania di dice.	to ciclosope that I am a see Et Co	
•	_	•	to sickness that I am now fit for	
	this form is an accurate account		me back meeting.	
Signature:	Date	!		
Manager Confirmation				
I certify that this form re	presents an accurate account of	the welcome	back meeting.	
Manager Signature:	Date			
•	sed on ESR / E-Rostering			
(tick box and date when comp	piete)			

Please retain this form on the personal file. If new targets at Informal or Formal stage have been set, a copy MUST be given to the employee.

Appendix B - Process on a page Flowchart

N.B. Managers discretion can apply at all stages of the process and regular wellbeing discussions are encouraged to support employees to improve their own health, wellbeing and attendance at work.

If one or more episodes occur within 7 days they may be treated as 1 episode



Appendix C - Annual Leave Entitlement Ready Reckoner after 12 weeks Sickness

	First 12 weeks of sickness				
	Entitlement below shows contractual leave accrued per week (in hours) This figure can be used for calculating entitlement prior to sickness, on return and during first 12 weeks of absence			Over 12 weeks of absence	Leave accrued per public holiday (in hours)
Weekly Basic Contracted Hours	On Appointment	After 5 Years' Service	After 10 Years' Service	Statutory leave per week (in hours)	
37.5	3.88	4.17	4.75	2.88	7.50
37	3.84	4.12	4.69	2.84	7.44
36.5	3.79	4.07	4.62	2.80	7.31
36	3.73	4.01	4.56	2.76	7.25
35.5	3.68	3.95	4.50	2.72	7.13
35	3.62	3.89	4.43	2.69	7.00
34.5	3.58	3.85	4.37	2.65	6.94
34	3.53	3.79	4.31	2.61	6.81
33.5	3.47	3.73	4.25	2.57	6.75
33	3.42	3.67	4.18	2.53	6.63
32.5	3.37	3.62	4.11	2.49	6.50
32	3.32	3.57	4.06	2.45	6.44
31.5	3.27	3.51	3.99	2.42	6.31
31	3.21	3.45	3.93	2.38	6.25
30.5	3.16	3.39	3.86	2.34	6.13
30	3.11	3.34	3.80	2.30	6.00
29.5	3.06	3.29	3.74	2.26	5.94
29	3.01	3.23	3.67	2.22	5.81
28.5	2.95	3.17	3.62	2.19	5.75
28	2.91	3.12	3.55	2.15	5.63
27.5	2.85	3.06	3.48	2.11	5.50
27	2.80	3.01	3.42	2.07	5.44
26.5	2.75	2.95	3.36	2.03	5.31
26	2.69	2.90	3.30	1.99	5.25
25.5	2.65	2.84	3.23	1.96	5.13
25	2.59	2.78	3.16	1.92	5.00
24.5	2.54	2.73	3.11	1.88	4.94
24	2.49	2.68	3.04	1.84	4.81

	First 12 weeks of sickness			Over 12 weeks of absence	
	Entitlement below shows contractual leave accrued per week (in hours) This figure can be used for calculating entitlement prior to sickness, on return and during first 12 weeks of absence			absence	Leave accrued per public holiday (in hours)
Weekly Basic Contracted Hours	On Appointment	After 5 Years' Service	After 10 Years' Service	Statutory leave per week (in hours)	
23.5	2.44	2.62	2.98	1.80	4.75
23	2.39	2.56	2.92	1.76	4.63
22.5	2.33	2.50	2.85	1.73	4.50
22	2.28	2.45	2.79	1.69	4.44
21.5	2.23	2.40	2.72	1.65	4.31
21	2.18	2.34	2.67	1.61	4.25
20.5	2.13	2.28	2.60	1.57	4.00
20	2.07	2.22	2.53	1.53	4.00
19.5	2.02	2.18	2.47	1.50	3.94
19	1.98	2.12	2.41	1.46	3.81
18.5	1.92	2.06	2.35	1.42	3.75
18	1.87	2.00	2.28	1.38	3.63
17.5	1.81	1.95	2.22	1.34	3.50
17	1.76	1.90	2.16	1.30	3.44
16.5	1.72	1.84	2.09	1.27	3.31
16	1.66	1.78	2.03	1.23	3.25
15.5	1.61	1.73	1.97	1.19	3.13
15	1.55	1.67	1.90	1.15	3.00
14.5	1.51	1.62	1.84	1.11	2.94
14	1.46	1.56	1.77	1.07	2.81
13.5	1.40	1.51	1.72	1.04	2.75
13	1.35	1.45	1.65	1.00	2.63
12.5	1.29	1.39	1.58	0.96	2.50
12	1.25	1.34	1.52	0.92	2.44
11.5	1.20	1.29	1.46	0.88	2.31
11	1.14	1.23	1.40	0.84	2.25
10.5	1.09	1.17	1.33	0.81	2.13
10	1.04	1.11	1.27	0.77	2.00
9.5	0.99	1.06	1.21	0.73	1.94
9	0.94	1.01	1.14	0.69	1.81
8.5	0.88	0.95	1.08	0.65	1.75
8	0.83	0.89	1.02	0.61	1.63

		2 weeks of si		Over 12 weeks of absence	
	Entitlement below shows contractual leave accrued per week (in hours) This figure can be used for calculating entitlement prior to sickness, on return and during first 12 weeks of absence				Leave accrued per public holiday (in hours)
Weekly Basic Contracted Hours	On Appointment	After 5 Years' Service	After 10 Years' Service	Statutory leave per week (in hours)	
7.5	0.78	0.83	0.95	0.58	1.50
7	0.73	0.79	0.89	0.54	1.44
6.5	0.68	0.73	0.82	0.50	1.31
6	0.62	0.67	0.77	0.46	1.25
5.5	0.58	0.61	0.70	0.42	1.13
5	0.52	0.56	0.63	0.38	1.00
4.5	0.47	0.51	0.58	0.35	0.94
4	0.42	0.45	0.51	0.31	0.81
3.5	0.36	0.39	0.45	0.27	0.75
3	0.32	0.34	0.38	0.23	0.63
2.5	0.26	0.28	0.32	0.19	0.50
2	0.21	0.23	0.26	0.15	0.44
1.5	0.16	0.17	0.19	0.12	0.31
1	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.08	0.25
0.5	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.13